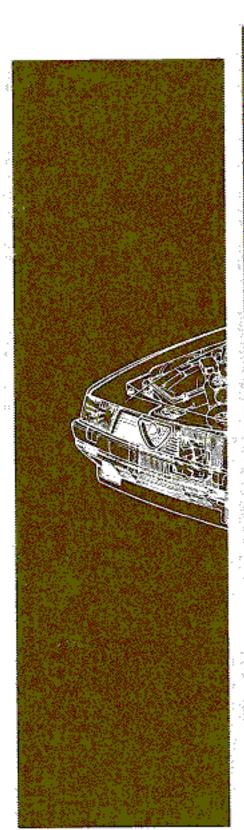
WORKSHOP MANUAL

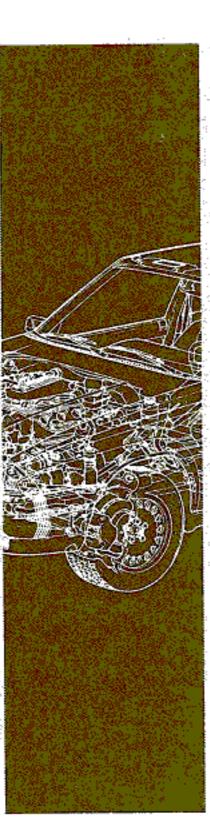




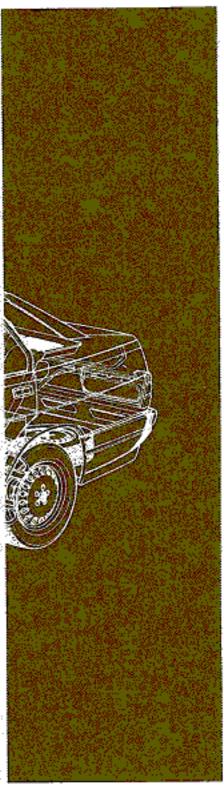












FOREWORD

This manual is intended for use by workshops belonging to the ALFA ROMEO Service Organization. It contains all necessary instructions for tune up, repair and overhaul of the units and systems with which the ALFA ROMEO cars are equipped. It includes procedures concerning removal and installation, disassembly and assembly, checks and inspections as well as instructions for effective trouble diagnosis.

All operations are extensively illustrated so that the part or unit involved, as well as the proper tool to be used, are easily identified.

All data, figures and technical specifications herein contained are up to date at time of publication. Any subsequent change in values or technical specifications occurring between reprints, will be included in the Technical Bulletins issued by the Service Department as changes take place.

The manufacturer reserves the right to make - at any time and without notice - all those changes that it deems necessary to improve the vehicle or arising out of manufacturing or commercial requirements. It further advises that not all models mentioned in this manual will be available in all countries.

HOW TO USE THE MANUAL

This manual is designed as a guide for personnel assigned to provide effective service to the mechanical units concerned. The instructions herein contained are in general common to all different models of the same group; when they are meant for one particular model, it is previously indicated with a specific detailed reference to be found in the CONTENTS and in the text.

All instructions given for the purpose of restoring faulty components to proper working conditions, do not necessarily reflect manufacturer's directives as regards service, but they must just the same be complied with. Furthermore, since most given instructions concern complete disassembly of components; they should be followed in their entirety only when it is strictly necessary.

For easier consultation of the manual, read the CONTENTS carefully.

The following chapters are of the utmost importance:

- SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS to be complied with when tuning up and repairing the vehicle. The specifications have been subdivided into four different items: Technical Data, General Specifications, Checks and Adjustments and Tightening Torques;
- TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS AND CORRECTIONS where likely causes of trouble, as well as the relevant recommended corrective action; are listed;:
- SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS designed to allow quick, accurate and safe repairs.

Measurements given in this manual are expressed in the International System of Units (SI) as well as in the yard/pound system and in the metric system.

Captions CAUTION and WARNING emphasize steps that must be followed with extreme care to avoid personal injury and/or damage to the vehicle or part of it.

Remember to keep the manual up to date with the data supplied by the "Technical Bulletin" periodically issued by the Service Department.

WORKSHOP INSTRUCTIONS

Disassembly and assembly operations should be always carried out using proper tools (general-purpose as well as special service tools) since makeshift tools will damage the parts involved.

To loosen tight fitting cast iron parts, just lightly strike them with a lead or aluminium hammer; use a wooden or plastic mallet to loosen light alloy parts.

Separate one by one the parts making up each unit and partially tighten nuts onto relevant studs or screws.

On disassembly, check if parts that should be marked do in fact have the relevant number or reference stamped on it. If any previously replaced part is found to be in properly marked, it should be stamped accordingly.

Before washing, clean all parts with a brush and cloth removing most dirt (thus avoiding needless dirtying of the washing fluid); then wash them with detergent or special compound. Remove any residual dirt with a jet of compressed air. Dry all parts immediately after washing to prevent them from rusting.

Thoroughly wash parts that have been ground or lapped and blow them with a jet of compressed air to remove all residues.

Reassembly, clean all parts (especially those that have been ground) with a jet of compressed air or a clean brush.

On assembly also suitably lubricate parts (except self-lubricating bushes) to prevent seizure during their running in period. To apply lubricant, use a clean brush as well as clean oil keeping them away from dust and dirt at all times and using them only for this special purpose.

Suitably protect with adhesive tape or clean cloths all engine parts that after disassembly show orifices or drilling which are likely to let in dust or foreign matter.

On assembly, replace all gaskets, seal rings, spring washers and lock rings in addition to all worn or damaged parts.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Vet at replacing units or parts thereof, be sure to use only genuine spare parts to ensure interchangeability as well as proper performance.

When ordering, remember to show the part number taken from the Spare Parts Catalogue or from the microfiches. Service quality varies according to procedures used, personnel skill, and available tools and parts.

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COMPLETE CAR	GR. 00
ENGINE MAIN MECHANICAL UNIT	GR. 01
FUEL SYSTEM	GR. 04
IGNITION, STARTING, CHARGING SYSTEM	GR. 05
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CLUTCH	GR. 12
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GROUP OO

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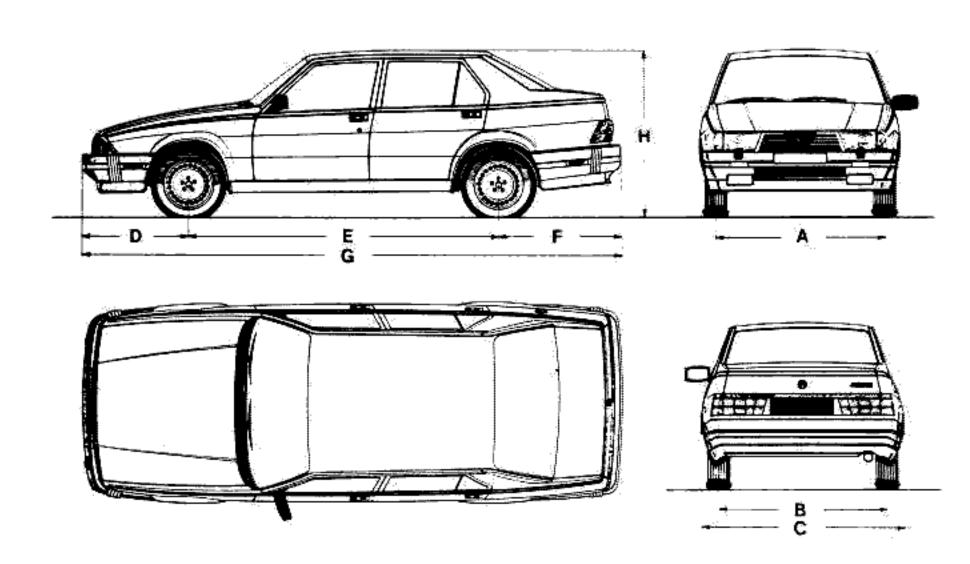
COMPLETE CAR

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impulse pick-up and impulse emitting			

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GENERAL VIEWS



DIMENSIONS Unit: mm (in)

Dimensions	À	В:	¢:	ם	E.	F	G	H		R
	1378(1) (54.25)				2510 (98.82)	1046 (41.18)	.4418 (17394)	1400.°	5050 (198.8)	
** misee ©										

(1) with rims 51/23 x 14" H2

R = Radius of the dircumference described in correspondence with ground from driving wheel outer edge in the max steering conditions.

WEIGHTS AND LOADS

	Unit: (6 1kg):
Model	Xf milene •
	¥F miene ®
	3846 (1745)
	2909 (1320)
	937 : (425)
Front	1834 (832)
Réar	2012 (913)
Front	2
Rear	3
	Front Rear Front

WHEELS AND TIRES

Winter Tires - see Balletin: 00-89-01

		_	Model		ME miano				
Rims and tires			-	Argento	Oro	Platino			
Rims	Back spacing = 135mm off Sct = 45mm Eary Products	m + 300	m Late 301	5.1/2	J x 14" H2	6.J.x.15 ²			
Tubeless Tires				195/	60 VR 14*	195/55 VR 15			
			·A		1.96 ; 195;1 ; 28	(2.0)			
Inflating Press		:N -			1.96 ; 195.1 ; 28	(2,0)			
(kg/cm ²) (1)			A		2.16 ; 215.7 ; 31	(2.2)			
		Ç,	P		2.45 ; 245 ; 35 (2.5)			

A : Front

N with reduced load and normal speed

C = at full load and high speed V : over 130 mph (210 km/h) (1) Pressures measured on cold tires

CAUTION:

The wheel nut must be tightened to 98 N m torque

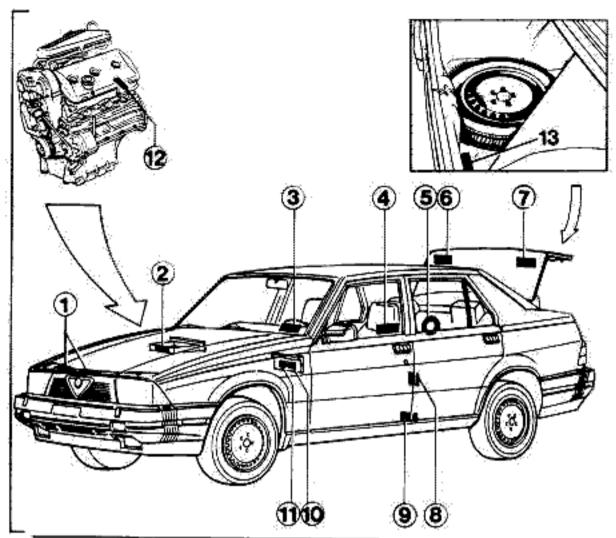
(72.16 ft lb; 10 kg/m)

MODEL VARIATIONS

	Model	,	(P mileno 3	E	mileno
Identification	Variations	Argento	Oro	Platino	Vérde
Body			4 dgór⊪	saloon	
Drive			Lŧ	+	
Edition			U.S.A. M	Y. 87	
Identification No.	- on identification label	161.14	161:16	161.36	161.24
	- on label at bottom of windshield	116.41		-	124.H1
Type approval No.	on U.S.A. safety regulations label	- :316,H1		-	
	on rear right side com- partment floor		162.830		162,820
Chassis serial No.	 on rear right side of luggage compartment floor 	From 00075019	From 00050026	From: 00025034	From 00050001
Engine type and serial No:	— on rear left side of crankcase		019:11 From A60001	•	061;24 From 000:001

SERVICE AND IDENTIFICATION DATA

IDENTIFICATION LABELS



VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION CODES

A) CHASSIS NUMBERING (VIN-CEE)

This consists of two groups of numbers and symbols, as indicated below;

- (1) Type code: This consists of:

 1a) Basic type number: This is allocated for each model range of vehicles with a common concept (i.e. 161 6V-2.5 Milano 116-Alfetta range, 119 2500 V-6 range)
 - 1b) Suffix letter for variants: This identifies the characteristics within the basic model range (i.e.: 160 6V-2.5 Milano 119A Alfetta 6 2500 with manual gearbox, 116 C: GTV 2.5)
- (2) Progressive serial number: This is allocated on a consecutive basis by the Production Department.

B) ENGINE NUMBERING

This consists of two groups of numbers and symbols, as follows:

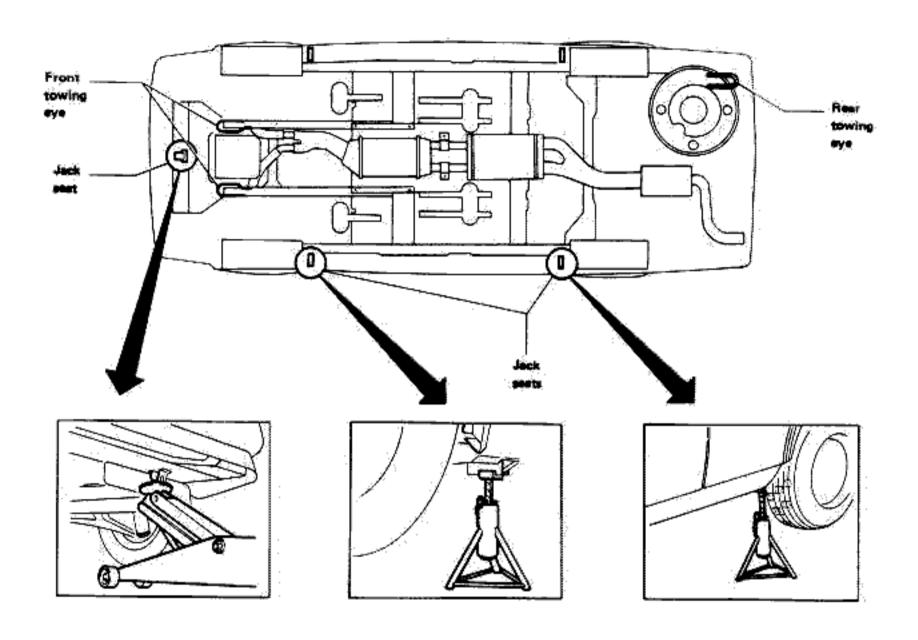
- (1) Type number: This is allocated to each range with similar technical characteristics (i.e.: 01911 6V-2.5 Milano 016.08 Alfetta 1800 engine, 019.13 2500 V-6 engine)
- (2) Progressive engine serial number: This is allocated on a consecutive basis by the Production Department.
- C) VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (VIN-USA)

This consists of three groups of numbers and symbols, as indicated below:

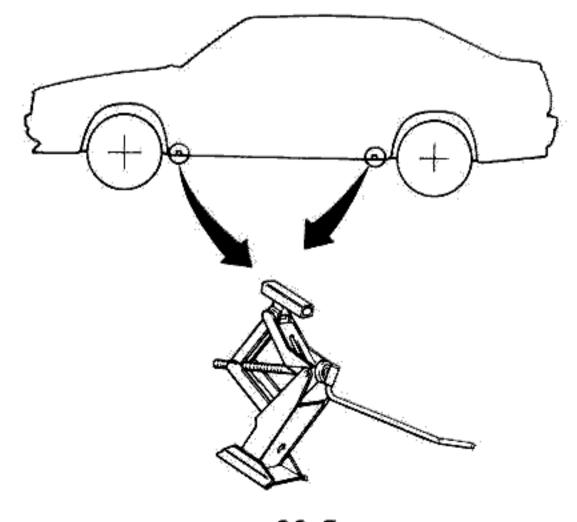
	Deta
4	Engine tune up date - Compliance with exhaust emission regulations - Tune up label
2	Break in Instructions — Label on bottom side of glovebox drawer
3	Vehicle identification number — Windshield plate — D.O.T. certification label
4	Compliance with California exhaust emissions standards — Label on front left window
5	Fuel requirements - Label near fuel tank filler port
:6	Paint — Paint label
7	Lubrication data - Lubrication data label
18	Compliance with exhaust emission importation regulations — Label on jamb
9	Production date — D.O.T. certification label
9	Gross vehicle weight — D.O.T. certification label.
10	Directions for catalytic converter equipped cars - Fusebox lid inner side
- 1.1	Useful load - Seating capacity - Tire pressure — Fusebox lid inner side
12	Engine number — On crankcase rear side (at the left bank head joining surface)
13	Body number On trunk floor pan

- (1) Vehicle model consisting of: 1a) Family (e.g. A: Sport sedan, B: Spider, etc.)
 - 1b) Production variants: (e.g. A: Manual gearbox, B: Automatic transmission, etc.)
 - type (Sedan or Coupe), engine type (cycle, total displacement, power output, etc.)
- (2) Model year
- (3) Manufacturing plant identification number
- (4) Progressive serial number

LIFTING AND TOWING POINTS



JACK



00-7

WARNING:

- a. Never get under the vehicle while it is supported only by the jack. Always use safety stands to support frame when you have to work under the vehicle.
- Place wheel chocks at both front and back of the wheels diagonally opposite to jack position.

Position the jack, supplied with the vehicle, in the safety points shown in the figure.

HYDRAULIC JACK AND SAFETY Stands

WARNING:

- When raising vehicle with the jack, be sure to support it with safety stands.
- When jacking up the rear (front) of the vehicle place chocks in front (back) of the front (rear) wheels.

CAUTION:

When raising the vehicle, always place a wooden block under vehicle lifting points.

Position the jack and the safety stands in a safe manner under the points shown in the figure.

TOWING

Closely follow the motor vehicle regulations concerning vehicle towing.

CAUTION:

- Use suitable towing equipment to prevent damaging the vehicle.
- Before towing, make sure that front and rear axles as well as steering wheel are in good working conditions. If not so, make use of a dolly.
- rear wheels raised, the front wheels must be placed on a towing dolly.

- d. Set the ignition key to "0" position and do not withdraw it from the ignition block, otherwise, the steering lock could become engaged.
- Before starting vehicle towing, release parking brake and shift the gear lever to "neutral".
- Do not apply lateral forces to towing bar. Always keep towing bar, or similar devices, in line with the vehicle.
- Remember that when vehicle is being towed, there is no vacuum in the servobrake; therefore, when braking, exert greater pressure on brake pedal.

SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

Special service tools play a very important role in a vehicle's maintenance since they are essential to ensure accurate, reliable and quick service. To this effect, it must be remembered that times taken relevant to the various maintenance operations are computed assuming that said special tools are being used. All special service tools, made

March 1986

expressly on the Manufacturer's design, needed for overhauling, maintenance and repair of models are listed and illustrated in this manual. The identification number is determined by the relevant ordering part number and consists of a letter followed by a five figure number according to the following schedule:

A.0.0000 Special Service Tool
C.0.0000 Tester

U.0.0000 Reamer

The listed tools must be ordered by the authorized workshop according to the usual systems already followed by each Service - network

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PRE-DELIVERY INSPECTION

This chapter lists and describes the pre-delivery operations required for the XF railance evenicles. The operation description does not refer to each version, but gives general information concerning the parts for which inspection is required.

As regards the technical specifications related to each operation, and the lubricant products (and similar), refer to the "Service Data and Specifications" present in each section.

CAUTION:

Pre-delivery inspection of a new vehicle, prior to customer delivery, consists in carrying out all checking operations and tests hereafter described in order to detect and thus eliminate any damage or malfunction.

It goes without saying, however, that when Dealer personnel picks up the vehicle, a visual check should be performed in order to:

- make sure that vehicle is in normal driving conditions, especially as regards level of fluids and controls in general
- detect any dents or scratches on body or other damage to the vehicle interior (uphoistery).
- c. make sure nothing is missing, especially factory supplied accessories, spare tire and any parts that are to be fitted on vehicle as pre-delivery completion.

If topping up is required as a result of the checks, proceed accordingly; this operation is to be considered as part of pre-delivery inspection. In the event of interventions (malfunctions) different from those indicated, carry out the adjustments according to the current technical and administrative procedures.

As each operation is being carried out, the relevant card must be filled out and then filed together with the sold vehicle's other documents; the pre-delivery card included in the Service Book supplied to the customer must also be duly filled out to indicate that the pre-delivery checks have been carefully carried out.

OPERATIONS IN THE ENGINE COMPARTMENT

Coolant

 With engine cold, check the header tank level. Top up if necessary with the specified liquid, up to the max level.

Engine oil

Check that level is up to the "MAX" mark on the dipstick (carry out this operation after parking the vehicle on a flat surface, and after the engine has been off for a few minutes). If required, top up with specified oil.

Power steering oil

 Check that level is up to the "MAX" mark on the plug stick (before carrying out the check, with the engine idling, rotate the steering wheel completely inboth directions in order to carry out bleeding).

Brake and clutch fluid

 Check that the level in the tank is up to the "MAX" mark on the tank. If required, top up with specified fluid remembering that tins must be sealed and opened only when ready to use.

Be sure to perform this operation with utmost care and cleanliness

Battery electrolyte

 Check that the electrolyte covers the plates upper edge by 5 mm (0.197 in). If lower, top up with distilled water.

Windshied washer liquid

 Check that this tank is full. Top up, if necessary, with appropriate solution.

Engine electric fan

- Connect the thermal switch cables together and check electric fan functioning.
- Check that cables are firmly connected to thermal switch.

OPERATIONS ON VEHICLE EXTERIOR AND IN THE PASSENGER COMPARTMENT

Exterior cleaning

 If required, dewax the vehicles using suitable products and procedures; wash the vehicle's exterior with a solution of water and shampoo, rinse it thoroughly and dry it:

Finish cleaning by removing any stubborn spots using suitable compounds.

Paint

 Visually and thoroughly checkall painted surfaces and removeaccidental or manufacturing flaws, if any.

Exterior moldings and fittings

 Visually check all vehicle's outside parts: bumpers, moldings, grills, headlight rims, letters and emblems making sure they are securely fitted, and have no spots or dents.

Doors and hoods

- Visually check all weatherstrips for tight fit and make sure they are not damaged, out of shape or dirty.
- See if doors and hoods are aligned and centered with relevant openings.

Factory issued accessory equipment

 Check if following items are in their proper place in the vehicle tool kit, spare tire, jack, Instruction Book and Service Book.

Locks, hinges, windows

- Check proper working condition of all door locks (close, lock, open from inside and outside).
 Check hood and trunk in the same way.
- Check door and hood hinges for smooth noiseless operation.
- Check if windows can be opened and closed all the way without sticking and noise.

Interior finishings

 Check all upholstery (root, carpets, panels etc...) removing possible stains or scratches

Seats, seat belt and accessory equipment

 Inspect seats checking if they slide freely on tracks without sticking and noise. Also check proper working condition of seat and head-rest adjusting devices.

- Check inside and outside rearview mirrors making sure they swing easily and stay firmly in place when set; also check snap switch on mirror for day/night driving.
- Check if seat belts and relevant retractors are in good working condition.
- Check maneuverability of sunvisors, ashtrays, glove compartment and any other accessory.

Heating and air conditioning system

- Check correct functioning of heater controls and air inlet lids and louvers (opening and closing).
- Check that electric fan operates correctly at the various speeds.
- For the vehicles equipped with air conditioner, start the engine and check that, when operating the related control on vehicle, the closing of the electromagnetic coupling occurs and, consequently, the compressor operation,

Lights, indicators, electric accessory equipment

- With the ignition key set to "MAR"; check whether lights outside and inside the vehicle, as well as the related warning lamps, illuminate: front and rear parking lights, licence plate lights, direction and hazard lights, stop lights, high/low beams, headlight flashing, reverse light, engine and luggage compartment lights, passenger compartment lights (through manual control, and on doors) and the related switch off timer, front and rear spot lights; cluster lights and related adjustment rheostat (or rheostats), glove compartment light.
- Check whether the following warning lamps illuminate: alternator, fuel reserve, engine oil pressure, brake fluid level, parking brake on, starter on, heated

- rear window on, engine temperature; check correct functioning of the ALFA ROMEO control warning lamps which illuminate all at the same time as soon as the ignition switch is set to the "MAR" position, and then switch off after a few seconds
- Check proper functioning of horns, cigar lighters, door locking device, power window controls, and front seats electrical controls.

Windshield wash/wipe and headlight washer

- After installing the wiper blades, check whether windshield wiper works properly at the different speeds, as well as intermittently,
- Operate the windshield washer and check that nozzle jet is uniform and correctly directed towards the upper part of the window.
- Check that headlight washer jet is correctly directed towards headlights (only where required by Regulations).

Tire pressure

 Check tire pressure and, if required, restore to specified values. Use higher p.s.i. for the spare wheel.

Tightening of wheel nuts or screws

 Using a wrench, check that nuts or screws of wheels are completely tightened. Check that nuts are appropriate for the type of vehicle and rim, as indicated in the spare Parts Catalogue.

OPERATIONS ON VEHICLE LOWER PART

Gearbox-differential oil

 Remove filler plug and check that the lubricant level reaches the lower rim of the related hole. Top up if necessary with the specified oil and re-fit filler plug.

Systems tightness

- Visually check for leaks in the following systems: fuel, power steering, brakes, clutch, engine cooling.
- Check for oil leaks from engine, gearbox and differential.

FUNCTIONAL TESTS

Engine controls

- Check that the starter control operates without sticking along the whole travel and that, when the related knob is pushed down, the related device is completely disengaged from carburetor.
- Check that the pedal accelerator control operates without sticking and, with the pedal at the end of travel, the throttle valve is fully open.

Engine start-up and functioning

 Check that engine starts correctly. With engine hot, check steady functioning of the engine at the specified idle r.p.m.

Instruments

 With engine running, check correct functioning of all electrically operated instruments: rev counter, speedometer, oil pressure gauge, water thermometer, fuel level gauge, clock

Brake, clutch and gearbox controls

- With engine running push the brake pedal and check that, after the initial empty stroke, it stops without elasticity.
- Check also proper functioning of parking brake lever.
- With engine running, push the clutch pedal and check that all speeds can be shifted without sticking or noise.

MAINTENANCE

Maintenance operations consist in checking and restoring proper working conditions of some parts of the vehicle which are most likely to become worn or out-of-adjustment as a consequence of the vehicle's normal use.

A list of the various operations to be performed at different intervals, as shown in the chart that follows, is

included in the coupons of the Service Book which accompanies each vehicle.

Coupons will have to be stamped by the Service Organisation Agency to show that specified maintenance operations have been carried out. Just as for pre-delivery inspection should topping up or change of fluids and lubricants • as described in the text become necessary, they will be considered as part of maintenance operations. If damage or malfunctions other than those listed are encountered, they will be taken care of, repaired, or adjusted according to current technical and administrative procedures.

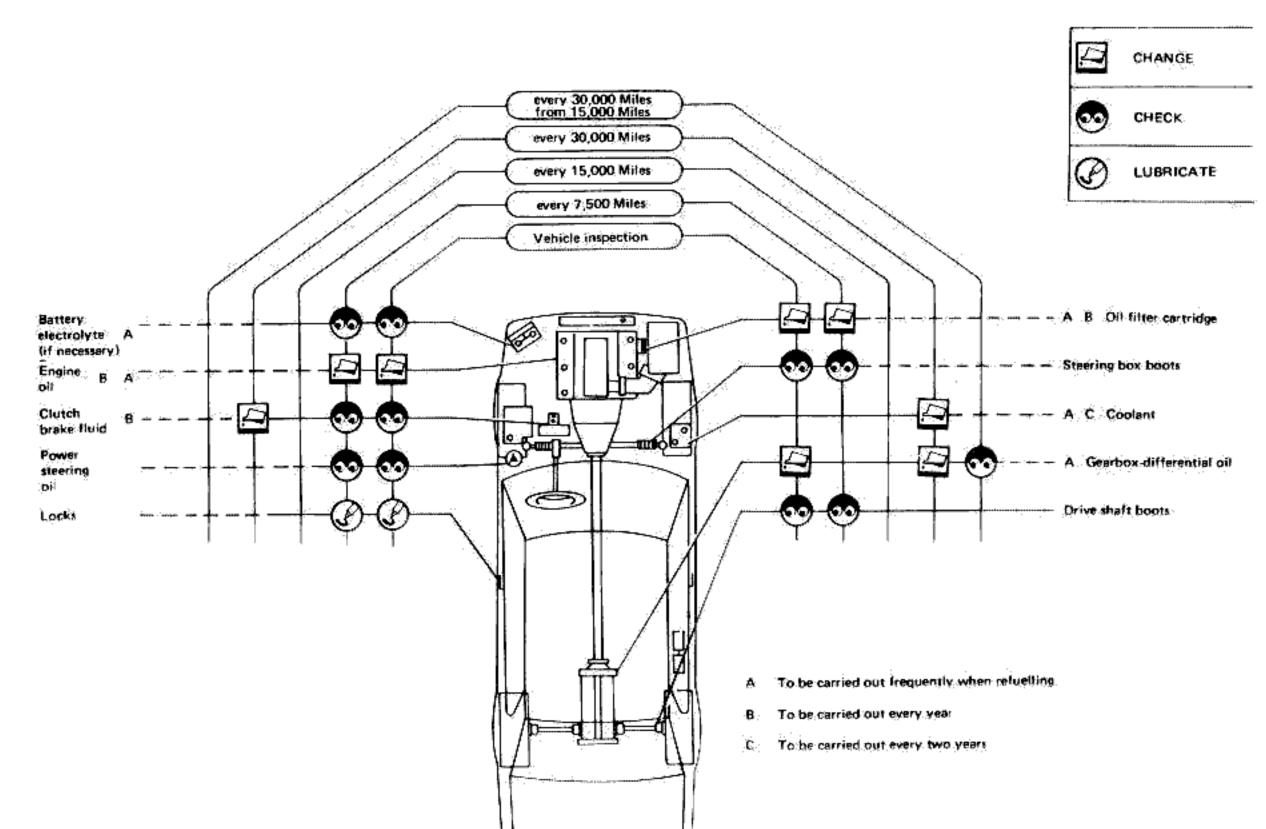
VEHICLE MAINTENANCE SCHEDULE

No.				ú	lleage c	perevo	(× 1,00	O)			
me.	Operations	1.5/	7.5	15	22.5	30	37,5	45	52.5	. 60	Note
1	Change engine oil and filter	×	×	X	Χ.	×	×	×	×	×	17
2	Check boots of C.V. joints and steering rods for soundness	×	×	×	:x	×	×	×	×	×	1
3	Inspect braking system	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
4	Check brake pads for wear and replace pad as required		х	×	x	×	x	×	x .	×	2
5:	Check brake fluid level	×	х	×	×		×	×	×	×	1
6	Check parking brake travel and adjust it necessary	×	×	×	x	×	x	×	×	. x-	1
7	Check tire pressure	×	×	×	×	X.	x	×	×	×	3
8	Lubricate door, hood and trunk hinges. If necessary adjust strikers.	x	×	×	. x	, X :	×	×	×	X:	
9	Check electrolyte level in battery if necessary Tighten and grease pattery terminals	×	×	×	X)	X.	×.	×	×	×	3
10	Check valve clearance and adjust; if necessary	. X			1	×	1			×	E
11	Check alternator, power steering, and air conditioner compressor. (if so equipped) drive belts, adjust ter sion as necessary.					×			:	X.	E
12	Change air cleaner element:				!	X.	•		-	×	+
13	Check power steering fluid level	X	×	x	*	. X	×	×	*	×	:
14 -	Change spark plugs					×.			:	×	É
15	Change engine coolant mixture					×				. X-	. 4
16:	Change gearbox and differential oil	×				х			<u> </u>	×	
17:	Check gearbox and differential oil level and top up as necessary	-	·	×			<u> </u>	×	'	-	5
18	Change brake fluid					ж.			,	· x	6
19	Check cylinder head nuts for proper torque	×			i		-			ı	E
20	Check idle speed and adjust if necessary	×	:						1		E
21	Check front wheel toe-out and adjust as necessary	×				×				х	•
22	Check head lamp beam aiming and adjust as required.	×.				×	İ			X.	-
23	Test vehicle	×					-		-		+
24	Check engine bolts for tightness	X.							1	-	E
25	Replace exhaust gas sensor and catalytic converter						··			X	E,
26	Check front wheel hub bearings backlash	×	- 1	×.		×		ж .	Ì .	x	77

- 1. To be performed at the stated mileages or once a year whichever occurs first. Check oil level more frequently (when refuelling)
- 2. To be carried out at the stated mileages and more frequently when driving hard or when driving mainly in mountainous conditions.
- 3. To be performed more frequently (when refuelling):
- 4. To be performed at the stated mileages or once every two years whichever occurs first. Check coolant level more frequently (when refuelling).
- 5. Check gearbox oil more frequently (when refuelling).
- 6. To be carried out at the stated mileages or once a year whichever occurs first.
- 7. Only for vehicles with ABS system.
- E: Maintenance required for proper function of emission control system performance.

00-13

LUIDS AND LUBRICANTS



RECOMMENDED FUEL AND LUBRICANTS

FUEL

Octane rating

A gasoline's resistance to detonation or *knock* is noted by its octane rating. Purchase and use of correct octane fuel is essential to prevent *knock* which may eventually be harmful to your car's engine. The higher the rating, the higher the ability to resist *knock*. Regular fuels have an octane rating range from 91 to 95 RON (Research Octane Number) or 86 to 90 PON (Pump Octane Number). PON ratings appear on gasoline pumps in the U.S. This rating is determined in the following manner:

* Motor Octane Number

For example. Research Octane Number and Motor Octane Number divided by 2 equals Pump Octane Number.

The P.O.N. octane rating is usually 5 points less than the RON rating:

91 RON = 86 P.O.N 95 RON = 90 P.O.N

Important note for **XP** milenc • .

Use of fuels with octane ratings lower than 91 RON or 86 P.O.N. should be avoided.

Important note for ** mismo .

The ** mismo has been designed to operate on Premium unleaded gasoline having a minimum of 90 octane as posted on gasoline dispensing pumps displaying the RON + MON reting method (95 Research) 2

Octane Number).

FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS

Trink	Application	Classification			Name		Nates
Туре	Achpircación	Cinssitication	AGIP	IP IP	SHELL	Other	
	Engine : 01	SAE 10W/50 APLSE	\$mt 2000 SAE 10W/50	Sintiax SAE 10W/40	Fire & tor Motor 15W/50		Ambient temperature - 18 to 40°C (- 0.4 to 104°F)
	Gearbox Differential	SAE 80W/90 API GL 5	Rotra MP SX SAE 75W/90	Pontiax HDS SAE 75W/90	Spirax HD 80W/90		Ambient temperature -40 to 150℃ (-40 to 302°F)
OIL	Front suspension - 21	SAE 80W/90 API GL 5	Rotra MP SX SAE 75W/90	Pontias HDS SAE 75W/90	Spirax HD 80W/90		Ambient temperatur -40 to 150℃ (-40 to 302℉)
	Steering box/wheel - 23	DEXPONIL	ATF DEXRON II	DEXRON FLUID II 11297	DEXRON II 10709 D20137		
	Air Conditioner :					SUN OIL COMPANY Suniso 46	
						UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS COM- PANY: Ucon lubricant 50 HB - 5100	
						MILLOIL: Lubricant for elastomer seals	
	Engine 01					SIPAL AREXONS . Carbo silicon for valves	
						ISECO: Molykote Paste G	
				1		ISECO: Molykote BR2	
GREASE						ISECO: Molykote A	
		N.L.G.I. No. 1	Grease 15				Basic substance: Al
						Antiseize R, GORI Never Seez	
	Engine			}		Bosch 5.964.080.105	
	Fuel System - 04					ISECO: Molykote Long- term No. 2	
						REINACH: E10 TAC	

COMPLETE CAR

					Name		
Type	:Application	Classification	AGIP	IP.	SHELL	Other	Notes.
	Front suspension					Antiseize R. GOR1 Never Seez	
,	;21					ISECO: Molykote Longterm No. 2	
		Ñ.L.G.J. Ng. 1	Grease 15		Retinax G11		Basic Substance Al Ca
	Front and Reac brakes - 22				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ATE: Bremszylinder Paste	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
						ISECO: Molykote/ Longterm No. 2	
		N,L.G.I. No. 3	Grease 33 FD	Autogrease FD	Retinax AX		Basic Substance Bentonite Polythen
						REINACH: Sferul BZAR	
						SPCA: Spagraph	
GREASE	Steering box wheel 23				İ	ESSO NORVA 275	
						ISECO: Ergon Rubber Grease No. 3	
						ISECO: Molykote Paste G	
						CALYPSOL	
						REINACH: Sferul BZAR	
						SPCA: Spagraph	
	Rear Suspension					ISECO: Ergon Rubber Grease No. 3	
	- 25					Antiseize Compound R. GORF: Never Seez	
						MILLA Protection LT	
						HOUGHTON: Rust veto 1064	

COMPLETE CAR

	Туре	Application	Classification			Name		Notes
	,,,,,,	- пристин	C-assirtation	AGIP	IP	SHELL	Other	Motes
		Wheels and Tires - 28					UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS COM- PANY: Ucon Jubricant 50 HB - 5100	
	GREASE						MILLOIL: Lubricant for elastomer seals	•
		Air Conditioner					UNION CARBIDE CHEMICALS COM PANY: Ucon Jubricant 50 HB - 5100	an airman ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann ann
_							MILLOIL: Lubricant for elastomer seals	
		Engine Cooling		Antifreeze	Antifreeze			Ethylene Glycol (concentrated) Std. No. 3681 - 69956
		0 7						Antifreeze (ready for use) Std. No. 3681 - 69958
	FLUID	Brakes - Clutch	in a	Brake Fluid Super HD	Auto Fluid FR.			
		- 22 - 12					ATE "S"	
_		Air Conditioner					Freon 12	

SAE VISCOSITY

Unit of Measurement		Motor Oil	SAE 80W90	
	°C (%F)	SAE 10W50		
Cps	- 40 (- 40)	_		
Cśi	20 (4) 40 (104)	2600	-	
	40 (104) 50 (122)	165 110	118	
	100 (212)	19	14,3 to 15,3	

COMPLETE CAR

APPROXIMATE REFILL CAPACITIES

				Vehicle model	Xf mlana 🖲
Approximate	refili capeciti	•			¥# milene @
FUEL TANK				(Gais)	67-(17.7)
FUEL RESERVE				(Gals)	8 to 10 (2.1 to 2.6)
ENGINE OIL SUMP		rsi inca	With filter		6 (13)
		kg (lb)	Without filter		5.5 (12)
CAMSHAFT SUPPORT WELLS (*)				kg (lb)	0.450 (0.99)
GEARBOX - DIFFERENTIAL OIL				kg (lb)	2.07 (4.56)
POWER STEERING SYSTEM OIL			kg (lb)	0.8 (1.76)	
COGLANT	Min T C(%)	CONCENTRATED ANTIFREEZE		! (Gais)	3,6 (0.95)
	- 20 (-4)	DISTILLED WATER		i (Gais)	6.4 (1:7)
		ANTIFREEZE READY TO USE		i (Gais):	10 (2.64)
	- 35 (- 31)	CONCENTRATED ANTIFREEZE		I (Gais)	5 (1.3)
		DISTILLED WATER		l (Gais)	5 (1.3)
		ANTIFREEZE READY TO USE		(-{Gals)	-

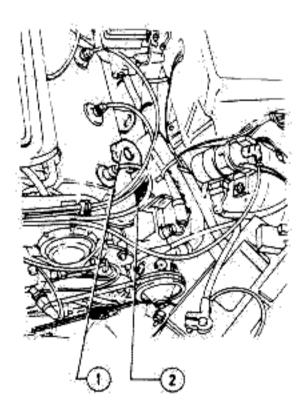
^[*] Replacement to be carried out only in the case of disassembly

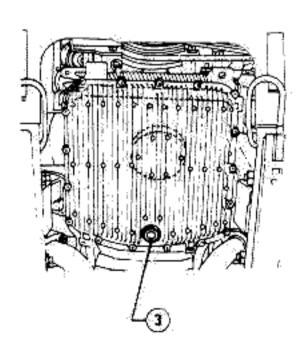
ENGINE MAINTENANCE

ENGINE MAIN MECHANICAL UNIT

REPLACEMENT OF ENGINE OIL AND OIL FILTER CHECK ON LUBRICATION SYSTEM TIGHTNESS

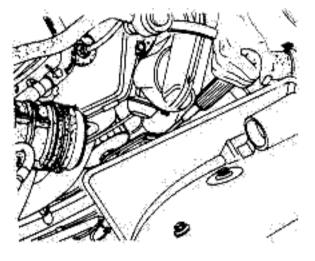
1. With engine hot, remove the oil filler plug 1 and the oil sump plug 3, and drain oil completely (wait 15 minutes at least).





- 1 Oil friter plug
- 2 Oil dipstick
- 3 Oil drain plug

- A milky oil indicates the presence of coolant leaks in the oil.
 Identify the cause, and take corrective measures.
- An oil with extremely low viscosity, indicates dilution with fuel.
- By means of a suitable wrench, release oil filter and remove.



- 3. When engine oil is completely drained, clean the drain plug and tighten it on sump, together with the related gasket.
- Wet the gasket of a new oil filter, then tighten filter fully.
 Refill engine with the quantity and quality of oil specified.

ENGINE OIL

Type.

AGIP Sint 2000 10W50 IP Sintiax 10W40 SHELL Fire & Ice Motor 15W/50

6.0 kg	(13.2 (b)
450 g	(1 lb)
5.5 kg	(12.1 (6)
	(1.1 16)
-	
2 kg	(4.4 16)
	450 g 5.5 kg 0.5 kg

- (*) Refilling to be carried out for each support well when disessembling.
- 6. Check oil level by means of the dipstick.
- 7. Re-insert filler plug, and start the engine, letting it idle for about 2 minutes.
- Check for lubricant leaks. If necessary, replace or tighten any item with poor oil seal.
- Switch off the engine and wait for a few minutes.
- Remove the dipstick and clean it; insert the dipstick again, remove it, and check that oil level reaches the MAX reference mark.

CAUTION.

The oil level check is to be carried out with the vehicle parked on a level surface:

CHECK ON BOLTS AND NUTSTIGHTENING

Check (and restore if necessary) the tightening of bolts and nuts securing the various parts to body, and those connecting the various components to each other. In the case of bolts fitted with split pin or calking, a visual inspection of tightening conditions is sufficient.

Take the utmost care in checking the bolts and nuts that are the most important from the safety point of view.

These bolts and nuts attach the following components.

As regards the tightening torque values, refer to: Service Data and Specifications - Tightening Torques.

- 1. Front suspension
- Lower levers to body
- Upper levers to body.
- c. Struts to body
- d. Ball joints to steering knuckle

2. Brakes

- a. Calipers to related supports
- Rear brake discs to differential shafts

3. Steering wheel

- Steering box to body
- Steering rods to steering wheel levers
- Steering rods to steering box
- d. Steering column joints
- Bolts securing steering column to body

4. Rear suspension

- a. De Dion axle to cross member
- b. Cross member to body
- Transverse tie rods to Wattparallelogram and body
- d. Watt parallelogram to De Dion axle
- 5. Other
- a. Drive shafts to differential
- b. Wheels and hubs

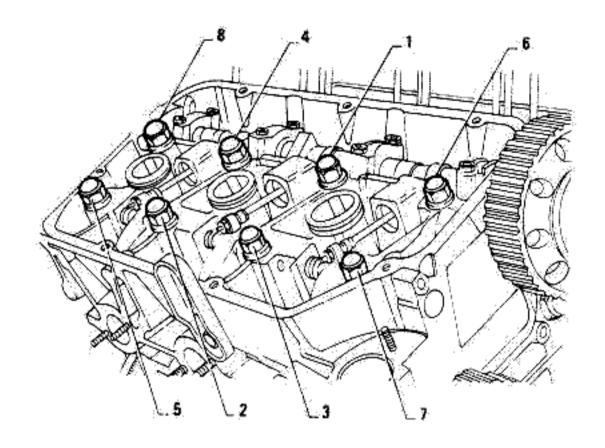
TIGHTENING OF CYLINDER HEAD NUTS

1. During first coupon maintenance

a. Remove the timing system covers operating as per: "Check and Adjustment of Valve Clearance Removal of Timing System Covers", b. With engine cold, loosen the nuts by one turn, and one at a time, according to the given sequence, lay a coat of oil on the surfaces between washer and nuts, then tighten to the specified torque.

The figure shows the right head, as regards the left head, the tightening sequence is symmetrical.

T: Tightening torque 97.8 to 108.2 N·m (72 to 79.8 ft·lb; 10 to 11 kg·m)



See Tachrical Bulletins: 01-88-01 01-88-02 01-88-03

- c. Install head covers and the surrounding components, by reversing the order of removal.
- 2. When reassembling cylinder heads
- a. Lubricate the surfaces between washer, nut and threads with engine oil and, with engine cold, tighten nuts gradually to the specified torque.

T: Tightening torque 88.5 to 97.8 N·m (65 to 72.3 ft·lb; 9 to 10 kg·m)

 After covering about 1,000 km, proceed, with engine cold, as per step 1.

CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT OF VALVE CLEARANCE

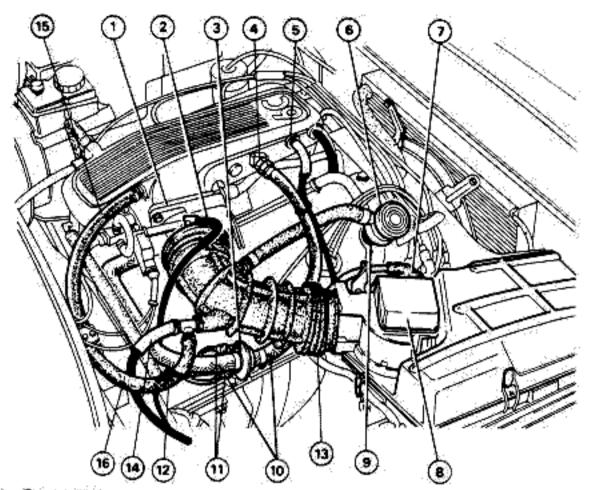
The following operations are to be carried out with engine cold.

- 1. Remove timing system covers.
- a. Detach the negative battery terminal.
- b. Detach connector (7) from the air-flow sensor (8) and release the related cable from the securing bracket.
- c. Detach sleeve (3) from throttle body (1).
- d. Disconnect hose 4 from the adjusting union on intake air box.
- box and hose (14) and (16) from sleeve (13).
- f. Detach hose (10) and connector (12) from the auxiliary air device and detach from the timing system cover.
- g. Detach hose (2) from throttle body, and hose (9) from timing system cover.

g1. [For 3000 engine]:

Disconnect hose (15) from the intake air box.

h. Release the five clips securing air cleaner cover and remove it together with sleeve (13) and oil vapor separator (6). Remove also the filtering element.

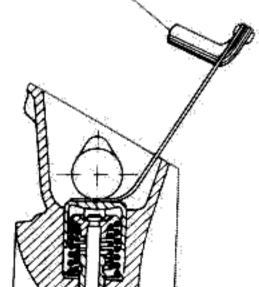


- 1 Throttle body
- 2 Vacuum intake riose for ignition distributor vacuum control end (for 3000 engine) vacuum hose for purge control valve
- 3 Auxiliary air device
- 4 By pass hose for idle r.p.m. adjustment
- 5 Fuel vapor recirculation hose
- 6 Oil vapor separator
- 7 Connector for air-flow sensor potentiometer
- 8 Air flow sensor
- 9 Oil vapor return hose
- 10 Auxiliary air piping
- 11. Ground cables for auxiliary air device
- 12 Supply connector for auxiliary air device
- 13 Air sleeve
- 14 Fuel vapor recirculation hose
- 15 Hose for air delivery to A.C. solenoid (for 3000 engine).
- 16 Hose for air delivery to intake air box from A.C. solenoid (for 3000 engine)
- i. Detach the spark plug caps, disconnect the high voltage cable from coil, remove the ignition distributor shell covers; then release cover and remove it.
- Unscrew the screws securing the timing system covers and remove covers.
- By means of a syringe, suck the oil from lubrication tanks.
- Clean the spark plug seats, remove spark plugs and plug the holes, so as to prevent foreign matter from entering.
- With engine cold, check that the clearance between the cams resting radius and cups crown is within the specified values.

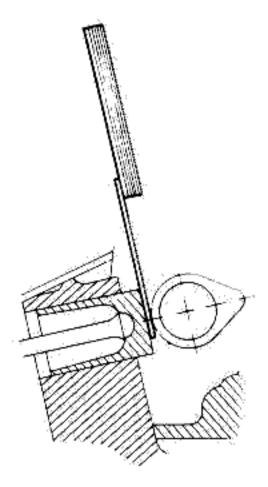
To check the intake valves clearance, use feeler gauge C.6.0197.

INTAKE VALVES CLEARANCE MEASUREMENT

C.6.0197



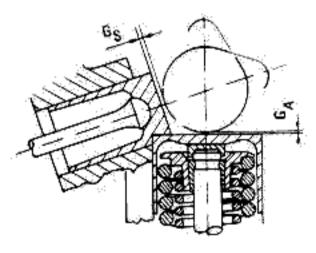
EXHAUST VALVES CLEARANCE MEASUREMENT



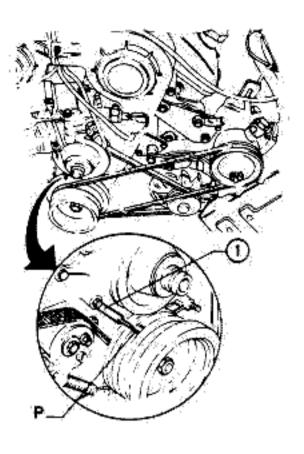
Valve clearance (on cold engine) Intake G_A = 0.475 to 0.500 mm

(0.019 to 0.020 in) Exhaust

G_S = 0.225 to 0.250 mm (0.009 to 0.010 in)

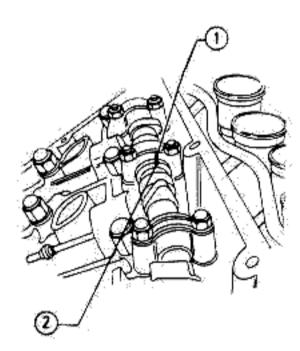


- Should intake valves adjustment be required, proceed as follows:
- Take note of the clearance on each exhaust valve.
- b. Engage the 5th speed, move vehicle forward so as to cause crank shaft to rotate until notch P (marked on engine pulley) mates with reference pin (1).

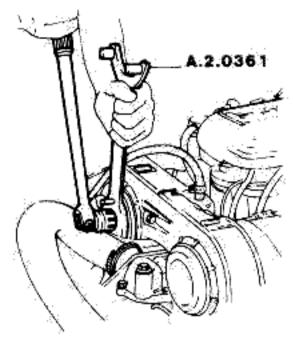


1 Reference gin

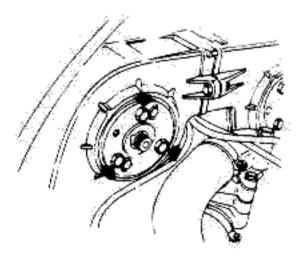
Notches (2) on camshaft will then be aligned with the corresponding reference notches (1) marked on the related caps.



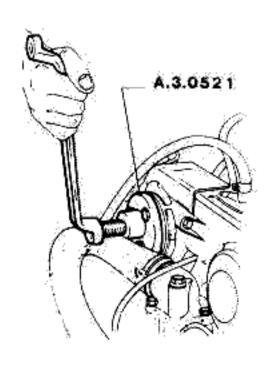
- 1 Camshaft cap north
- 2 Camshaft notch
- Remove the cover which protects the timing system belt.
- d. By means of tool A.2.0361, keep camsnaft still, and unscrew the nut securing camshaft pulley.



e. Unscrew the three screws, which secure hub, shown in the figure.

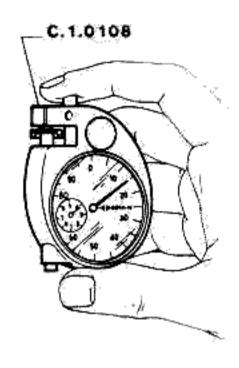


f. Secure tool A.3.0521 to hub, and withdraw hub itself from the toothed pulley.



- g. Disassemble the camshaft caps; withdraw camshaft by lifting it from rear side.
- h. Withdraw cups and recover caps
 i. By means of tool C.1.0108,
 measure the caps thickness; then

select the most suitable one among the set of caps, to restore the correct clearance.

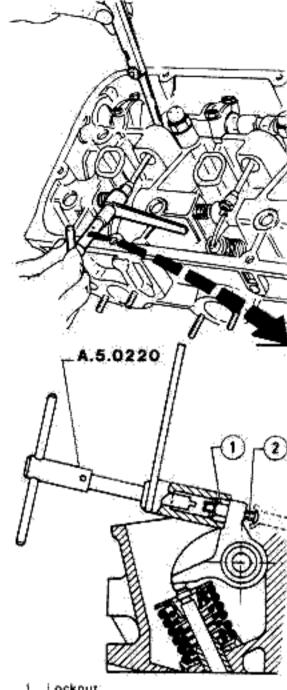


- i. Install caps and cups lubricating them with engine oil:
- m. Position the camshaft and install the related caps complying with the sequence, and following the arrow marked on them.
- Right head cap: arrow towards engine rear side.
- Left head cap: arrow towards engine front side

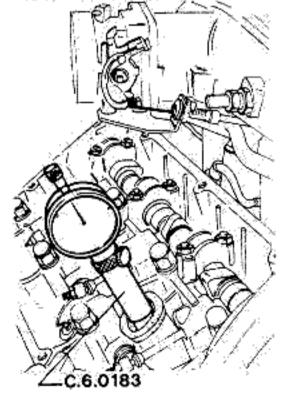


n: Tighten the nuts securing caps to the specified torque.

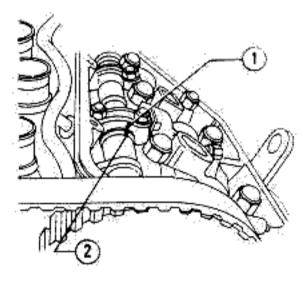
- T: Tightening torque Nuts securing camehaft caps (in engine oil) 16 to 18 N·m
 - (11.8 to 13.2 ft·lb; 1.6 to 1.8 kg·m)
- o. Rotate camshaft so that the notches marked on shaft are aligned with those marked on caps. Also check that notch P is aligned on crankshaft pulley.
- p. Install hub complete with a new O-ring, and screw the three securing screws without tightening them q. Screw the nut which secures toothed pulley to camshaft; use tool A.2.0361, to prevent pulley from rotating and lock the nut to the specified torque. Also tighten completely the three screws securing hub.
- T : Tightening torque Nut securing camshaft front hub 97 to 117 N·m (71 to 86 ft lb: 9.9 to 11.9 kg m)
- 6. Should adjustment of the exhaust valve clearance be required, proceed as follows:
- a. By means of tool A.5.0220, loosen lock nut (1) operating on tool intermediate lever.
- b. By means of the same tool, operate the adjusting screw (2) until the specified value is measured on the feeler gauge.
- c. Tighten lock nut (1), and recheck clearance.



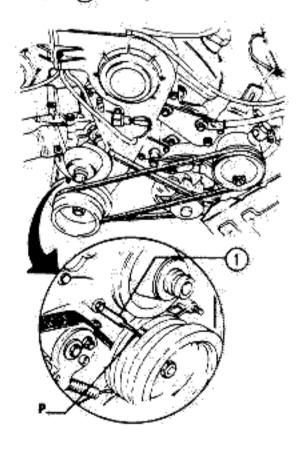
- Locknut:
- Adjusting screw
- Before reassembling, position. camshafts correctly, as follows.
- Install tool C.6.0183 fitted with comparator, into the seat of 1st cylinder spark plugs.



- b. Engage the 5th speed and move vehicle so as to rotate crankshaft until the piston of first cylinder is at the T.D.C., during the expansion stroke. This position is identified by the motion reversal of comparator index.
- When in this position, check that
- notches (2) on camshafts are in line with those (1) in the related caps:



- Comshaft cap notch
- 2 Cemshaft notch
- the notches Pioniengine pulley. are in line with the reference pin (1) on engine block.



- Reference pin
- Reassemble by reversing the order of disassembly.

REPLACEMENT OF TIMING SYSTEM DRIVE BELT

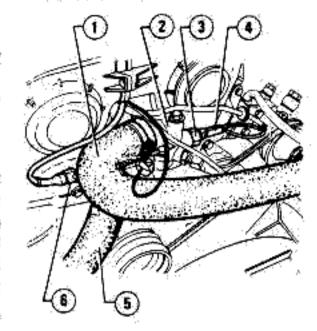
Removal

- Detach the negative battery terminal.
- 2. Remove the timing system covers (refer to: Check and Adjustment of Valve Clearance · Removal of Timing System Covers).
- 3. Remove the drive belts of alternator coolant pump and power steering pump (refer to: Checking Good Conditions, Replacing and Adjusting Drive Belts of Alternator, Air Conditioner Compressor, Power Steering Pump)
- 4. Disconnect sleeves 1 and 5 of thermostat 2.

Recover the coolant drained from the system.

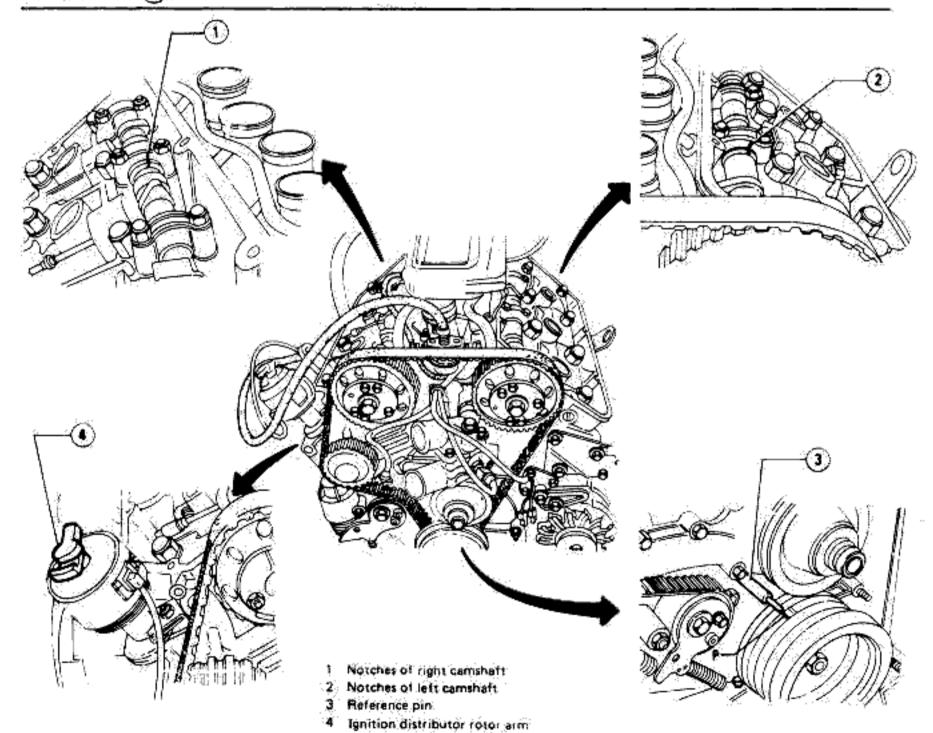
5. Detach connectors (4) and (6) from thermostat (2).

6. Unscrew sender (3) from thermostat unit.

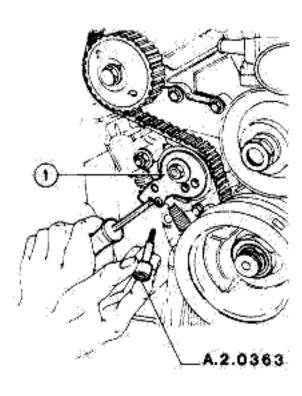


- 1 Coolant delivery sleeve to radiator
- 2 Thermostat
- 3 Coolant temperature sender
- 4 Coolant temperature sender connector
- Coolant return sleeve to thermostat unit
- 6 Connector for thermo-time switch

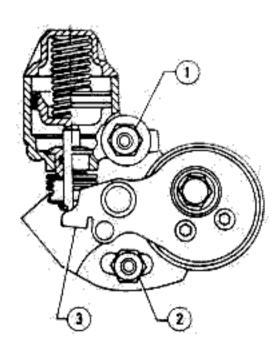
- Clean the spark plug seats, remove spark plugs and plug the holes to prevent foreign matter from entering.
- B. Unscrew the bolt and screws which secure the timing belt case cover; remove the timing belt case.
- cover; remove the timing belt case. 9. Engage the 5th speed and move vehicle forward so as to rotate crankshaft until notch P (marked on engine pulley) is in line with reference pin (3). When in this and (2). position, notches (1) marked on camshafts, will aligned with the corresponding notches marked on the related caps. In addition the piston of 1st cylinder is at the T.D.C. with both valves closed (compression stroke); also check that rotor arm (4) of ignition distributor is towards the reference notch marked on distributor body.



10. Lift arm 1 of belt tightener and insert pin A.2.0363 to keep the belt tightener arm lifted.



- I Beit tightener arm
- 11. Loosen nuts 1 and 2 press the belt tightener downward, up to end of travel, then tighten nut 1.



- 1 Nut
- 2 Nut
- 3 Belt tightener arm
- Remove the toothed belt removing it from pulleys.

Reassembly

1. Install tool C.6.0183, fitted with comparator, into the spark plug seat of 1st cylinder and check engine correct timing by checking that notches are aligned, as described in Removal step 9.

CAUTION:

During the belt reassembly operations, check that the notches are always correctly aligned.

- Fit the timing system drive belt on pulleys, keeping the belt parts already installed taut, and complying with the following sequence.
- a. crankshaft toothed pulley
- b. left head toothed pulley
- c. right head toothed pulley
- d. ignition distributor control toothed pulley
- e. beit tightener pulley.
- 3. Loosen the belt tightener securing nut:
- 4. To bed the timing system drive belt, engage the 5th speed, move vehicle forward in order to rotate crankshaft by two turns, stopping when the distance of first cylinder is at the T.D.C., in the compression stroke (all notches are aligned, refer to Removal step 9).
- Keep belt taut, press the belt tightener pulley against belt itself; then tighten the two nuts which secure belt tightener.
- Lift the belt tightener arm slightly, remove pin A.2.0363 and release the arm.
- 7. Terminate the reassembly by reversing the order of removal and complying with the following indications.
- a. Lubricate the threading of coolant temperature sender with the specified antiseize product.

Antiseize: R. GORI Never Seez LOCTITE Anti Seize

 Tighten the following components to the specified torque.

- Tightening torque
 Coolant temperature sender on
 thermostat container (with
 specified enti-seize product)
 20 to 25 N·m
 (15 to 18 ft·lb;
 2 to 2.5 kg·m)
- c. Carry out the belts tensioning (refer to: Checking Good Conditions, Replacing and Adjusting Drive Belts of Alternator, Air Conditioner Compressor, Power Steering Pump).
- d. Restore coolant correct level (refer to: Engine Cooling).

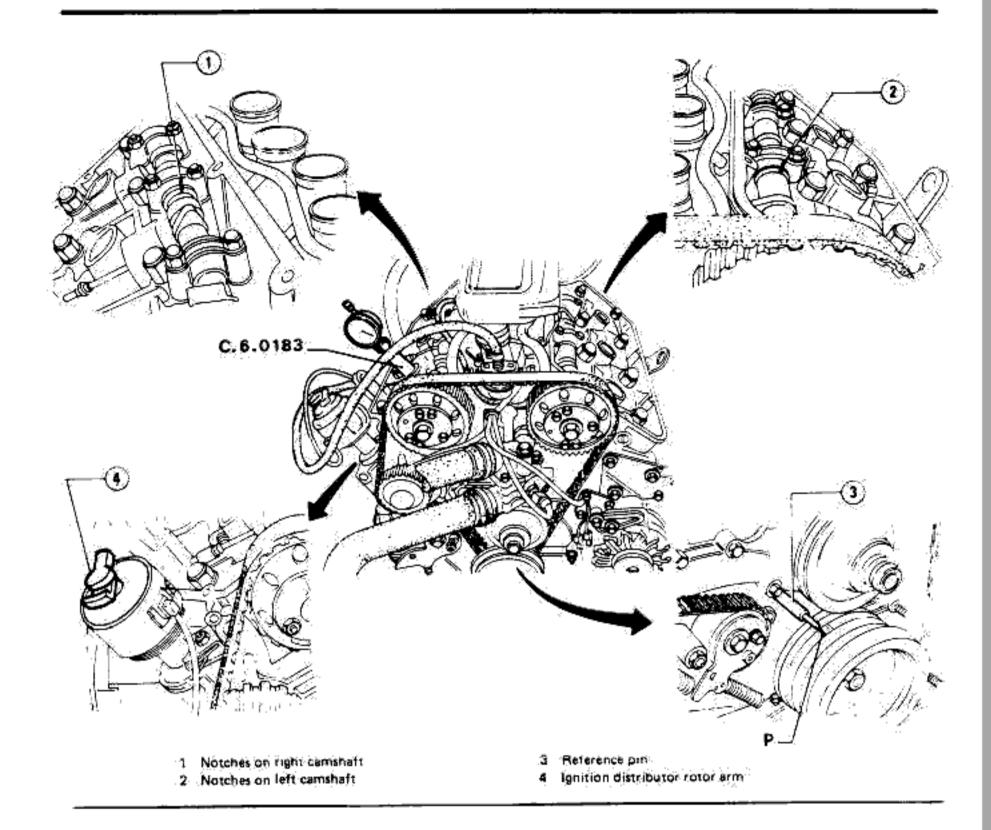
See Technical Bulletin

CHECK ON TIMING SYSTEM AND DRIVE BELT TENSIONING

(A) Check and adjustment of timing system

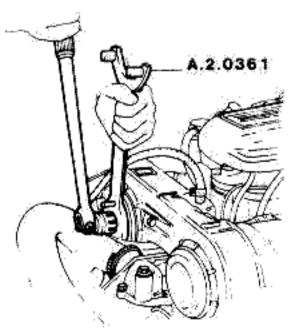
This check is to be carried out with valve clearance to the specified value and timing system drive belt normally teut.

- Disconnect the negative battery terminal.
- 2. Remove the timing system covers (refer to: Check and Adjustment of Valve Clearance).
- Clean the spark plug seats, remove spark plugs, and plug the holes in order to prevent foreign matter from entering.
- Check the correct adjustment of timing system as follows.
- a. Install probe C.6.0183, fitted with dial gauge, into the spark plug seat of first cylinder.
- b. Engage the 5th speed and move vehicle so as to rotate crankshaft until the piston of 1st cylinder is at the T.D.C. in the expansion stroke. This position is indicated by the motion reversal of dial gauge index.
- c. When in this position, ensure that:
- The notches on camshafts are in line with those on the related caps.
- Notch P on engine pulley is in line with the reference pin on engine block.

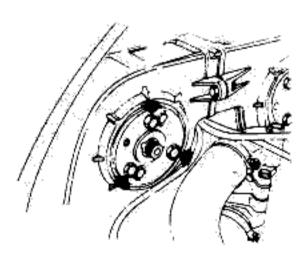


5. If the notches on camshafts and those on the related caps are not aligned, carry out the adjustment operation by proceeding as follows.

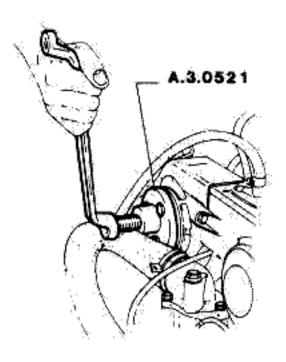
a. Use tool A.2.0361 to keep camshaft still, and unscrew the nut which secures pulley to shaft.



 b. Unscrew the three securing screws of hub (they are shown in the figure).



and withdraw hub itself from toothed pulley; recovering the related tongue;



- d. Rotate camshaft until its notch is aligned with the reference notch on cap, and check that, at the same time, notch P on crankshaft pulley is aligned with the reference pin.
- e. Refit the hub complete with a new Oring and screw the three securing screws without tightening them.
- f. Screw the nut securing toothed pulley to camshaft; use tool A.2.0361 to prevent pulley from rotating, and tighten the nut to the specified torque. Also tighten the three screws securing hub.
- Tightening torque

 Nut securing front hub to camshaft

97 to 117 N·m (71 to 86 ft·lb; 9.9 to 11.9 kg·m)

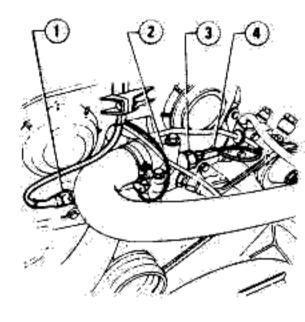
- Check that all notches are correctly aligned and, using a dial gauge, check that the piston of first cylinder is at its T.D.C., in the expansion stroke.
- Install by reversing the order of removal.
- (B) Check and adjustment of timing system drive belt tensioning

This adjustment is to be carried out with engine cold, and after tightening the head securing screws.

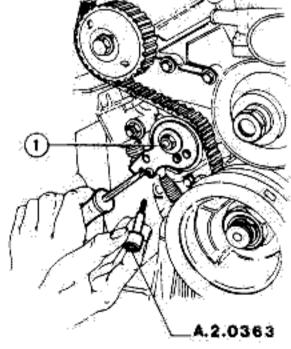
Detach the negative battery terminal;

2. Detach connectors 1 and 4, then unscrew sender 3 from thermostat 2.

Recover coolant



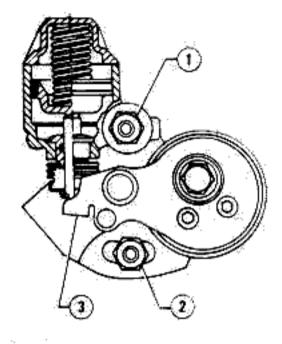
- Connector for thermo-time switch
- 2 Thermostat
- 3 Coolant temperature sender
- 4 Connector for coolant temperature : sender
- Detach the spark plug caps, disconnect the high voltage cable from coil, and release the bundle of cables from the plastic clamps.
- Unscrew the bolt and screws which secure timing belt case, then remove it.
- 5. Disconnect belt tightener arm 1 and insert pin A.2.0363 into the hole of arm itself, in order to keep the belt tightener arm lifted.



1. Beit tightener arm

6. Loosen nuts 1) and 2, press the belt tightener against the belt, then tighten nuts.

The loosening of nuts, should allow the possible belt backlash to be recovered. Nevertheless, it is good practice to press tightener against the belt.



- Nut
- 2 Nut
- 3 Beit tightener arm
- Lift the belt tightener arm enough to remove pin A.2.0363, then release belt tightener.
- 8. Terminate the reassembly by reversing the order of removal, and complying with the following indications.
- a. Lubricate the threading of coolant temperature sender with the specified anti-seize product.

Antiseize: R. GORI Never Seez LOCTITE Anti Seize

- b. Tighten the following component to the specified torque.
 - Tightening torque
 Coolant temperature sender on
 thermostat container (with the
 specified antiseize product)
 20 to 25 N·m
 (15 to 18 ft·lb;
 2 to 2.5 kg·m)
- c. Restore coolant correct level.

CHECKING GOOD CONDITIONS, REPLACING AND ADJUSTING DRIVE BELTS OF ALTERNATOR, AIR CONDITIONER COMPRESSOR, POWER STEERING PUMP

- Alternator drive belt
- Tensioning adjustment
 Tensioning is correct when, applying
 147 to 294 N

(33.1 to 66.1 lb; 15 to 30 kg) load in the middle of belt, this deflects by 16 mm (0.63 in).

To adjust the tensioning, unscrew screws 1 and 2 on adjusting arm, then loosen bolt 3.

Move the alternator away, so as to increase the belt tensioning, and tighten screw 2; re-check the belt tensioning, then tighten bolt 3 and screw 1.

b. Beit replacement

Remove drive belt of air conditioner compressor and power steering pump (refer to steps 2 and 3). Loosen screws 1 and 2 and bolt 3. Move the alternator inward and remove the worn belt. Fit the new belt on the three pulleys and move alternator until the belt tensioning required is obtained.

Tighten screw 2 completely and check the tensioning; tighten bolt 3 and screw 1.

Fit the drive belt of air conditioner compressor and power steering pump; then tension them (refer to steps 2, and 3).

2. Power steering pump drive belt

Tensioning adjustment
 Tensioning is correct when, applying
 147 to 294 N

(33.1 to 66.1 lb; 15 to 30 kg)

load in the middle of belt, this deflects by 13 mm (0.51 in). To adjust the tensioning, loosen screws (1), (2) and (3), on the front adjusting bracket, and the rear bracket securing bolt. Move the pump away so as to increase the belt tensioning, then tighten screws (1) and (3).

Re-check the belt tensioning. Tighten screw 2 and the rear bracket securing bolt.

b. Belt replacement

Remove the drive belt of air conditioner compressor (refer to step 3). Loosen screws 1, 2, 3 and the rear bracket securing bolt, move the pump inward; then remove belt. Fit the new belt on the two pulleys and move the pump until the required tensioning is obtained.

Tighten screws 1 and 3 completely. Re-check the tensioning and tighten screw 2 and the bolt securing rear bracket.

Fit the belt of air conditioner compressor (refer to step 3.).

- Air conditioner compressor drive beit
- e. Belt tensioning

Tensioning is correct when, applying 196 to 343 N

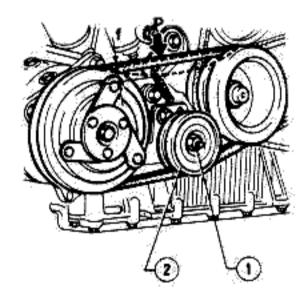
(44 to 77 lb; 20 to 35 kg)
load approx. in the middle of belt,
this deflects by 14 mm (0.55 in).
To adjust the tensioning, unscrew
bolt 1) on the belt tightener pulley 2). To increase the tensioning
lower the belt tightener pulley and
tighten bolt 1).

b. Belt replacement

Release bolt (1) of belt tightner.

Move the belt tightener pulley upwards, then remove the worn belt.

Fit the new belt on the three pulleys, and move the belt tightener pulley downwards, until the belt tensioning required is obtained. Tighten bolt (1) completely and check the tensioning.



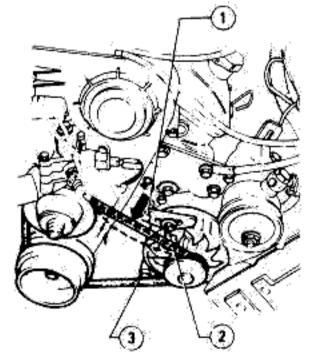
- 1 Solt
- 2 Belt tightener pulley

CHECK ON CYLINDER

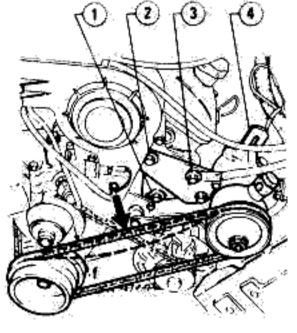
When checking poor engine performance because power is not up to specs, it is advisable to test cylinder compression using the related tester.

The check is to be carried out as follows:

- Start the engine and warm it up to the normal running temperature.
- Bemove spark plugs.



- Screw
- 2 Screw
- 3 Bolt



- 1 Screw
- 2 Screw
- 3 Screw

Rear bracket

- Detach the coil supply cable (+15).
- d. Detach the connectors on the injectors.
- e. Apply the compression tester in the seat of a spark plug.
- f. Crank the engine briefly keeping the accelerator pedal fully pressed, so that the accelerator throttle is fully open (check for leaks from pressure gauge union).
- g. Repeat the test to measure the compression value of the remaining cylinders taking care to reset the writing end of tester each time, then compare the values measured.
- h. If the difference between the pressure values measured in the cylinders is considerable, identify the cause starting from the valve tightness check and, if necessary, checking the compression rings.

FUEL SYSTEM

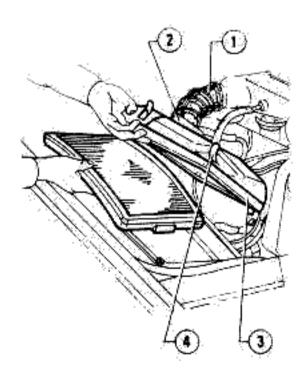
CLEANING OF AIR CLEANER AND/OR CLEANER ELEMENT REPLACEMENT

1. Cleaning

- a. Release the five clips 4 which secure air cleaner cover 3 to container, and lift cover enough to remove cleaner element, without damaging sleeve 1 and the surrounding components.
- b. Clean the element thoroughly, blowing low pressure compressed air on element lower side.
- c. Clean cleaner element container,
- d. When reassembling take care to position cleaner element correctly (on the filtering element, there is a mark indicating the upper side).
- ear Fit filter/coversand lock it with: the clips:

2. Replacement

The cleaner element must be replaced periodically, according to the periods indicated in: Vehicle Maintenance Schedule.



- 1 Steeve
- Air, flow sensor.
- 3 Filter cover
- 4 Clip

CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT OF IDLE R.P.M. AND EXHAUST EMISSIONS

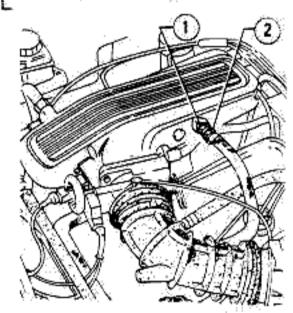
1. Adjustment of idle r.p.m.

This adjustment is to be carried out with engine at normal running temperature, gearbox in neutral, and all the ancillary devices excluded. Proceed as follows.

a. Loosen look nut 1 and rotate screw 2 until the specified r.p.m.
 value is obtained;

[For 2500 engine]:
950 ± 50 r.p.m.
up to 1200 m (4000 ft) A.S.L.
800 to 900 r.p.m.
over 1200 m (4000 ft) A.S.L.
value indicated is acceptable
[For 3000 engine]:
850 ± 50 r.p.m.
up to 1200 m (4000 ft) A.S.L.
700 to 900 r.p.m.
over 1200 m (4000 ft) A.S.L.
value indicated is acceptable

Tighten lock nut (1).



- 1 Lock nut
- 2 Idle r.p.m. adjusting screw.

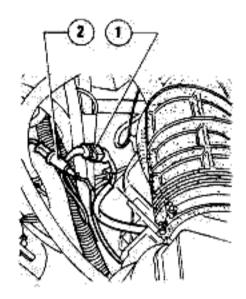
Check and adjustment of exhaust emissions (carbon monoxide percentage CO%)

This check is performed by analyzing the exhaust gas taken from the tap on the exhaust piping up stream of the catalytic converter using NDIR equipment.

This check is to be carried out with engine at normal running temperature (after the electric fan has switched on and off) and after carrying out the idle r.p.m.adjustment.

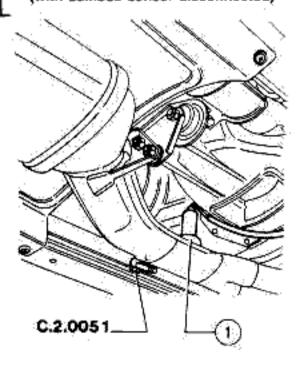
Also the following preliminary checks are to be carried out:

- Check on engine oil level
- Cleaning on air cleaner element
- Ignition system efficiency
- Ignition timing
- a. Disconnect connectors (1) and (2) of the Lambda sensor.



- Lambda sensor, resistance connector
- 2 Lambda sensor connector
- b. Using tool A.5.0212, unscrew the tap screw to take some of the exhaust gases, fit tool C.2.0051 in its place and connect it to the analyzer; the CO value must be within the specified values:

%CO = 0.5 to 0.7 (for 2500 engine) %CO = 0.5 to 0.9 (for 3000 engine) (with Lambda sensor disconnected)



1 Lambda sensor

- c. If the CO percentage is not within the specified range of values, adjust the adjusting screw (3) located on the air-flow sensor under sealing plug (2).
- d. Remove sealing plug 2 as follows:
- Remove the air-flow sensor from the vehicle and secure it on a suitable tool or in a vice with protective jaws.

CAUTION:

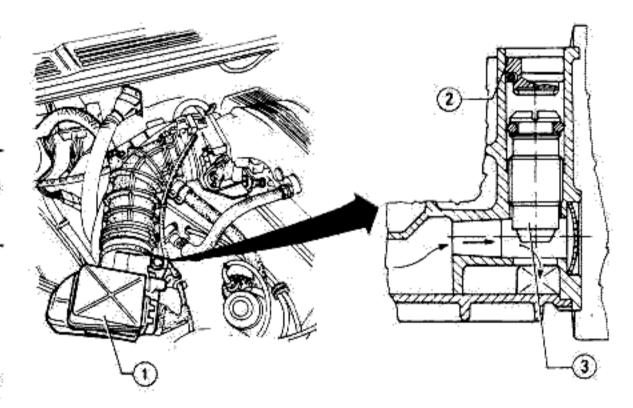
Take great care not to damage or deform the air-flow sensor body.

- Using a drill, make a hole in the aluminium plug 2.
- CAUTION

Do not drill through completely as this may damage adjusting screw 3 underneath.

Remove any bits with a jet of compressed air and tap the previously made hole until sufficient thread bits has been obtained.

- Screw a screw in the hole and pull it outwards to remove plug (2);
- Install the air flow sensor on vehicle.
- e. Start the engine, and run it until reaching normal running temperature, then adjust adjusting screw (3) according to the following indications:
- screwing increases the CO percentage
- unscrewing decreases the CO percentage.
- f. After adjusting, insert the new sealing plug.
- g. Then check that idle speed is within the specified values; if not, repeat adjustment as described in step 1.
- h. Reconnect the Lambda sensor wiring connectors and refit the plug on the exhaust gas manifold.



- Air flow sensor
- Sealing plug
- 3 Adjusting screw

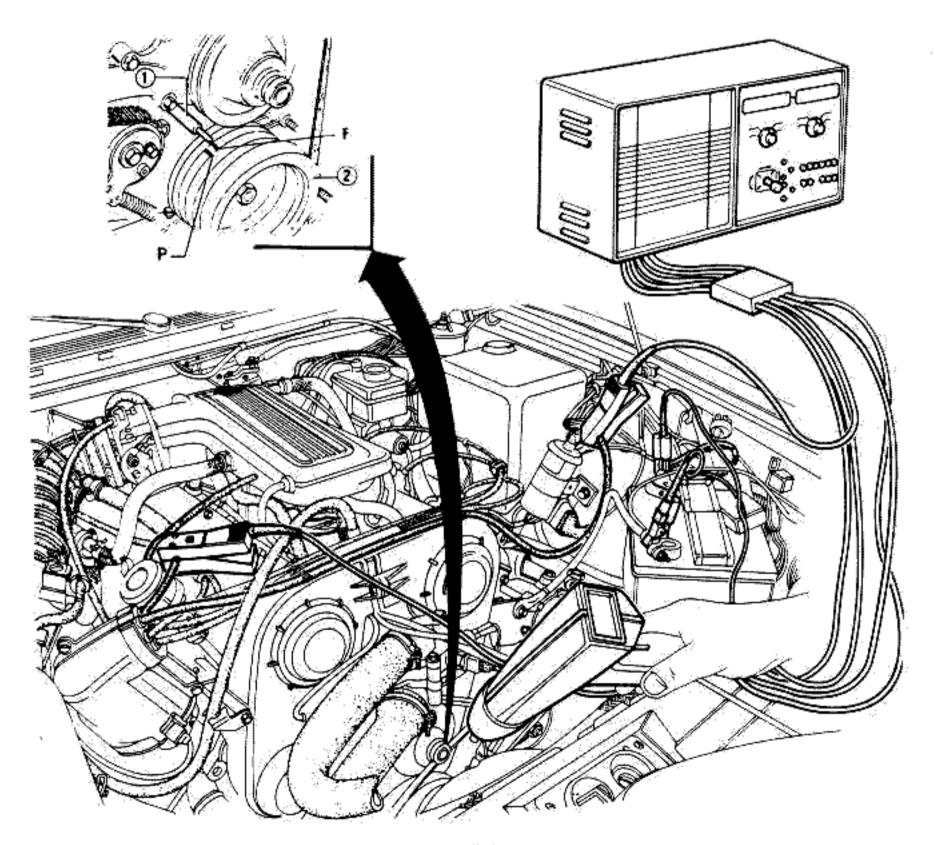
ENGINE IGNITION

CHECK AND ADJUSTMENT OF SPARK ADVANCE

CAUTION

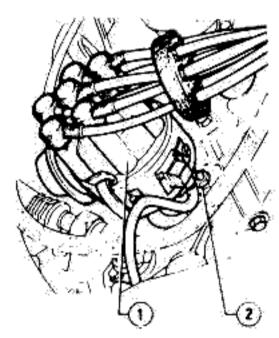
The checking of idle r.p.m. timing, must be carried out with the utmost care; correct timing, in fact, is the most important factor as far as the emission levels are concerned.

- Detach the vacuum intake hose for vacuum advance, from the ignition distributor.
- 2. Connect the stroboscopic gun to the terminal related to the spark plug of cylinder n. 1, on the ignition distributor; connect both positive and negative terminals of stroboscopic gun to the related battery terminals.
- Connect an electronic rev counter to engine.
- Run the engine to normal running temperature and, at idle check that notch
 f (marked on engine pulley) is aligned with the reference pin
- (2° ±1° before T.D.C.) (for 2500 engine)
- (7° ±1° before T.D.C.) (for 3000 engine)



- 1 Reference pin
- 2 Engine pulley

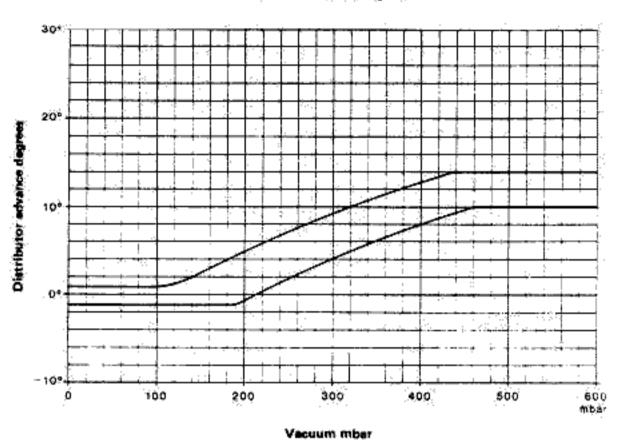
- 5. If required, adjust timing as follows:
- Unscrew nut 2 of the ignition distributor securing bolt.
- b. Rotate distributor body (1) until notch F is aligned with the reference pin.
- Tighten the nut, checking that distributor body has not been moved.
- d. Re-check the timing.
- Reconnect the vacuum intake hose for the vacuum advance.



- 1 Ignition distributor body
- 2. Bott securing distributor

ignition distributor advance graphs

Vacuum advance diagram



CHECK, CLEANING AND/OR REPLACEMENT OF SPARK PLUGS; FIRING ORDER

- The standard plugs fitted to the engine are:
 - as alternative, CHAMPION RN11YC. The LODGE HL-E spark plugs are of the surface gap type with four points and a central electrode; these plugs require no routine adjustment of the gap between the electrode and points.
 - The CHAMPION RN11YC spark plugs feature a central electrode faced by a single ground electrode; the gap between the two

- electrodes should be adjusted regularly 0.7 to 0.8 mm. (0.028 to 0.031 in).
- Use of spark plugs having different features or dimensions, can cause serious engine damage and after emission levels.
- Clean or replace the spark plugs periodically, according to the routine checks contained in the Vehicle Maintenance Schedule.
- If the ceramic insulator is cracked; or electrodes are tooworn, replace the spark plugs;

Replacement

- a. With engine cold, roll up the rubber cap, withdraw the cables and remove the spark plugs.
- b. Lubricate the threading with ISECO Molykote A grease, and tighten the spark plugs to the torque:

25 to 34 N-m (18 to 25 ft-lb; 2.5 to 3.5 kg·m)

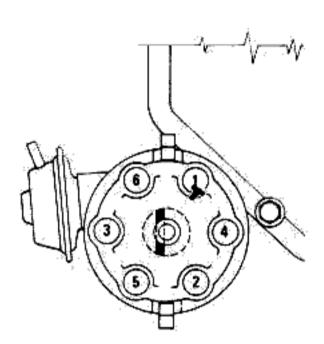
- c. Check for good mechanical and electrical connection between spark plug cables and couplings.
- If in doubt, slide the rubber cap along cable, tighten the coupling

fully, and refit rubber cap above coupling. Connect coupling to the spark plug.

CAUTION:

The spark plug cables are to be reconnected according to firing order.

Firing order: 1-4-2-5-3-6



ENGINE COOLING

CHECKING AND REFILLING THE SYSTEM

1. System check

- a. Check that the coolant level in the filler tank is within the MAX and MIN reference marks.
- b. Check for good conditions and leaks in the sleeves and piping.
- c. Check the filler tank plug, ensuring that springs, gasket and valves are in good condition
- d. Test the electric fan functioning.
- Detach the two cables of thermostat and short circuit them.
- Turn the ignition key and check that electric fan starts;

- e. Check radiator referring to Group 07 Radiator.
- f. Should considerable amounts of coolant be required, identify any possible leaks in the cooling system; in order to eliminate them.

2. System refill

Drain the system, then reful it with the following quantity and quality of liquid.

Min external temperature	*C (%)	-20 (-4)	-35 (-31)
Concentrated antifreeze Std. No. 3681-6	(Gals) 9956	3.6 (0.95)	5 (1.32)
Dilution distilled	d (Gals)	6.4 (1.69)	5 (1.32)
Antifreeze ready to use Std. No. 3681-6	(Gais)	10 (2.64)	-

To increase antifreeze protection at temperatures below -30°C (-22°F) without draining the system completely, replace 1.5 I (0.4 gals) of the mixture with the same amount of concentrated antifreeze. For temperatures below -45°C (-49°F) replace 3.3 I (0.87 gals) of the mixture.

CAUTION:

Products harmful to paint. Avoid contact with painted surfaces.

Refilling is to be carried out through tank filler, complying with the following indications:

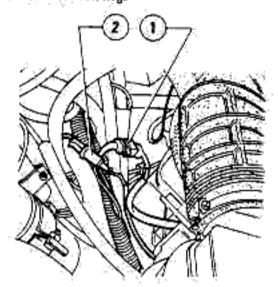
- a. Set the heater control knob to the fully open position.
- b. Fill the system until reaching the max index of header tank.
- c. Run the engine to the normal

- running temperature, so that the residuous air contained in the system flows through thermostat opening.
- d. With engine cold, top-up up to the level corresponding to the max index of header tank.
- e. Refit tank plug.

EXHAUST SYSTEM

REPLACEMENT OF EXHAUST GAS SENSOR AND CATALYTIC CONVERTER

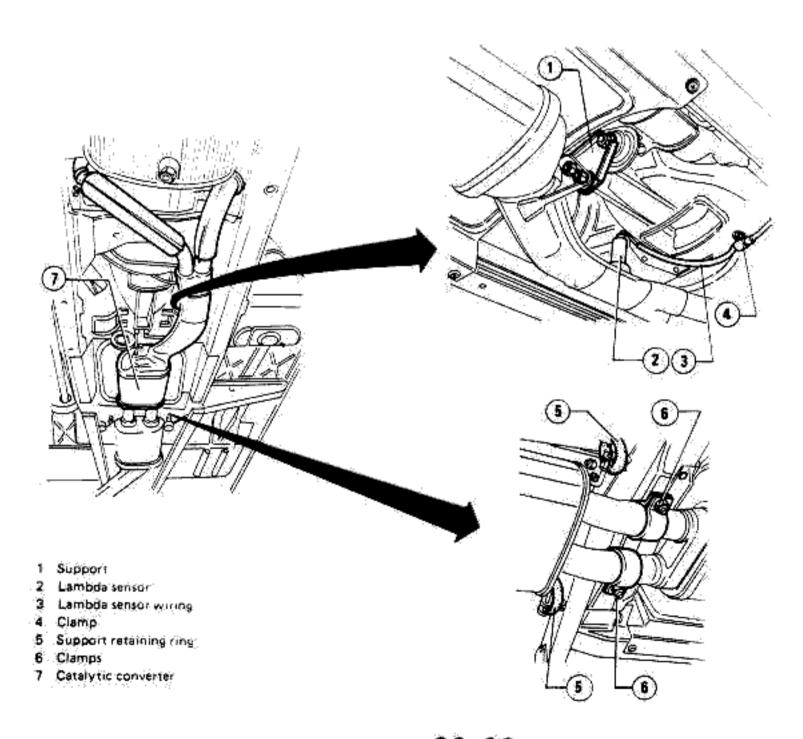
- 1. Place vehicle on lift.
- 2. Working from the engine compartment, disconnect connectors 1 and 2 of the Lambda sensor electrical wiring.



- 1 Lambda sensor resistance connector
- Lambda sensor connector

- 3. Working from under the vehicle, unscrew the bolt securing clamp 4 and release wiring 3.
- 4. Unscrew nuts securing catalytic converter 7 to the two exhaust manifolds.
- 5. Loosen the two clamps 6 at the tail end of the catalytic converter.
- 6. Unscrew and remove the two bolts securing the catalytic converter to support 1 and unhook retaining rings (5).
- Slant the converter downwards and release it from the two exhaust manifolds, recovering the gaskets in between.
- Remove the catalytic converter by disconnecting it from the center section of the exhaust pipe.
- Fit a new Lambda sensor to a new catalytic converter taken from the spare parts, as follows.

- a. Apply R. GORI Never Seez grease to the sensor threading or alternatively BOSCH 5.964.080.105.
- Using tool A.5.0264 tighten the Lambda sensor on the catalytic converter.
- 10. Install the new catalytic converter on the vehicle by reversing the order of removal and complying with the following indications.
- Fit new gaskets between exhaust manifolds and catalytic converter.
- Shake the exhaust pipe to settle it in place, then tighten all the nuts and securing bolts.
- c. Position the Lambda sensor wiring and secure it with the clamp on the flywheel bellhousing.
- d. Connect the two Lambda sensor wiring connectors located in the engine compartment.
- e. Start the engine and check all piping joints for gas leaks and undue noise.



TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS AND CORRECTIONS

ENGINE

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
STARTER DOES NOT TU	RN OR TURNS SLOWLY	
(Starting system trouble dia Run starting motor after sw	The state of the s	
A. LIGHTS SWITCH OFF OR DIN	CONSIDERABLY	k.
	Battery flat	Charge the battery and check the charging system
	Battery faulty	Replace
	Battery terminals oxidized	Clean terminals
B. LIGHTS STAY BRIGHT AND	STARTER DOES NOT WORK	1
	Interruptions in the electric connections of starting system	Restore continuity
	 Ignition block faulty. 	Replace ignition block
	Starter faulty	Repair and/or replace

ENGINE CRANKS NORMALLY BUT FAILS TO START

In most cases the trouble lies in:

- Ignition system
- Fuel system

Occasionally, the trouble can be due to the following.

- Valves operate incorrectly:
- Engine poor compression

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
(Trouble diagnosis procedu First of all, check the spar		
ignition system faulty	Spark plugs faulty	Člean, or replace:
	High voltage cables interrupted	Replace cables
	Rotor arm current leakage	Clean or replace cover
	Ignition coil faulty	Replace coil
	Low or no current in the primary circuit:	Check for loosened or disconnected terminals in the primary circuit
	Electronic control unit	Check efficiency of electronic control unit
	Relay set faulty	Replace relay
	 Incorrect timing 	Adjust
Fuel system faulty	Lack of fuel	Refill
	Tank, fuel filter and piping clogged	☐ Clean and/or replace
	• Fuel pump faulty	□ Replace
	 Injection system components faulty 	□ Chieck system
	Control unit faulty	Check or replace
POOR COMPRESSION	Spark plug tightening poor	Tighten spark plugs correctly
(Trouble diagnosis procedi Measure compression, ther	re) pour lubricant oil in the spark plug hole	
A. COMPRESSION INCREASES		
Poor sealing between cylinders and rings	Compression rings sticking and damaged	△ Replace compression rings.
	Cylinders too worn	Δ Overhaul engine
B. COMPRESSION REMAINS U	NCHANGED	
Leaks through valves and head	Valve clearance incorrect	Adjust
	Poor tightness of valve seats	△ Overhaul head
	Head gasket faulty	Δ Replace gasket

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
ENGINE IDLING INCORRE	CT .	
Fuel system faulty	Accelerator control cable faulty	Check and adjust
	Idling adjustment incorrect	Adjust
	Air filter clogged	Replace filter element
	Poor tightness of air intake system	Check ducts, tighten clamps, replace faulty components if required
	Air-flow sensor faulty	□ Replace
	 Injectors and/or pressure regulator faulty 	☐ Check and/or replace
	Auxiliary air device faulty.	□ Replace:
	Air and/or water temperature sensors faulty	□ Replace
Poor compression	As above	As above
Ignition system faulty	 Incorrect operation of ignition system (spark plugs, high voltage coil, coil, etc.) 	Adjust and/or replace
	Ignition timing incorrect	Adjust

VEHICLE FAILS TO REACH THE MAX SPEED

(Trouble diagnosis procedure)

Check that:

Fuel is of the specified type

Clutch does not slip

Wheels turn smoothly (brakes, bearings)

Tires are at the specified pressure

Poor compression	As above	As above
Engine overheating.	Coolant insufficient Water pump drive belt loosened or broken	Refill and check system tightness Overhaul or replace
	Thermal switch on radiator faulty	□ Replace
	Water pump faulty Radiator clogged or leaking	☐ Replace ☐ Clean, repair or replace
	Electric fan faulty Air in the cooling system	☐ Replace ☐ Restore tightness

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
ngine overcooling	 Thermostat faulty Thermal switch faulty 	□ Replace
uel system faulty	As above	As above
nition system faulty	Spark plugs faulty Ignition timing incorrect	Clean or replace

ENGINE NOISY

(Trouble diagnosis procedure)

Check that: Engine is not overloaded due to incorrect use of gearbox

Check:

"Knocking due to incorrect combustion"

"Mechanical knocking"

KNOCKING	DUETO	INCOR	RECT	COMBUS	CHON

Backfire, self-ignition, detonations	* Improper fuel	Use the proper fuel
Incorrect ignition	Ignition timing incorrect Improper spark plugs	Adjust timing Use the proper spark plugs
Mixture too lean	 Insufficient fuel delivery and/or air seepage in the air intake ducts 	Check fuel system
Cylinder head faulty	 Carbon deposits in combustion chambers 	Δ Disassemble head and remove the carbon deposits
MECHANICAL KNOCKING		1
Main bearings knocking	Main bearings worn (this noise increases during acceleration)	Δ Replace bearings and grind or replace crankshaft
Big end bearing knocking	Big end bearings worn (noise is slightly louder than that of main bearings; also this noise increases during acceleration)	Δ See previous item

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Pistons noisy	 Piston and/or cylinder liners worn. (Noise is metallic and increases as soon as rotation speed increases; it decreases when engine is hot) 	Δ. Overhauf engine
Valves noisy	Valve clearance adjustment incorrect	Adjust
Water pump noisy	Rotor backlash	O Replace pump
Alternator noisy	Bearing backlash	◇ Replace bearings
Exhaust noisy	Exhaust system components loosened or damaged	☐ Check, and replace if required
EXCESSIVE OIL CONSUMPTION	DN-	
.Oil: feaks	 Drain plug loosened Oil sump screws loosened Oil sump gasket inefficient Oil filter loosened Oil pressure switch loosened Oil dipstick poor tightness 	Tighten Tighten or replace Replace gasket Tighten, or replace if required Tighten Replace dipstick
Excessive oil consumption	 Cylinders and pistons worn Compression rings mounted incorrectly Compression rings worn Valve guides and rubbers worn 	 △ Grind cylinders and replace pistons △ Restore correct mounting △ Replace compression rings, or grind cylinder, and replace pistons if required △ Replace valve guides and rubbers
Other	 Valve stem worn Improper oil grade Engine overheating 	Δ Replace valves Change oil and refill with oil of proper grade As above

		·
Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action

EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION

CAUTION.

The utmost care is recommended in the measuring of fuel consumption, since speed, load, type of road, and driving habits, greatly affect fuel consumption

Engine power not up to normal	As above	As above
Faults in the fuel system	Idle i p.m. too high	Adjust idle r.p.m.
	Accelerator return incorrect	Adjust
	• Fuel leaks	Repair or tighten the fuel piping connections
	Air cleaner clogged	Replace cleaner
	Mixture too reach	Check fuel system components
OTHER TROUBLES		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Oil pressure reduced	Improper oil	Use the proper oil
	Oil insufficient	Top-up with the proper oil
	Overheating	As above
	 Oil pump pressure relief valve inefficient 	Repair or replace
	 Excessive backlash in the sliding surfaces 	Δ Overhaut engine
	Oil filter clogged	Replace element
	Oil pressure switch faulty	Replace
Stiding surfaces too worn	Oil pressure insufficient	Ås above
	 Improper oil quality, or oil fouting 	Use proper oil (replace cleaner element)
	Air cleaner defective	Replace cleaner element
	Overheating or overcooling	As above
Seizing of sliding surfaces	Oil pressure insufficient	As above
	Backlash insufficient	Δ Replace the damaged parts checking backlashes
	Overheating	As above

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
conversion efficiency.	RHEATING rature may result in alumina element damages also result, with consequent risk of fire.	ge and inferior
Catalytic converter overheating	Plug fouling Fuel pump faulty or fuel filter clogged (low pressure)	Clean or replace plugs Replace or clean
	 Injectors defective Air cleaner element dirty Throttle linkage adjustment incorrect Engine and auxiliaries not adjusted as required Exhaust line leakage upstream of Lambda sensor 	□ Replace Replace □ Adjust linkage Δ Tune engine Rectify leakage
	 Pressure regulator defective Battery voltage low (or charging system defective) Converter overheating may also be caused by: Low fuel tank level Prolonged engine overloading (e.g. driving at max. speed, towing or prolonged mountain driving) 	□ Replace ❖ Recharge battery (or overhaul system) Keep tank adequately supplied Avoid engine overloading

- △ Refer to Group 01
- ☐ Refer to Group 04
- Refer to Group 05
- O Refer to Group 07

IGNITION

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Irregular firing	Spark plugs faulty	Replace spark plugs
	Poor high voltage connections	Replace or restore high voltage connections
	 Distributor cap with signs of flashover or burning 	Replace distributor cap
	Rotor arm faulty	Ø Replace rotor, arm.
	Mechanical failure of ignition distributor	 Disassemble distributor and replace the faulty components or if re- quired replace the whole ignition distribution
	 Ignition coil cap with signs of flashover or burning 	Replace ignition coil
	 Ignition coil secondary winding short-circuited or interrupted 	Replace ignition coil
	Electronic module inefficient	Replace electronic module
	 Ignition timing incorrect (at idle) 	Time ignition
	Advance control unit defective	Replace control unit
No spark	Electric connections interrupted	Identify the interruption and repair or replace connections
	 Coil ignition distributor cap- punctured by high-voltage or by discharges. 	Replace distributor cap.
	 Rotor arm punctured by high voltage or by discharges 	◇ Replace rotor arm.
	 Ignition coil cap punctured by high voltage or by discharges 	Replace ignition coll
	 Ignition coil primary winding short - circuited or discharged 	Replace Ignition coil
	Ignition coil secondary winding interrupted	Replace ignition coil
	Ignition electronic module faulty	Replace module
	Advance control unit defective	Replace control unit

Refer to Group 05

FUEL SYSTEM

A. QUICK DIAGNOSIS

NOTE:

The correct use of this trouble diagnosis procedure assumes vehicle to be in order (transmission in particular), and engine in good operating conditions (valves, cylinders, couplings)

- 1 Cold start is difficult or impossible
- 2 Warm start is difficult or impossible
- 3 Engine starts and stalls immediately
- 4. Irregular functioning during warm-up
- 5. Irregular idle r.p.m.
- 6 Fail to reach max speed
- 7 Excessive fuel consumption
- 8 Engine misses in all running conditions
- 9 Idle CO value too high
- 10 Idle CO value too low

Condition

1	2	3	4	5	6	ż	8	9	10	Probable cause	Corrective action
×	×	X	×	×	X	×	×			 Poor connections of system connectors and/or wiring continuity absent 	Check correct connection of connectors and electric continuity
x	X	x								Relay set faulty	Replace relay
×	×	×		×	×					 Air and/or fuel piping incorrectly connected or damaged 	Check, and restore if required.
×	x	×			×		×			Fuel pump faulty or delivery insufficient	Check pump and related connector
×	x	x		x	×		×		x	• Fuel pressure too low	Check functioning of pump and pressure regulator Check delivery piping Check supply system filter
	×	×		×		×				Fuel pressure too high	Check pressure regulator Check return piping
×										Cold start injector fails to open	Replace injector

1:	2	3	4	5	6	7:	8	9	10	Probable cause	Corrective action
	X	x		×		x		×		Cold start injector fails to close:	Replace injector
X.	×	2-								 Thermo-time switch faulty 	Check, and replace if required
, Х,		×								 Auxitiary air device fails to open 	Check valve
			x	x	X					 Auxiliary air device fails to close 	Check valve
×	×			×	X	, X	×	×	×	Air-flow sensor faulty	Perform a mechanical and electrical check of air-flow sensor efficiency
x	×	×	x	×	×		·		X.	 Poor tightness of air supply system 	Check tighteners
×	×		;	х					×	Little fuel delivered by one or more injectors	Remove injector connectors one at a time, in order to identify the faulty one. Replace the faulty injector.
	x			×		×		х		Too much fuel delivered by one or more injectors	Remove injector connectors one at a time in order to identify the faulty one. Replace the faulty injector
X	X	x				x		×	×	 Air and/or water sensors faulty 	Check water temperature sensor or air-flow sensor. Replace if required
		×		×						 Idle r.p.m. adjustment incorrect. 	Adjust
				×				×	×	Mixture strength too rich or too lean	Adjust mixture strength by operating the by-pass screw on the air-flow sensor using a tester
				x						Throttle rest position incorrect	Check position of throttle or of accelerator control cable

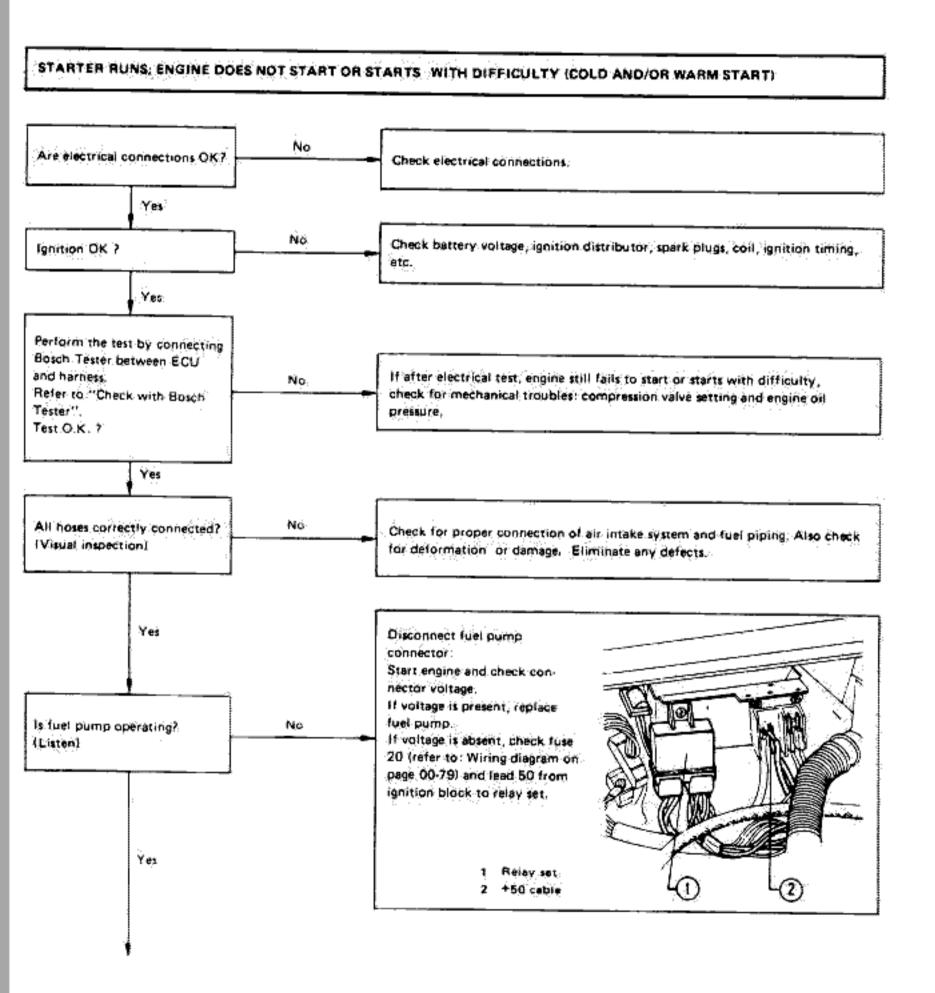
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Probable cause	Corrective action
				×	×					Throttle switch maladjusted or faulty	Check the min and max r.p.m. contacts. Replace switch if required
				×	×	×				Air cleaner clogged	Replace
					x					Accelerator throttle fails to open completely	Adjust accelerator cable
x	X	×	:							Air-flow sensor pump contact faulty	Check contact
×	×	x	×	×	×	×	×	х	×	Electronic control unit faulty	Replace control unit
×	×	×		×	×	×	X			Ignition system (coil, distri- butor, spark plugs) faulty	Check system components. Replace the faulty ones
								×.		Lambda sensor inefficient	Replace Lambda sensor
						×	×	×	X	Altitude compensation device defective	Replace altitude compensation device

B. DETAILED TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS

The troubleshooting program is arranged in two columns, the left column contains the symptom of troubles; the right column states the test steps to be performed.

If the questions in the left column can be conclusively answered in an affirmative way without testing, proceed to the next symptom in the same column. On the other hand, should the stated trouble be suspected, the directions in the right column must be followed until the trouble is found.

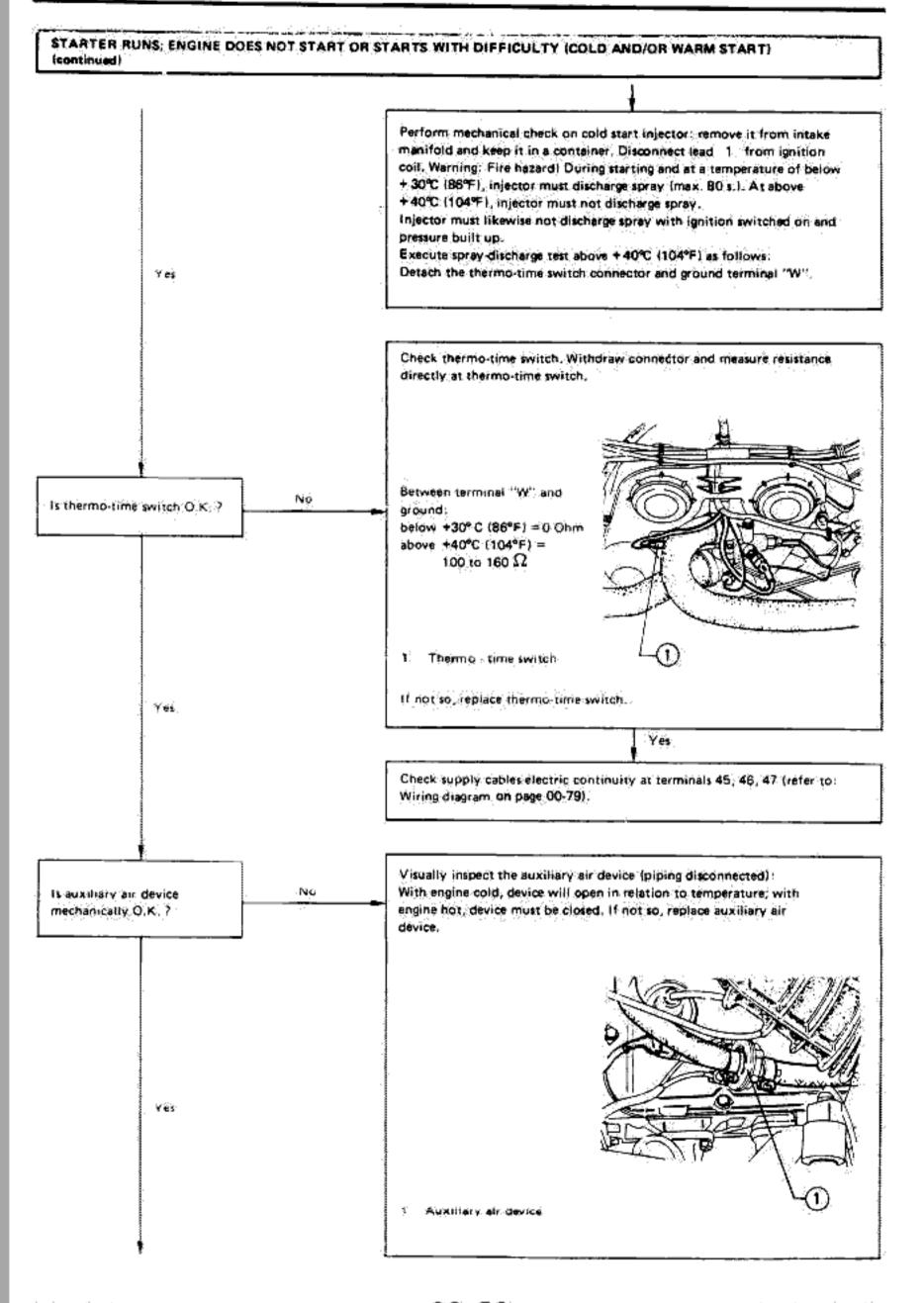
When the sequence of instructions in the right column is completed troubleshooting is continued in the symptom column



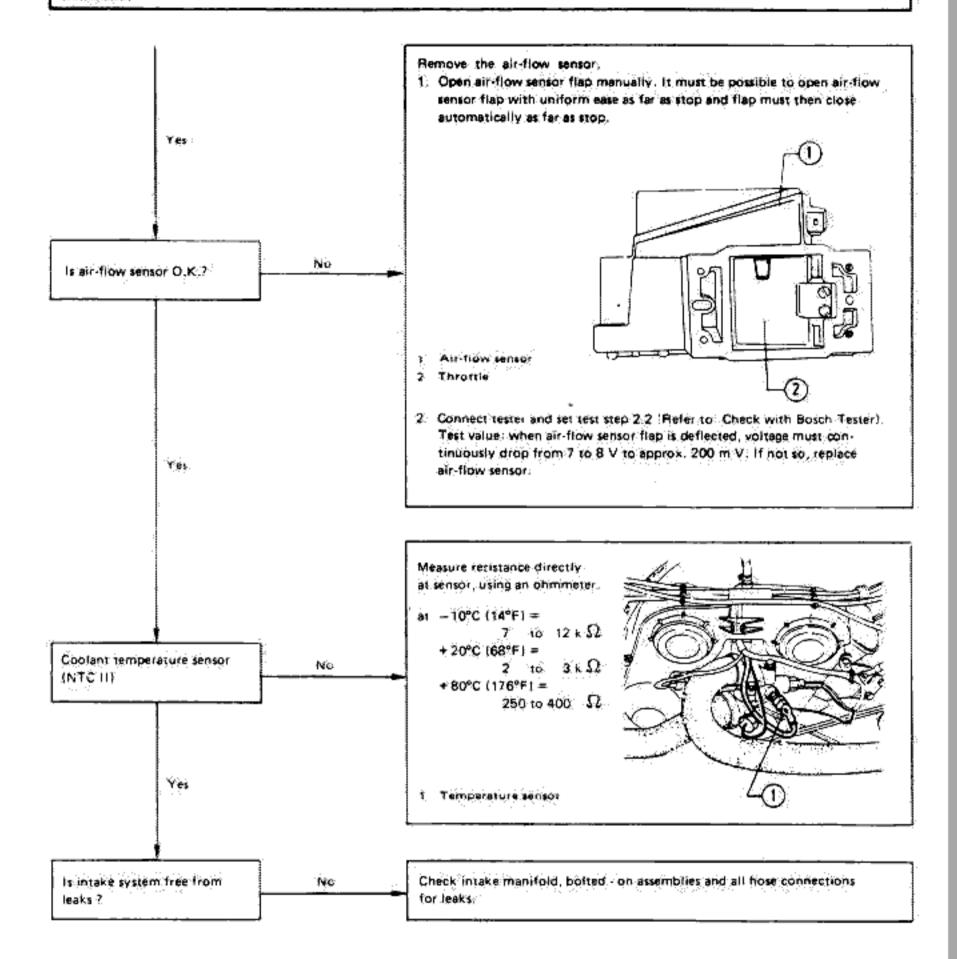
STARTER RUNS: ENGINE DOES NOT START OR STARTS WITH DIFFICULTY (COLD AND/OR WARM START)

Test value not reached: Y es 1. Throttle return hose: Pressure rises above 4 bar (58 p.s.). = replace pressure regulator. Pressure remains below 4 bar (58 p.s.i.) = replace fuel pump. 2. Check for fuel piping and filter throughflow. Fuel pressure O. K. ? 3. Fuel filter clogged... No (Test value: 2.5 bar 136,26 p.s.i.) 4. Tank corroded. Test value exceeded 1. Fuel return hose clogged or constructed, 2. Replace pressure regulator. Y 61 Check injector supply voltage: For this purpose, withdraw injector connector. Connect test lamp to connector terminels 46 and 47 (refer to: Wiring diagram on page 00-79 Start engine: Test lamp lights up when Cold start injector coolant < 30°C (86°F). Test No O.K. ? lamp does not light up above 40°C (104°F), If not so, check leads 45, 46 and 47 for continuity using test lamp (refer to: Wiring diagram on page 00-79). If O.K. check thermo-time switch. Cold start injector Injector connector Yes 7'62 Perform electrical check on cold start injector: resistance approx. 4 Ω If the cold start injector is faulty, replace it. Cold start injector Injector connector 3 Supply hose Yes.

(continued)

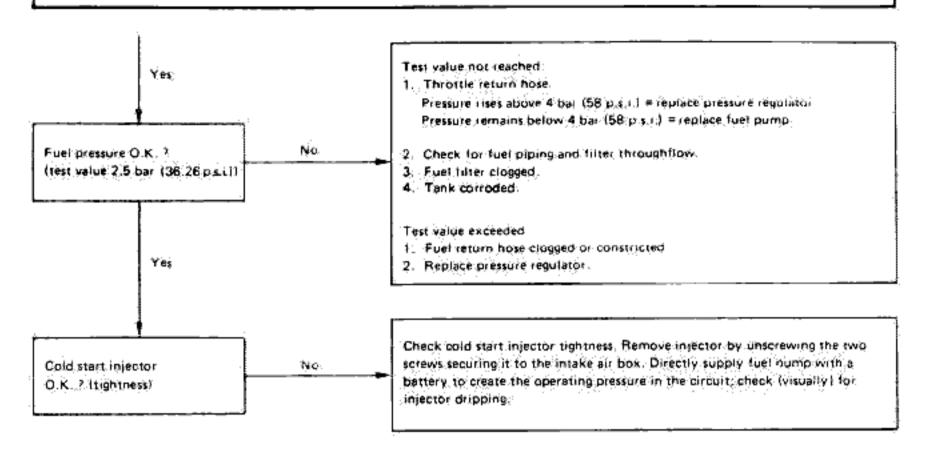


STARTER RUNS; ENGINE DOES NOT START OR STARTS WITH DIFFICULTY (COLD AND/OR WARM START)



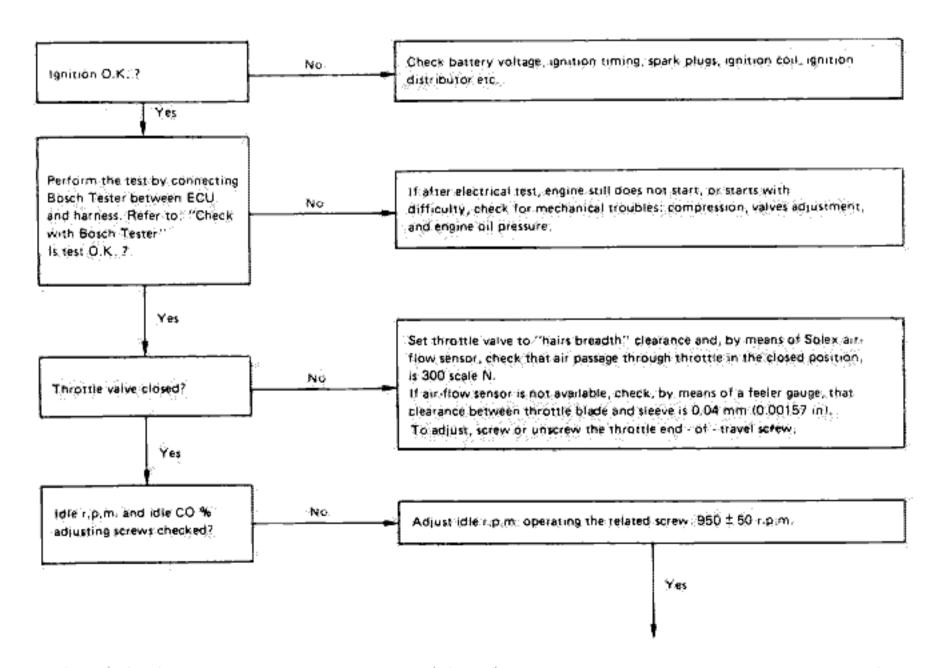
ENGINE STARTS AND THEN CUTS OUT AGAIN No Check battery voltage, ignition timing, spark plugs, ignition coil, ignition Ignition O.K.? distributor, etc. Yes Perform the test by connecting Bosch Tester between ECU If after electrical test, engine still does not start or starts with difficulty, No and harness. (Refer to "Check check for mechanical troubles: compression, valve adjustment, and engine with Bosch Tester"). oil pressure. is test O.K. ? Yes Are all hoses correctly con-Check that intake system hoses are free from deformation or damage and nected? properly connected. Eliminate defects. No (visual inspection) Check air tightness of intake manifold, boilted assemblies and all hose. Is intaké system free from leaks? connection. Disconnect fuel pump connector: Start engine and check connector voltage. If voltage is present, replace fuel pump: Yes 2. Check voltage presence from air flow sensor, terminal 36 to relay set terminal 86 b. (Refer to: Wiring diagram on page 00-79). 3. If voltage is absent: Check fuel pump contact in the air-flow sensor; is fuel pump: Νó remove air flow sensor; operating? detach connector from (listen) air-flow rensor and connect an ohmmeter at terminals 36 and 39 of air-flow sensor. (Refer to: Wiring diagram on page 00-79). Slightly open flap Ϋeş manually. Reading shall Feet pump be within as to 0 Ohm. Pump connector

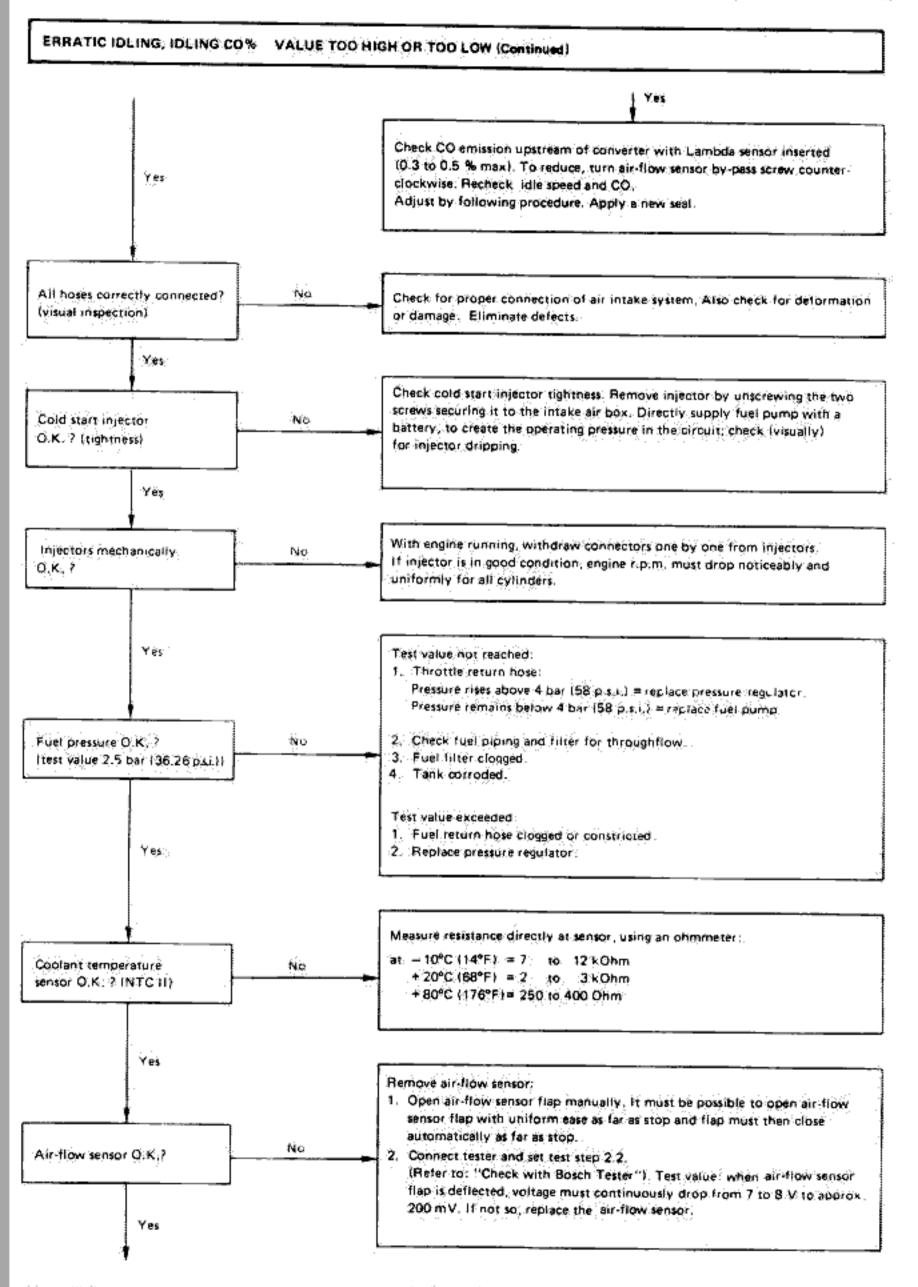
ENGINE STARTS AND THEN CUTS OUT AGAIN (Continued)



ERRATIC IDLING, IDLING CO % VALUE TOO HIGH OR TOO LOW

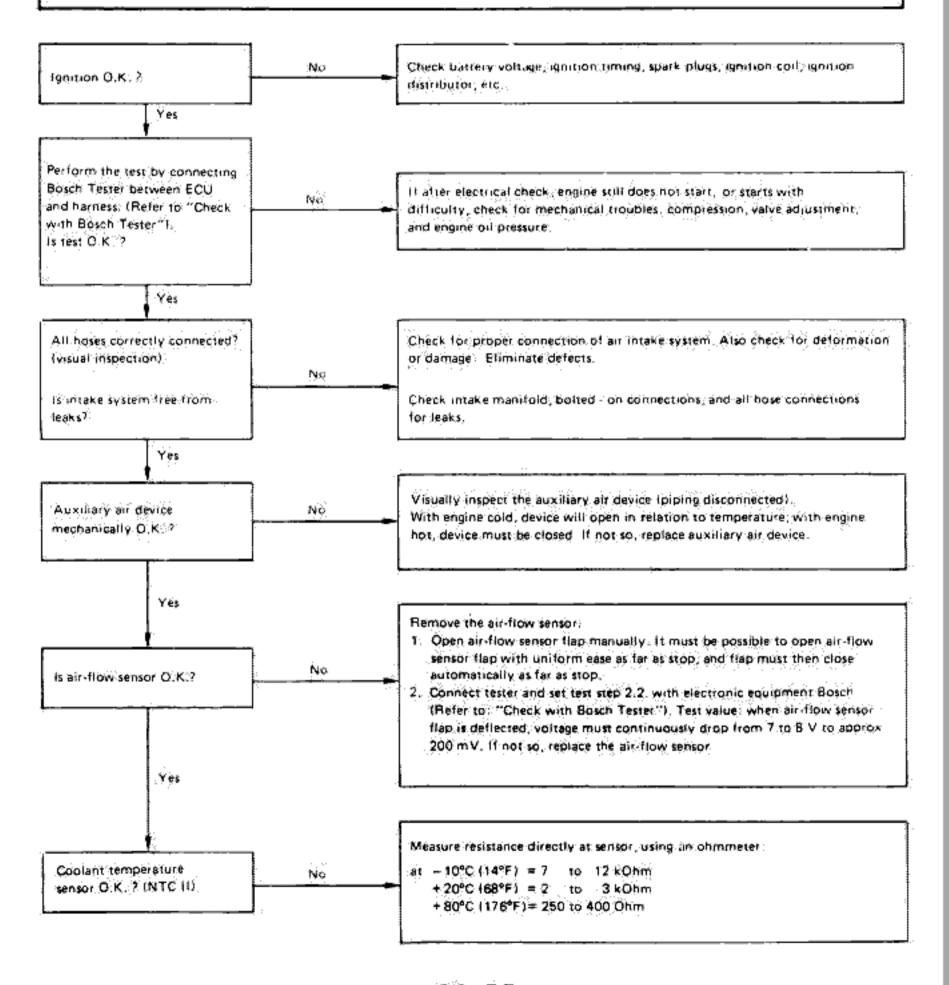
All work on idling must be carried out with the engine at operating temperature, with transmission in neutral and the air conditioner (if present) switched off...





| Yes | Yes | No | Check make manifeld, Bolini on assembles and all hose connections for leaks.

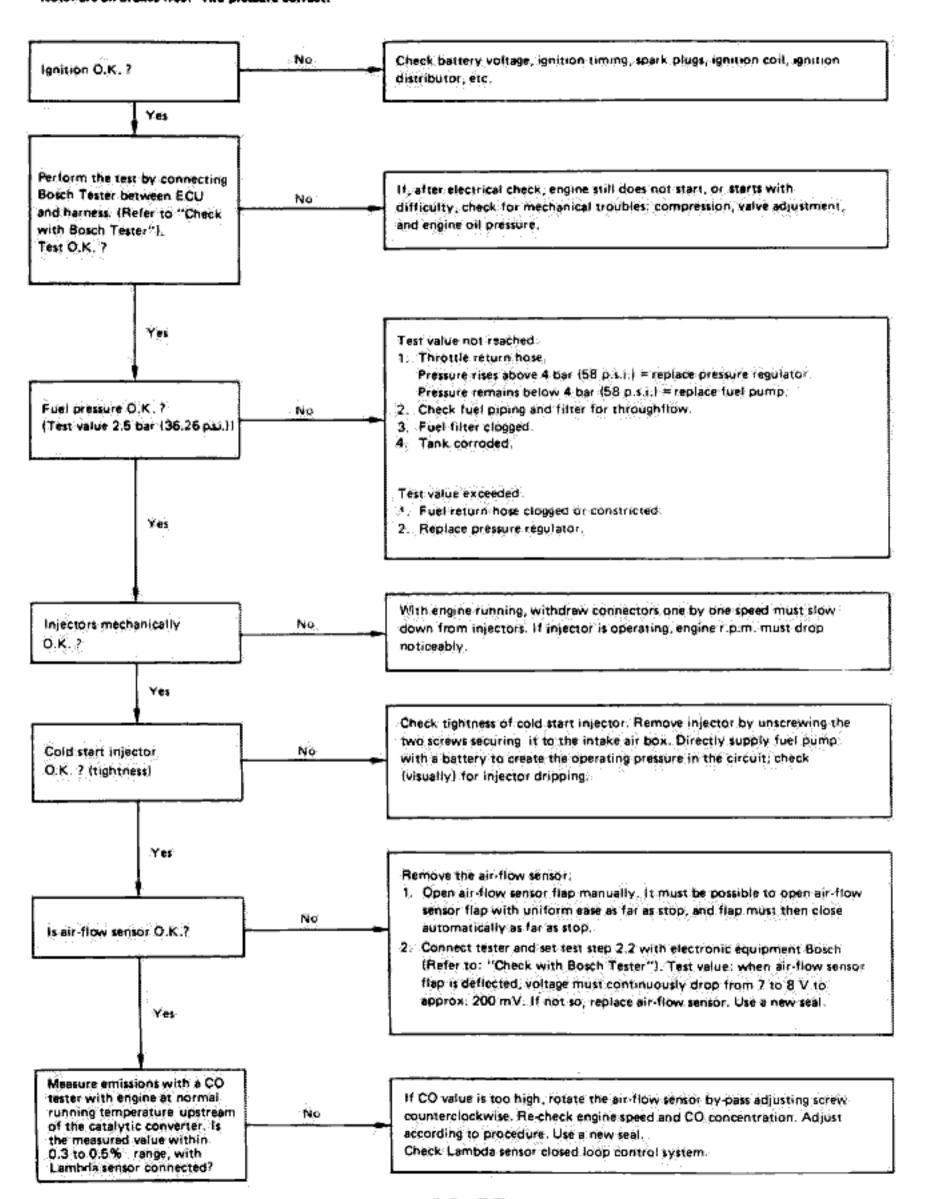
INSUFFICIENT POWER DELIVERY, POOR ACCELERATION



COMBUSTION MISSES IN ALL DRIVING CONDITIONS Check battery voltage, ignition timing, spark plugs, ignition coil, ignition Nο Ignition O.K. ? distributor, etc. Yes: Perform the test by connecting Bosch Tester between ECU If after electrical check, engine still does not start, or starts with No and harness. (Refer to "Check difficulty, check for mechanical troubles; compression, valve adjustment. with Bosch Tester"). and engine oil pressure. Is test O.K.? Yes Check connectors for proper attachment and corrosion. Check leads: 5, 16; Connectors of ignition system No: 17, 35 and 49 for continuity and loose contacts [Refer to: Wiring diagram harness O.K. 7 on page 00-79). Yes. Detach both connectors from relay set. Check whether all receptacles Voltage supply to fuel -No and leads are O.K. Check all connection leads for continuity while moving harness. Suspected lead breaks. See also preceding test step with Bosch injection system Q, K, 2 Tester Yes Remove the air-flow sensor: 1. Open air flow sensor flap manually. It must be possible to open air flow sensor with uniform ease as far as stop, and flap must then close is air-flow sensor O.K.? Νo automatically as far as stop. 2. Connect tester and set test step 2.2 with electronic equipment Bosch (Refer to: "Check with Bosch Tester"), Test value; when air-flow sensor flap is deflected, voltage must continuously drop from 7 to 8 V to approx. 200 mV. If not so, replace the air-flow sensor. Yes Connect Bosch Tester. Let engine run, Tap control unit slightly and move multiple conductor connector. Look for combustion misses, If required, No ECU O.K. ? repair multiple conductor connector, or replace the faulty control unit. Check wire 1 from coil to injection control unit.

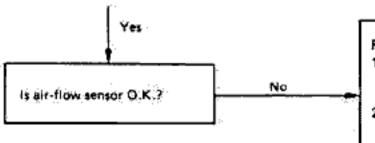
EXCESSIVE FUEL CONSUMPTION - TOWN TRAFFIC ?

Note: are all brakes free? Tire pressure correct?



ENGINE FAILS TO DELIVER MAX POWER No. Check battery voltage, ignition timing, spark plugs, ignition coil, ignition Ignition O.K.? distributor, etc. Yes Perform the test by connecting Bosch Tester between ECU If, after electrical check, engine still does not start, or starts with Νo and harness. Refer to "Check difficulty, check for mechanical troubles, compression, valve adjustment, and with Bosch Tester engine oil pressure. Test O.K. 7 Yes Check that throttle max opening corresponds to max acceleration position of Does throttle valve open Nα pedal. fully? Check throatle control cable adjust if necessary. Accelerator pedal in released position; Yes Resistance between terminals 3 and 18 (full load contact): ----Accelerator pedal fully depressed: Resistance between terminals 3 and 18 (on throttle switch): No. 0 Ohm. Throttle switch O.K. ? If not so, check throttle control cable, or replace. switch, Throttle body Throttle switch Yes Test value not reached: 1: Throttle return hose. Pressure rises above 4 bar (58 p.s.i.) = replace pressure regulator. Pressure remains below 4 bar (58 p.s.i.) # replace fuel pump. Fuel pressure O.K. ?-No 2. Check fuel piping and filter throughflow, (test value: 2.5 bar (36.26 p.s.i.)) Fuel fifter clogged. Tank corroded; Test value exceeded: 1. Fuel return hose clogged or constricted: 2. Replace pressure regulator. Yes All hoses correctly connected? Check for proper connection of air intake system. Also check for (vitue) inspection) deformation or damage . Eliminate defects. No is intake system free from Check intake manifold, bolted - on assemblies, and all hose connections for leaks? Yes

ENGINE FAILS TO DELIVER MAX POWER (Continued)



Remove air-flow sensor.

- Open air-flow sensor flap manually. It must be possible to open air-flow sensor flap with uniform ease as far as stop, and flap must then close automatically as far as stop.
- Connect tester and set test step 2.2 with electronic equipment Bosch.
 (Refer to: "Check with Bosch Tester"). Test value: when air-flow sensor.
 tisp is deflected, voltage must continuously drop from 7 to 8 V to approx.
 200 mV. If not so, replace air-flow sensor.

CHECK WITH BOSCH TESTER (0.648.100.202)

- Remove the injection ECU (refer to Group 04 - Electrical Components - Injection Control Unit).
- Connect the female connector of the Bosch Tester to the control unit and the male connector to the car's wiring harness.

CAUTION:

Take the utmost care when attaching and disconnecting connectors.

- Turn the cylinder selector switch to "6"...
- Switch on the ignition; the red lamp on tester will come on.

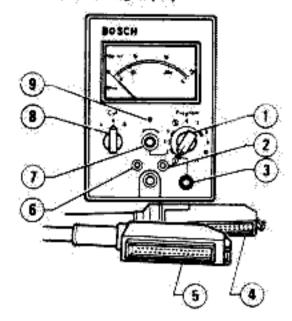
The red indicator lamp must stay lit throughout test procedure. If the lamp goes off, voltage supply is defective.

The green lamp monitors the triggering of injection pulses.

When starting motor is actuated this lamp blinks.

The green indicator lamp is normally off.

Tester with analog display



- 1 Rotary switch "program"
- 2 Indicator lamp "green"
- 3 "Program" button
- 4 Connection to control unit
- 5 Connection to wiring harness
- 6 Indicator lamp "red"
- 7 Adjustment knob
- 8 Cylinder selector switch
- 9 Mechanical zero adjustment

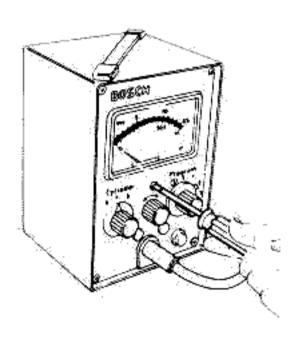
For the electric references see: INJECTION WIRING DIAGRAM on page 00-79.

TEST 1.1

Program switch in	position	1		
Operations	Program button	-		
Oberations.	To be carried out on vehicle	-		
	Meter	o v		
Correct reading	red	ón		
	green	ò(f		
Component under	(ési	Gauging instrument in tester		
Test type		Tester mechanical zero isotting		
Incorrect reading		Pointer not indicating zero		

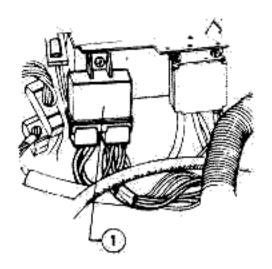
Trouble diagnosis and other information

Adjust the zero setting of tester gauging instrument,



TEST 1.2

Program switch in	position		1
Operations	Program	button	÷
	To be ca	rriéd out on véhiclé	-
	Meter		/0·V ·
Correct reading		red	190
	Lamps •	green	off
Component under	1est		Relay set (main)
Test type		Voltage supply	
Incorrect reading			Red lamp not lit up



1 Main relay set

Trouble diagnosis and other information.

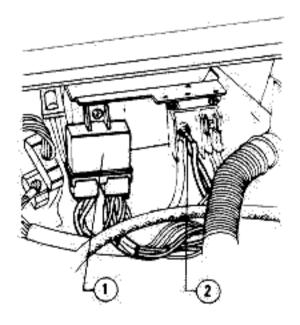
Check lead from relay set, term. 85 to multiple conductor connector, term. 28 from ECU term. 28 to ECU term. 16 as well as multiple conductor connector term. 16 to ground terminal for a break, using chammeter (nominal value 0 \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to With ignition switched on, test voltage at relay set terms. 88 c, 88 z, 88 a 88 e, 88 b, 88 f, and multiple conductor connector term. 10. Eliminate any lead breaks or contact resistances, or replace relay set.

TEST 1.3

Program switch in	position		1	
Parade in its	Program	button	_	
Operations	To be c	arried out on vehicle	Shift to neutral actuate starting motor	
	Meter		8 to 15 V	
Correct reading		red		
	Lamps	green	blinking	
Component under	test		Starting motor term, 50 and relay set	
Test type,			Voltage at ECU term, 4	
Incorrect reading			No voltage indication	

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Voltage indication less than 8 V; battery insufficiently charged or considerable voltage drops. No voltage indication test voltage when starting, at relay set terms, 86 a and 86 — multiple conductor connector term; 4. Look for break or replace relay set.



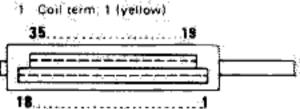
- 1 Main relay set
- 2 Starting motor term. 50

TEST 1.4

Program switch in	position		Ť	
Operations:	Progran	button		
Öber silőuz:	To be d	arried out on vehicle	Shift to neutral actuate starting motor	
	Meter		8 to 15 V	
Correct reading	Lamine	red.	on	
	Lamps	green	blinking	
Component under	test.		Lead from ECU term. 1 and coil term. 1	
Test type		ECU - coil triggering		
Incorrect reading		Green light not blinking		

Trouble diagnosis and other information

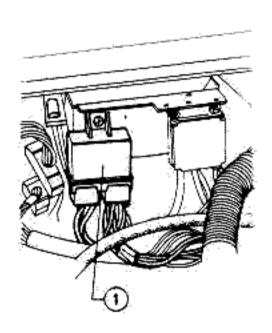
Check lead 1 from ignition coil term, 1 to multiple conductor connector term; 1 of break.



View of multiple conductor connector from system wiring. Terminal 1 (coil) connected to revicounter.

TEST 1.5

Program switch in	position		1 (*)		
Operations	Program	nibútíon	Vet		
Operacions	To be o	arried out on vehicle	_		
	Meter		:0 V.		
Correct reading	liamne	red	.gń		
	Lamps.	green	off		
Component under	r. test		Relay set (fuel pump contact on air-flow sensor)		
Test type		No voltage at ECU term. 20			
Incorrect reading		indication not zero			



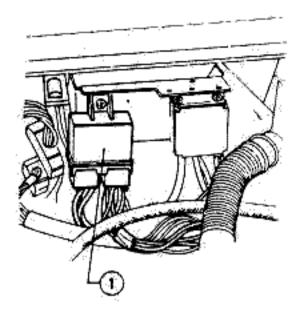
1 Main, relay set

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Detach air-flow sensor connector. Repeat test. Voltage indication: replace relay set; voltage indication 0 V: replace airflow sensor (pump contact does not open)

TEST 1.6

Program switch in	position		1	
Operations	Program	button	yes	
Operations:	To be c	arried out on vehicle	Shift to neutral actuate starting motor	
	Meter		8 to 15 V	
Correct reading	Lamps	red	on:	
	Pánuba.	green	blinking	
Component under	test		Relay set	
Test type			Voltage at ECU term: 20	
Incorrect reading		No voltage indication		



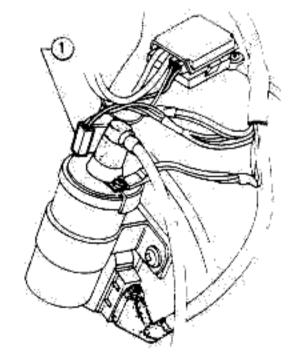
1 Main relay set

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Slightly open by hand the air-flow sensor flap, then repeat the test step, if malfunction persists, remove the air-flow sensor connector and slightly open the flap. The ohmmeter connected across terms 36 and 39 should indicate 0 Ω If reading is correct, check for continuity in the leads from relay set terms 36 and 39 to the relevant terminals of air-flow sensor, as well as from relay set term 86 b to the relevant terminal of multiple conductor connector.

TEST 1.7

Program switch in	position		1	
Operations:	Program	button	· ýes	
operations.	To be d	arried out on vehicle	Shift to neutral actuate starting motor	
	Meter		8 to 15 V	
Correct reading	Lombe	red.	on. Ölinking	
	Lamps	green		
Component under	test		Lead from ECU term, 1 to ignition coil term, 1	
Test type			ECU triggering of ignition coil term, 1	
Incorrect reading			Green light not blinking	



1 Coil terminal 1 (yellow):

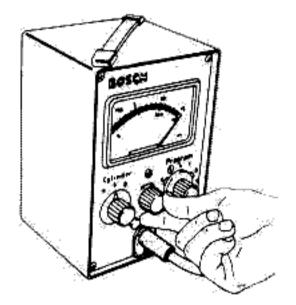
View of multiple conductor connector from system waring. Terminal 1 (colliconnected to rev. counter.

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Check the continuity in the lead from coil term. I to intermediate connector, and then to term. I of ECU multiple conductor connector.

TEST 2.1 N.B. set adjusting knob to 15 V

Риорат эжеси п	position		-2
Operacions	Program	n button	
	To be o	angled out on vehi	cle.
	Meter		15 V
Correct Feading	Lainps	red	δii
	Fricips	(ji een	off
Component under	test		Tester
Test type		Tester operation	
Incorrect leading		Matching indicating instrument to battery voltage	

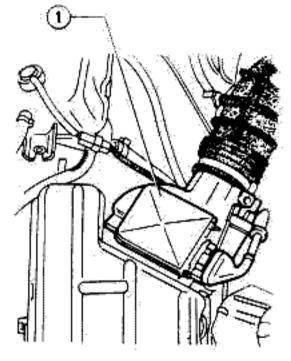


Trouble diagnosis and other information

Tester faulty.

TEST 2.2

Program system in position		2	
Operations	Program button		yes
	To be carried out on vehicle		٦
Correct:/eading	Meter		7 to 8 V
	Lamps	red.	ġń
	rainba	- duseu	otf
Component under test.			Air-flow sensor potentiometer
Test type			Potentiometer voltage with flap in off position
tindorredt reading			No indication, or indication exceeding nominal value



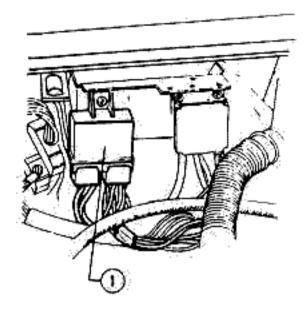
1 Air flow sensor

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Check leads from air-flow sensor to multiple conductor connector for break, using ohimmeter. Terminals 6, 7, 8, 9 on both assemblies. Voltage drops at plug-incontacts. Replace air-flow sensor and check air-flow sensor flap for freedom of movement.

TEST 3.1

Program switich in position		3	
O 11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-	Program button		
Operations	To be carried out on vehicle		т
Correct reading	Meter		70 to 500 Ω
	Lamps	red	ión
		green	off
Component under test			Relay set and ground connection
Test type			Resistance from ECU term, 20 to ground via pump relay coil
Incorrect reading			Resistance outside tolerance



1 Main relay set

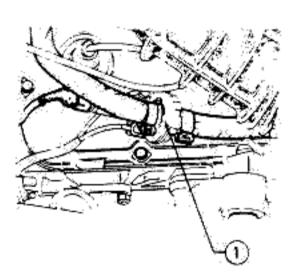
Trouble diagnosis and other information

Resistance between double relay terms. 86 b and 85 = 70 to 500 Ohm. Replace relay set if necessary. Check following leads for breaks using ohmmeter: multiple conductor connector term. 20 and relay

set term. 86 b; relay set term. 85 and multiple conductor connector term. 28: multiple conductor connector term. 16 and ground terminal.

TEST 3.2

Program switch in position		3	
Ó	Program button To be carried out on vehicle		Ves.
Operations			-
Correct reading	Meter		25 to 75 Ω
	red:		: Đị
	Lamps -	green	off
Component under test		Auxiliary air device and fuel pump	
Test type			Joint resistance of auxiliary air device and fuel pump from ECU term. 34 to ground
Incorrect reading			Resistance outside tolerance



1 Auxiliary air device

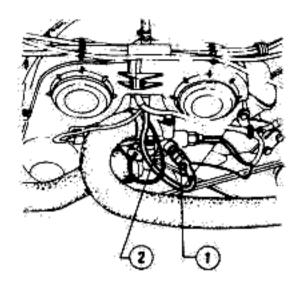
Trouble diagnosis and other information

Resistance between auxiliary air device terms. 34 and 48: approx. 50 Ohm: Resistance between relay set term. 88 d and ground approx. 1 Ohm. In case of break, check ground lead and positive lead to pump. Check following connections for breaks using ohmmeter.

Multiple conductor connector term. 34 to auxiliary air device term. 34, auxiliary air device term. 48 to relay set term. 88 c, relay set term. 88 d (in case of break, replace relay set). Test plug-in connection.

TEST 4.1

Program switch in position		4	
Operations	Program button	_	
Other atribits	To be carried out on vehicle		
	Meter	30 Ω to 30 $k\Omega$ (in relation to temperature)	
Correct reading	Lamps red	ön	
	diseu	off	
Companent under	test	Coplant temperature sensor (NTC II)	
Test: type		Resistance from ECU term, 10 through sensor, to ground	
Incorrect reading		Resistance outside tolerance	



- 1 Coolant temperature sensor
- 2 Thermostat

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Measure resistance value directly at temperature sensor It (terms, 13 and 49) at $-10^{\circ}\mathrm{C}~(14^{\circ}\mathrm{F})$ 7 to $12~\mathrm{k}\Omega$ $+20^{\circ}\mathrm{C}~(68^{\circ}\mathrm{F})$ 2 to $3~\mathrm{k}\Omega$ $+80^{\circ}\mathrm{C}~(176^{\circ}\mathrm{F})$. 250 to $400~\Omega$

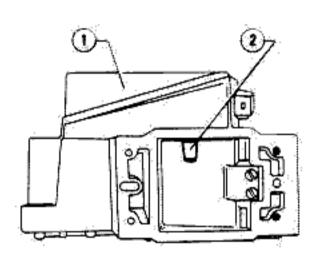
Temperature sensor II.

Check following leads for breaks using obmmeter:

Multiple conductor connector term, 13 to temperature sensor term, 13; temperature sensor term, 49 to ground terminal, Test plug-in connections.

TEST 4.2

Program switch in position			4
Particles in the	Program button To be carried out on vehicle: Meter		yes:
Operations			-
			30 Ω to 30 k Ω (in relation to temperature)
Correct, reading:	ti a mino	red	on>
	Lamps	green	off
Component under test			Air temperature sensor (NTC I)
Test type		Resistance from ECU term. 27 to ground	
Incorrect reading		Resistance outside tolerance	



- 1 Air-flow sensor
- 2. Air temperature sensor

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Measure resistance value directly at airflow sensor (terms, 27 and 6):

at -10°C (14°F) : 7 to 12 k Ω +20°C (68°F) : 2 to 3 k Ω +80°C (176°F) : 250 to 400 Ω

Temperature sensor 1.
Check following leads for breaks using ohmmeter: multiple conductor connector term. 27 to air-flow sensor term. 27, air-flow sensor term. 6 to multiple conductor connector term. 6.

TEST 5.1

Program switch in position			5
Operations	Program button To be carried out on vehicle		-
			Accelerator pedal released
Correct reading	Meter		οΩ
	Lamps	red	on
		green	off
Component under test			Throttle switch
Test type			Resistance from ECU term, 18 to switch term, 3
Incorrect reading			No indication

- 1 Throttle body
- 2 Switch

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Check continuity of following connections with an ohimmeter:
ECU multiple conductor connector term,
2 and throttle switch term, 2 throttle switch term, 18 and ECU multiple conductor connector term, 18, Check plug-in-connections.

TEST 5.2

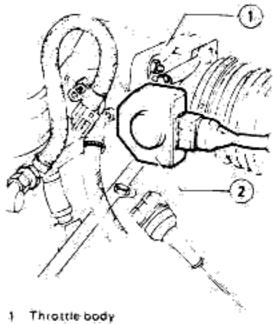
Program switch in position			5	
Operations"	Program-button		-	
	To be c	arried out on vehicle	Partial load on accelerator pedal:	
Correct reading	Meter		90	
	Lamps	ředí	on	
		green	110	
Component under test			Throttle switch	
Test type			Resistance from throttle switch term: 18 to switch term: 2	
Incorrect reading			No indication or indication too lov	

Trouble diagnosis and other information-

Check plug-in connections. Check for short across throttle switch (term 18). If shorted, repair them: If circuits are O.K., replace throttle switch:

TEST 5.3

Program switch in position			5
Operations	Program button		-
	To be c	arried out on vehicle	Accelerator pedal fully pressed
Correct reading	Meter		0:12
	Lamps	rėd	on
	camps	green	off
Component under test			Throttle switch
Test type			Resistance from ECU term, 18 to throttle switch term, 3
Incorrect reading			No indication or .oo



2 Switch

Trouble diagnosis and other information

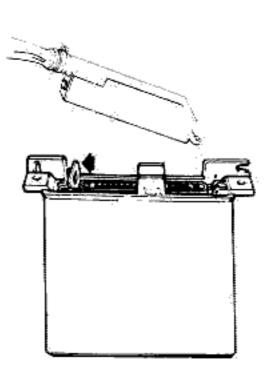
Does throttle valve open fully? Check throttle linkage from accelerator pedal to throttle valve. Check plug-in connections. Direct resistance measurement at throttle switch between term. 18 and term. 3 Jopen throttle valve fully) Replace throttle switch if necessary Check lead from multiple conductor connector term; 3 to switch term; 3 for break. Check lead from multiple conductor connector term. 18 to throttle. switch term. 18 for break.

TEST 6

Program switch in position		6	
Operations.	Program button		
	To be ca	arried out on vehicle	_
Correct reading	Meter		3.90 to 5.70 ms
		red:	on.
	Lamps -	green	off
Comparient under test			ECU
Test:type.			Starting control
Incorrect reading			No indication or indication outside tolerance

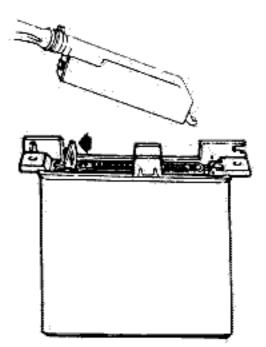
Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Check the ground terminal and test for current supply to terminals 5 and 49 ensure that contacts are correctly attached:
- 2. Check plug-in connections of multiple conductor connector.
- 3. ECU faulty.



TEST 7

Program switch in position		7
Operations Correct reading	Program button	_
	To be carried out on vehicle	-
	Meter	3.40 to 4.80 ms
	red	on
	green	off
Component under	tëst:	ECU
Test type		Warm + up phase.
Incorrect reading		No indication or indication outside tolerance



Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Check the ground terminal and test for current supply to terminals 5 and 49. Ensure that contacts are correctly attached.
- Check plug-in connections of multiple conductor connector.
- 3. ECU faulty.

TEST 8.1

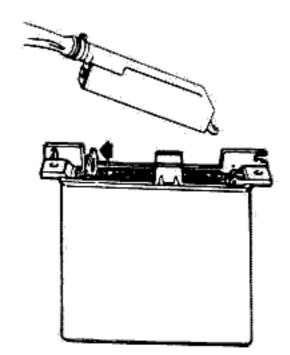
Program switch in position		8
Operations Correct reading	Program button	-
	To be carried out on vehicle	<u>-</u>
	Meter	2.80 to 4.10 ms
	red	on-
	green	off
Component under	test.	ECU
Test type		Basic adjustment I
Incorrect reading		No indication or indication outside tolerance

Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Check the ground terminal and test for current supply to terminals 5 and 49. Ensure that contacts are correctly attached.
- Check plug-in connections of multiple conductor connector.
- 3. ECU laulty.

TEST 8.2

Program switch in position		.8	
Operations	Program button		ves
Operations	To be d	arried out on vehicle	
Correct reading	Meter		3.25 to 4.65 ms
	Lämps	red	on:
	Lamps	gréen	off
Comparient under test.			ECU
Test type			Full load correction
Incorrect reading			No indication or indication outside tolerance



Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Check the ground terminal and test for current supply to terminals 5 and 49. Ensure that contacts are correctly attached.
- Check plug-in connections of multiple conductor connector.
- 3. ECU faulty.

TEST 9

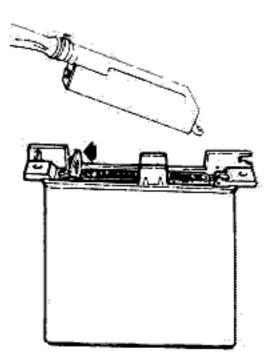
Program switch in position		9	
Observans	Program button		
Operations	To be carried out on vehicle		-
	Meter		1.35 to 2.30 ms
Correct reading	Lamps -	ŕed	on
	Cámba .	green	öff
Component under test			ECU
Test type			Basic adjustment (I
Incorrect reading		No indication or indication outside tolerance	

Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Check the ground terminal and test for current supply to terminals 5 and 49. Ensure that contacts are correctly attached.
- Check plug-in connections of multiple conductor connector.
- 3. ECU faulty.

TEST 10

Program switch in position		-10
Onini sui sui su	Program button	
Operations	To be carried out on vehicle	-
-	Meter	5.60 to 7.60 ms
Correct reading	red	on
	green	off
Component under	test:	€C⊎
Test type		Basic adjustment III
Incorrect reading		No indication or indication outside tolerance



Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Check the ground terminal and test for current supply to terminals 5 and 49. Ensure that contacts are correctly attached.
- Check plug-in connections of multiple conductor connector.
- 3. EQU faulty.

TEST 11.1

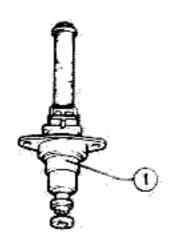
Program switch in position			
Operations	Program button: To be carried out on vehicle		-
1	red	.on	
green		off	
Component under test			€CU.
Test type			Closed toop Lambda sensor
Incorrect reading			Out of talerance

Trouble diagnosis and other information

Refer to "Detailed Diagnosis for Lambda sensor"

TEST 11.2

Program switch in position		11	
Operations	Program button To be carried out on vehicle		-
oper girons			Probe each injector manually and ascertain needle movement by feeling
Correct reading	Meter		3.40 to 4.80 ms
	Lamps	red	on
	Campa	ğıeev	off
Component under test			Injector
Test type			Needle movement
Incorrect reading			Needle does not move



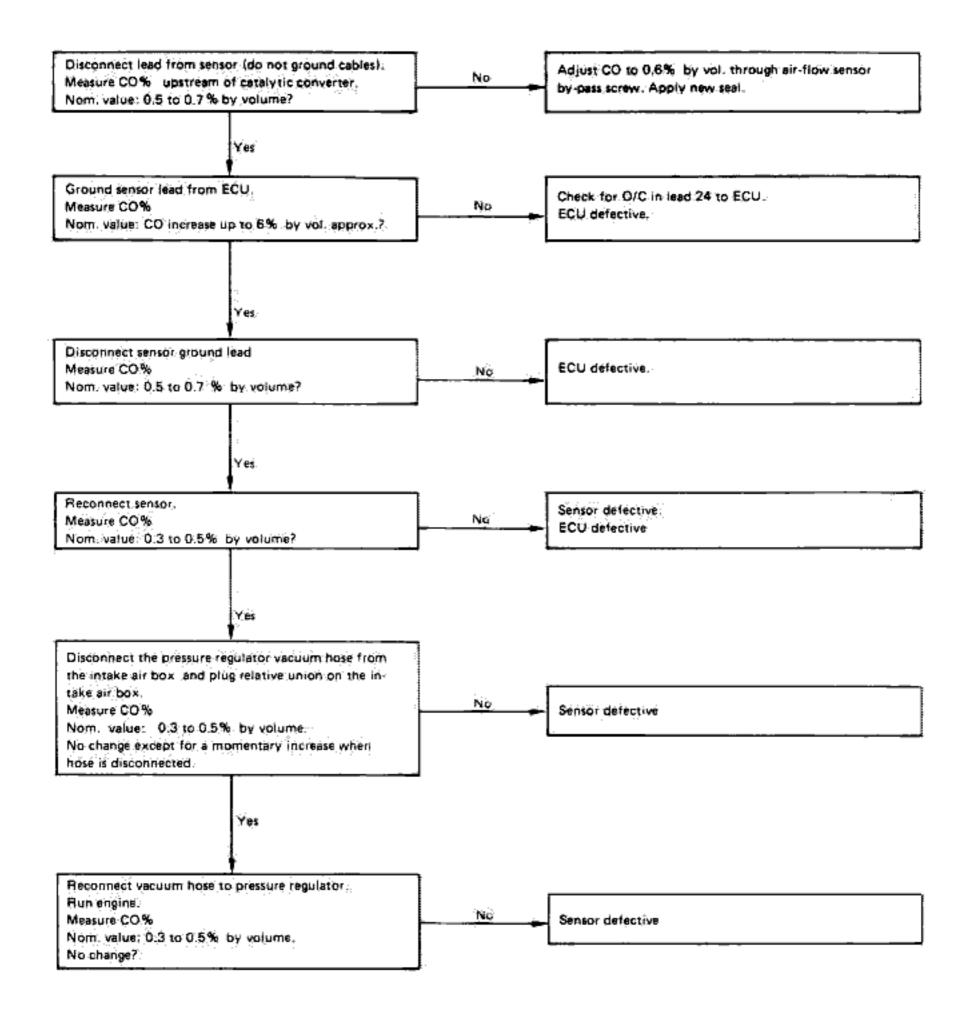
1 Injector

Trouble diagnosis and other information

- Injection times properly set: injectors however fail to work (no needle movement). Check for continuity in the connections between terminals 16 and 17. Check connection between 29 and relay set terms, 88 b; if this operates properly replace ECU (Electronic Control Unit) (final stage faulty).
- If needle movement can now be tels, the injector is faulty: replace injector. Resistance of injector winding 2,3 Ohm.
 - of the connection of the connection of the connection of the connections of the connections are the connections.

DETAILED DIAGNOSIS FOR LAMBDA SENSOR

- Connect CO analyzer to pick-up point on muffler upstream of catalytic converter.
- Start engine, run to warm up and maintain at idle, with gearbox in neutral and users disabled.



EZ-L IGNITION SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS

MF milane . model only

Before starting any checks read the cautions described in "Group 05 - Digital Electronic Ignition Cautions". Ensure that the battery is fully charged, the fuel system is efficient,

and the engine is in good running order (e.g. compression, valve clearance).

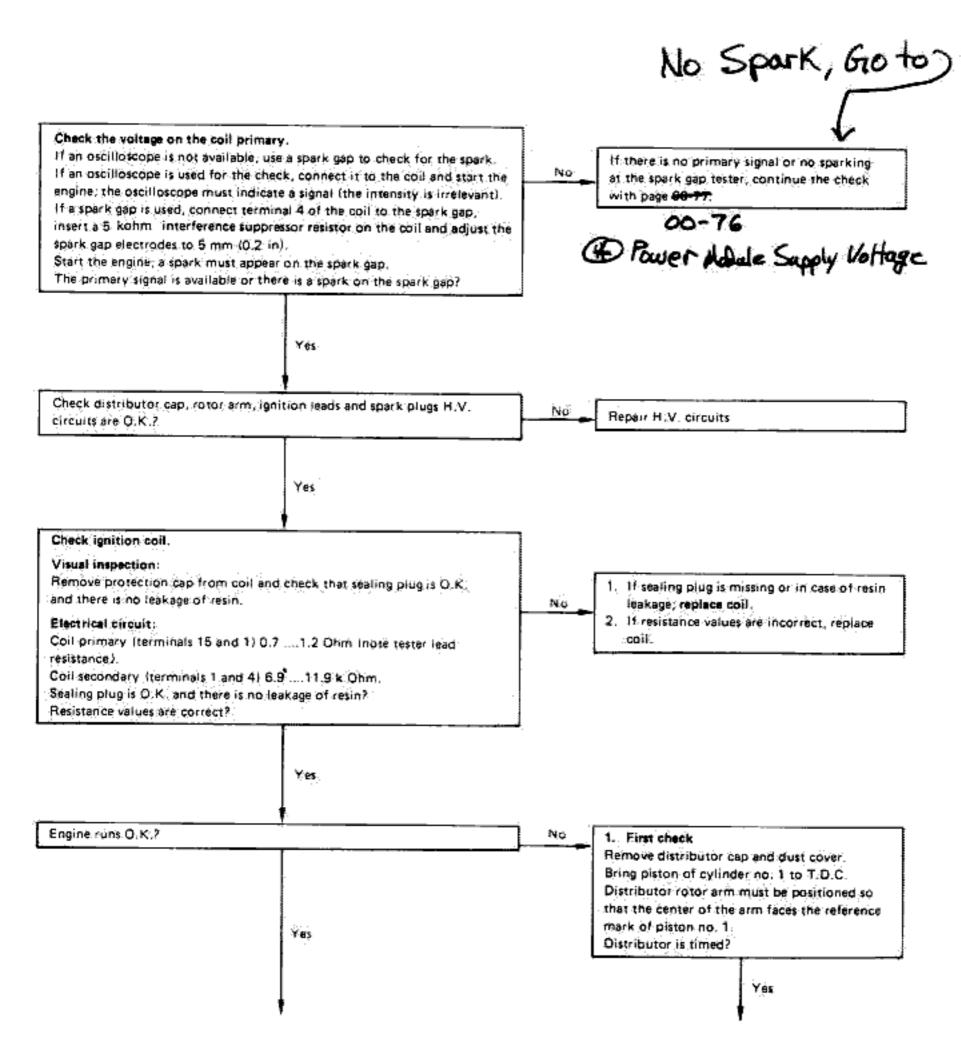
Also make sure that ambient temperature and ignition system temperature are as specified (0 to 100°C; 32 to 212°F) since temperature notably affects test results.

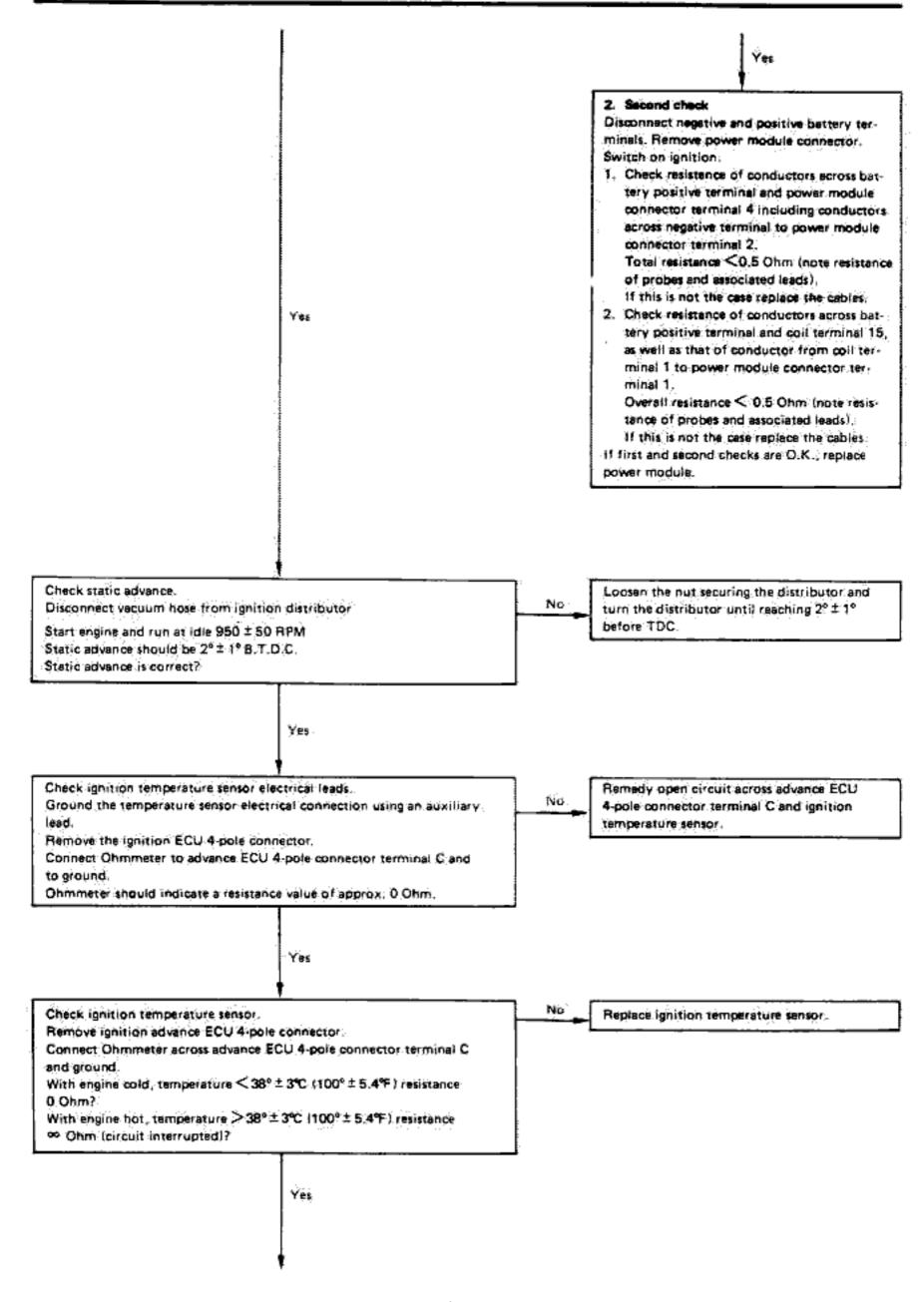
For the electrical references see:

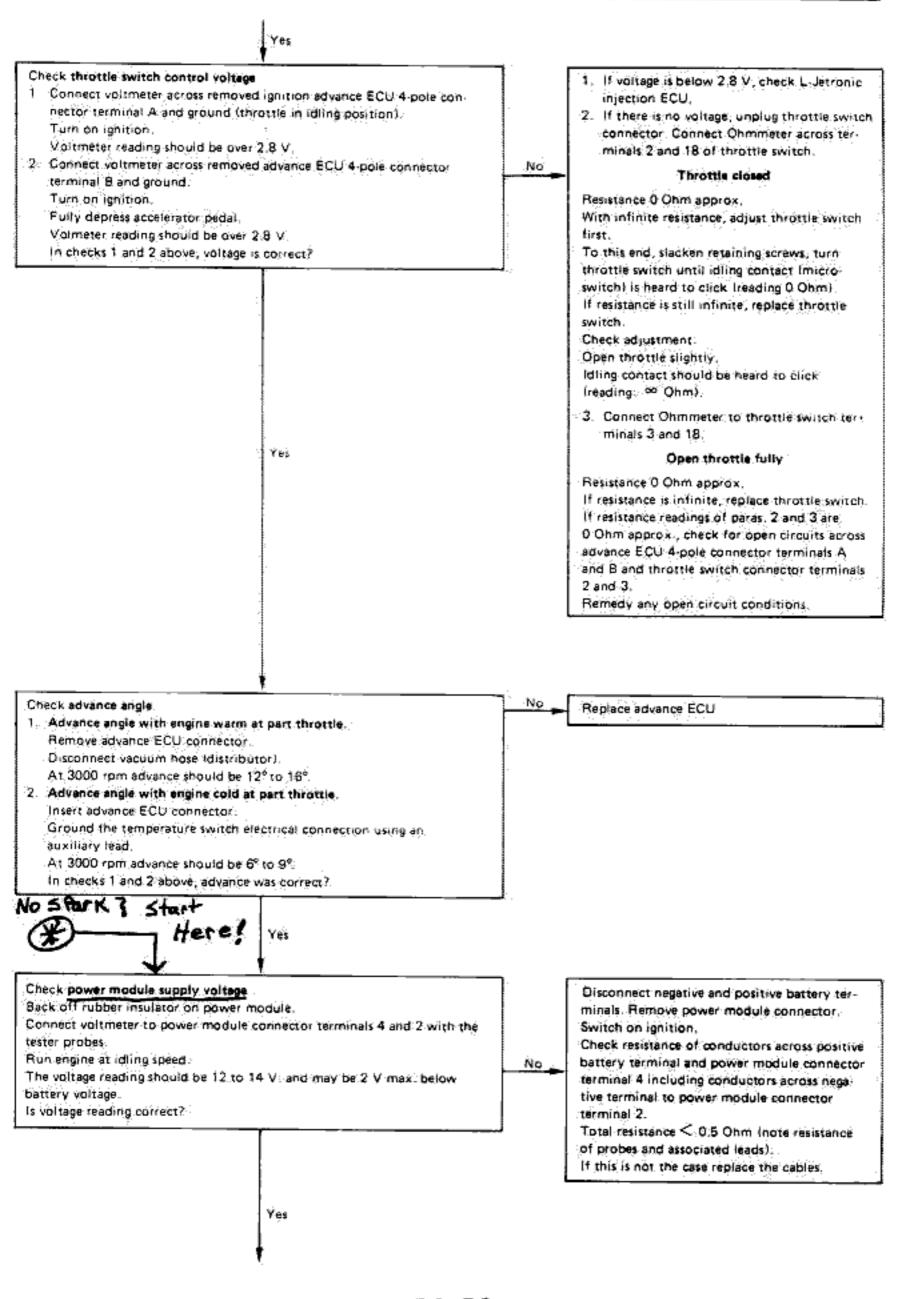
Group 05 Electrical System

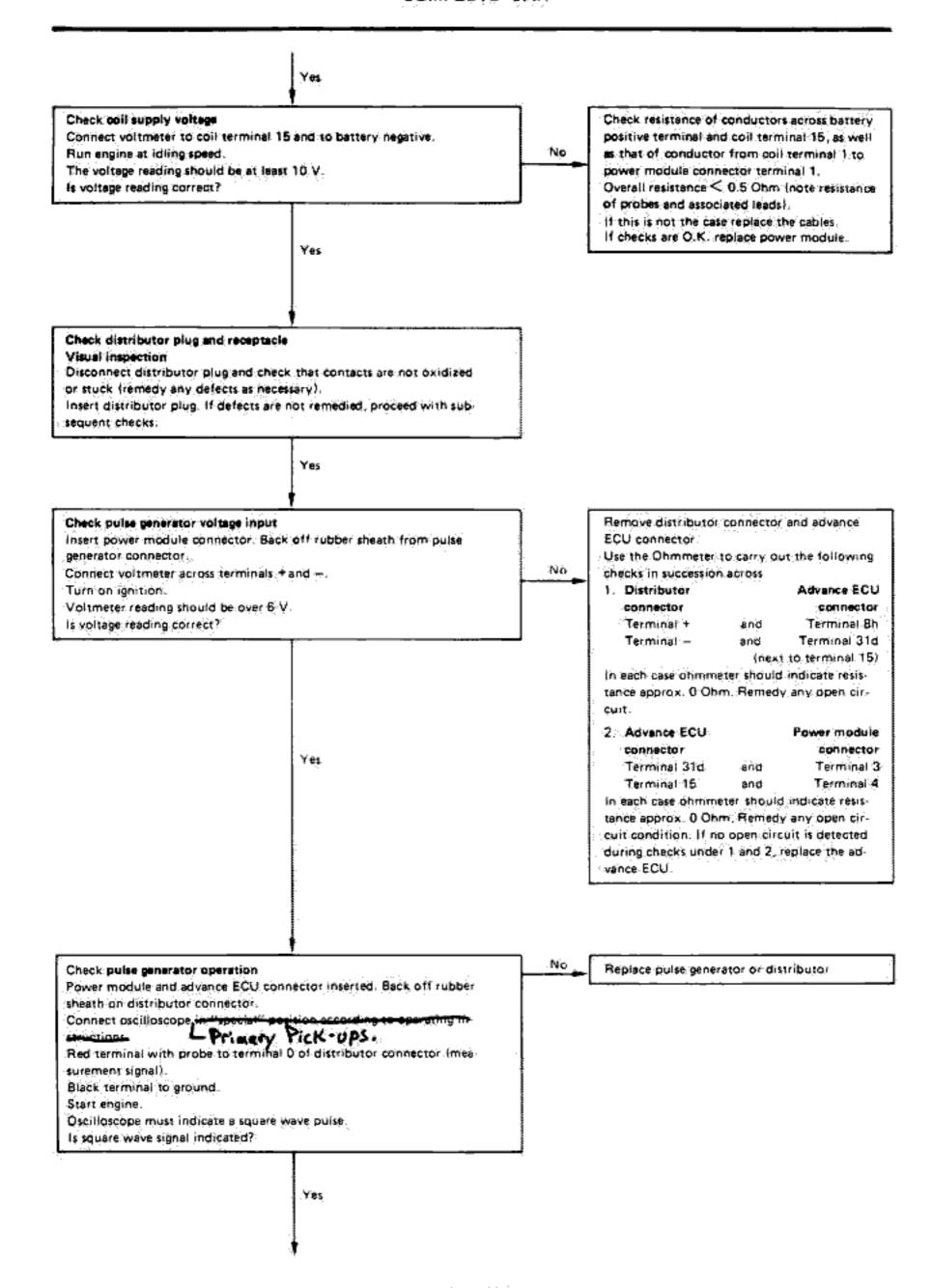
Engine ignition.

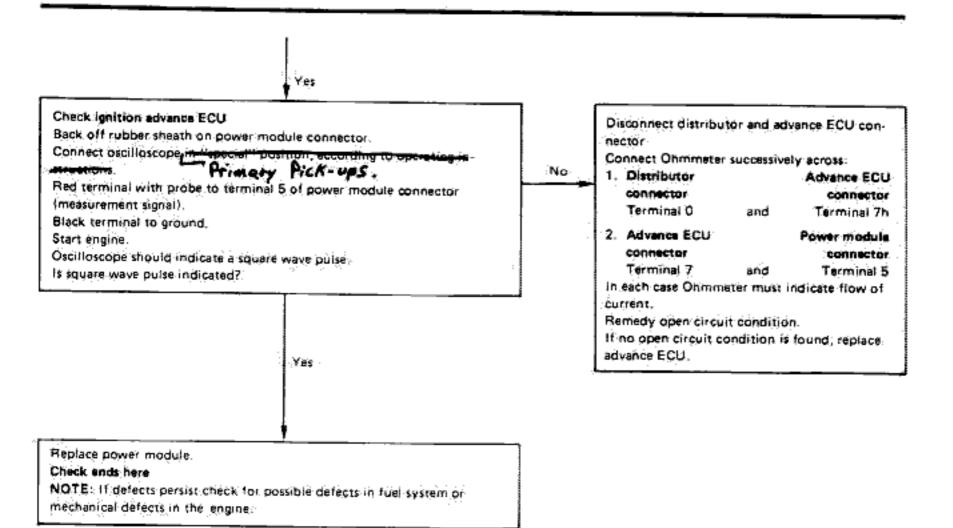
Before starting the checks, start the engine of the engine does not start, misfires, loses power or idles irregularly, proceed as follows.









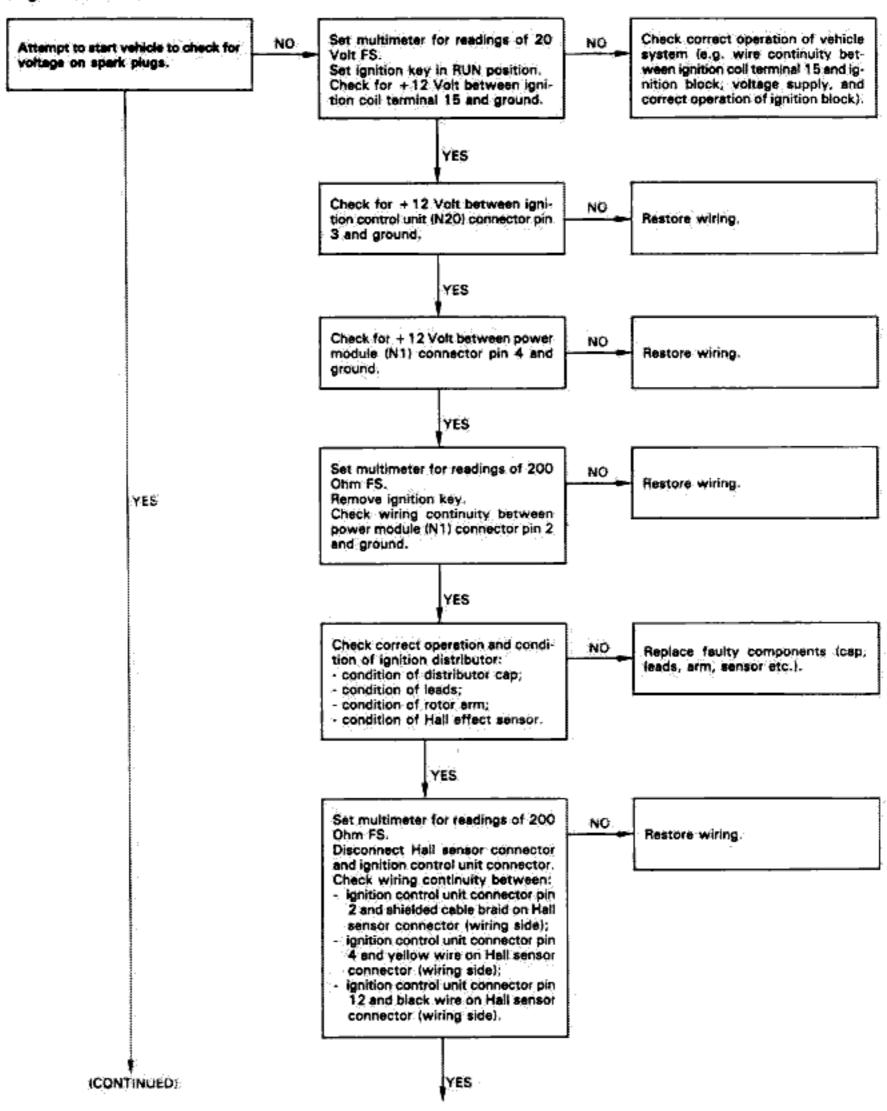


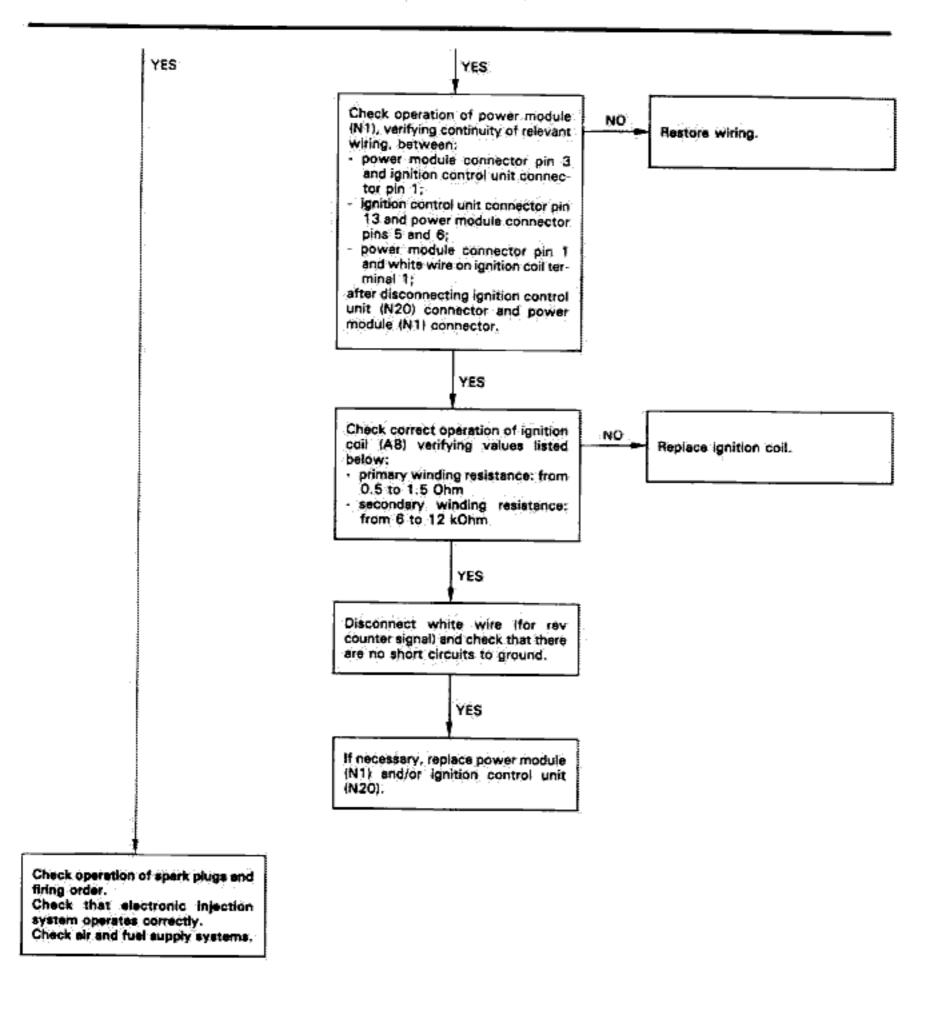
IGNITION SYSTEM DIAGNOSTICS

We mileno @ model only

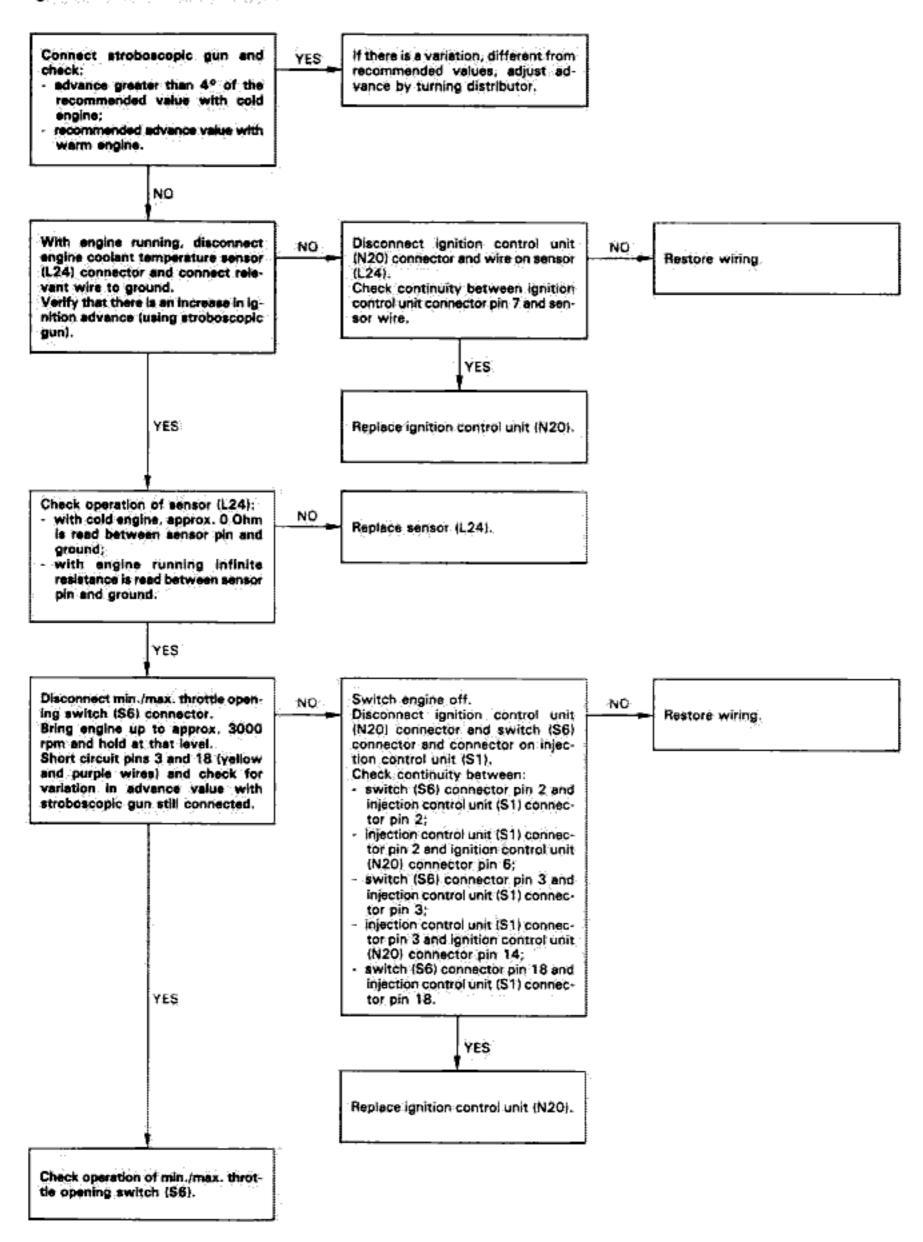
For the electrical references see: Group 05 - Electrical System -Engine Ignition:

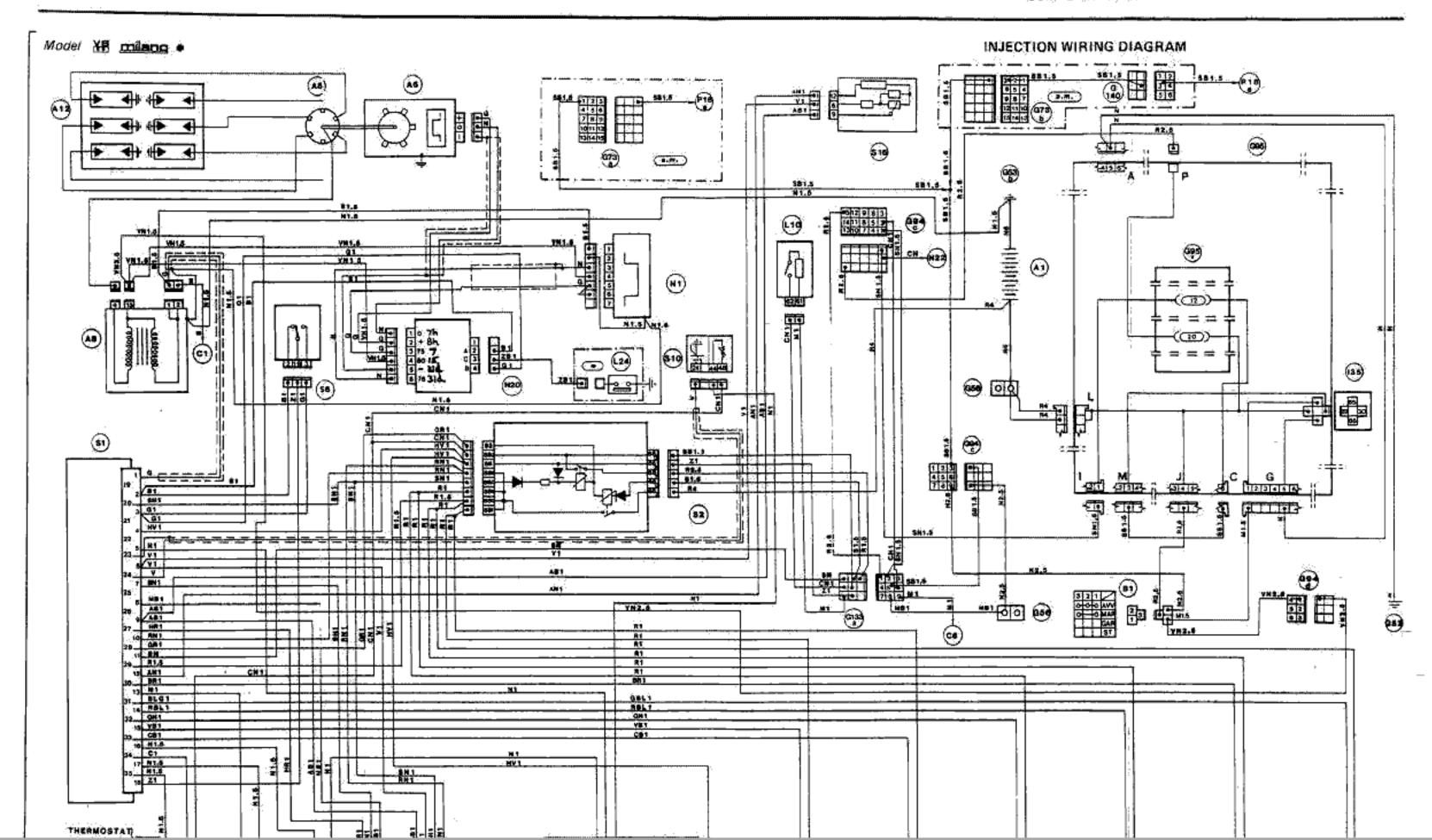
Engine falls to start

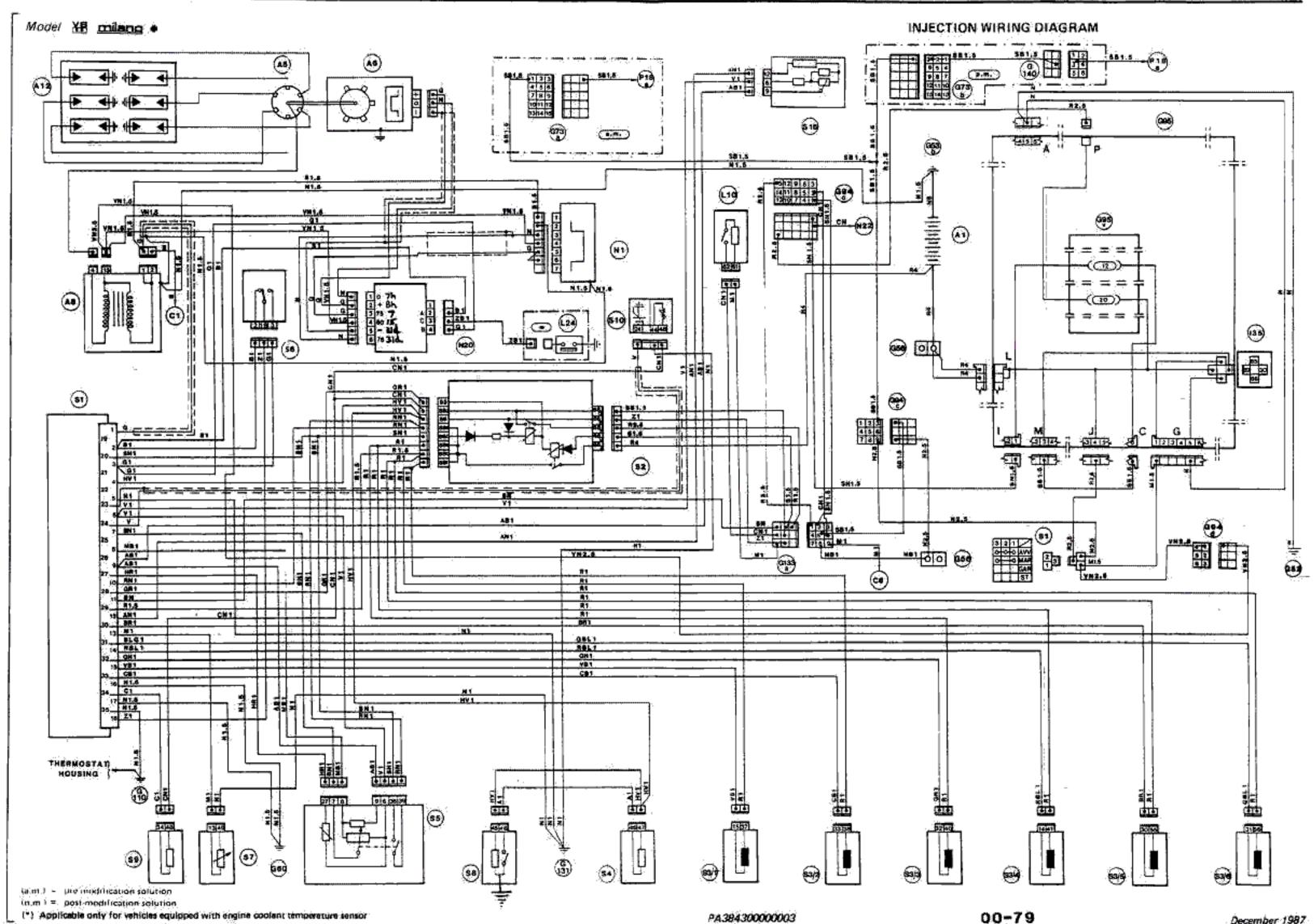


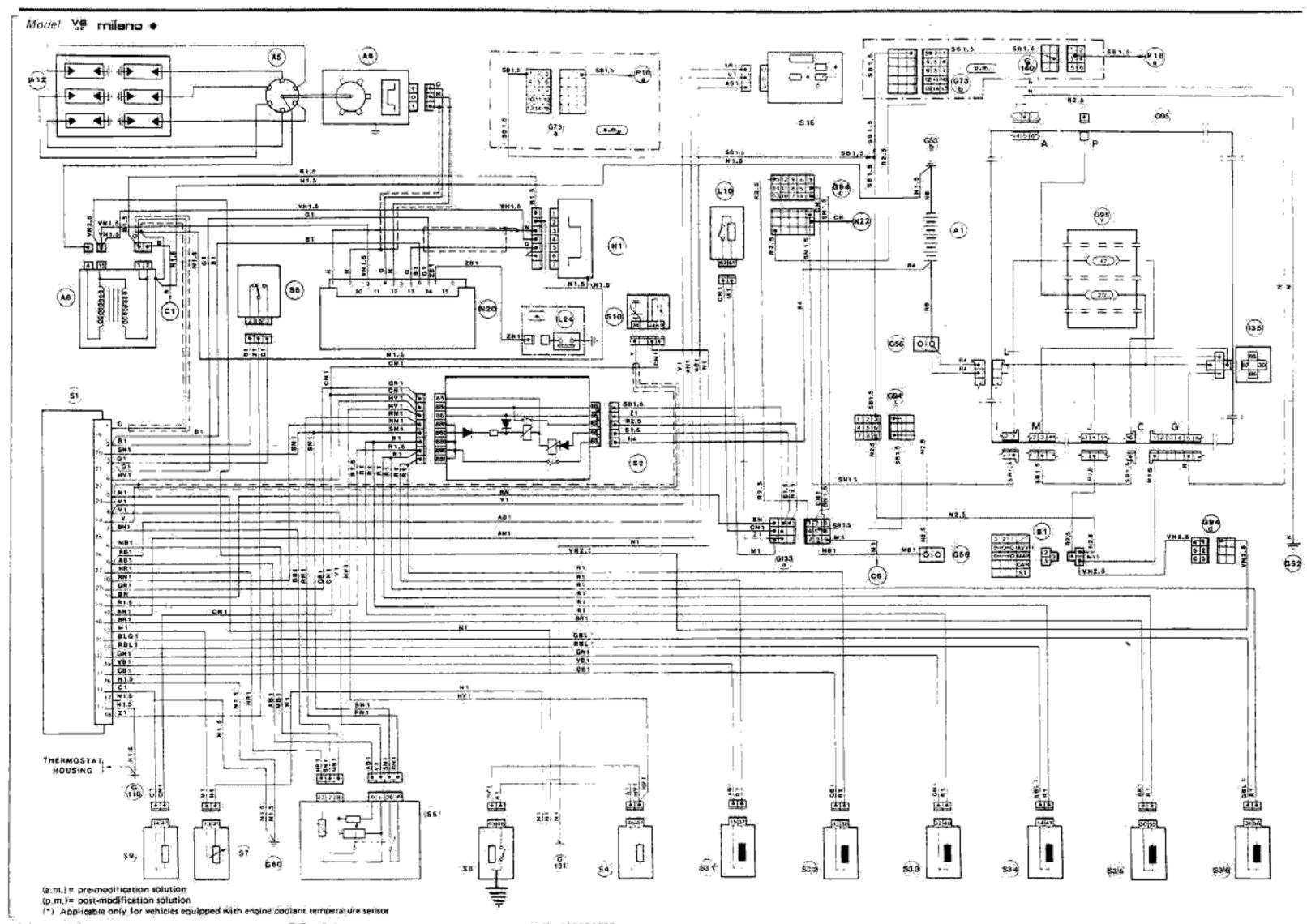


Ignition advance variation check









CLUTCH

CHECK ON CLUTCH BRAKES FLUID LEVEL AND CHECK ON THE SYSTEM

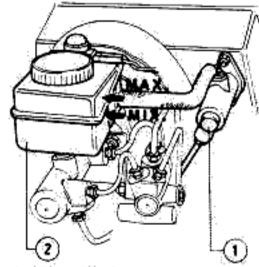
Check that the level corresponds to the max mark on tank (2). Top up: if necessary, with the specified fluid. Check master cylinder (1) and operating cylinder for any oil leaks

Clutch brakes fluid ATE "S" AGIP Brake Fluid Super HD: IR Auto Fluid FR

If required; tighten unions to the specified tolling, or overhaut or replace the components:

- Tightening torques Clutch piping
 - Hoses 10 to 15 N m 17.4 to 11 ft lb. 1 to 1.5 kg m) Pipes. 8 to 10 N m (5.9 to 7.4 ft ib. 0.8 to 1 kg m)

Check that clutch pushfour buot is ntág1



- 1 Clutch master cylinder
- 2 Clutch brakes fluid tank

GEARBOX DIFFERENTIAL

1. Oil level check

Remove filler plug 1 and check that oil level reaches the lower edge of the related hole. Top up if neces

MAINTENANCE OF MECHANICAL COMPONENTS AND BODY

sary, with the specified oil; clean plug and tighten it:

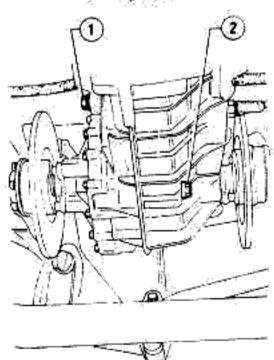
Oil change.

- Remove dialic plus 2 fi-omsump and faller plug." 1
- 2: Deam the oil completely (wait 15 minutes at leastly then clean tham pluy 2 and tighten it
- 3: Eall with the quantity and quality of oil specified almough filler hole:

Gearbox differential fluid Type

AGIP Rotra MP SX SAE 75 W/90 IP Pontiax HDS SAE 75 W/90 SHELL Spirax HD 80 W/90

> Quantity. 2.070 kg (4,56 lb)



- Filler plug Drain plug
- TRANSMISSION

Propeller shaft

Visually inspect that front rear and central joints and central support are in good condition

Drive shafts

Check that toots are her from damage and grease leaks.

Replace them it necessary. Arsocheck that constant velocity joints are in good condition.

FRONT AXLE AND SUSPENSION

CHECK

- Set vehiclefortilt.
- Check for good condition and degree of wear suspension companents

Replace all the worn components

- Check: tightening of boits and nuts freter to Service Data and Specifications) If bolts and nots are loosened, set the vehicle to nominal height corresponding to static load frefer to: Check on Vehicle Height! and tighten the bolts and nuts loosened to the specified torque
- 4. Check shock absorbers for any oil leaks or damage

ADJUSTMENT OF WHEEL BEARINGS PRELOAD

After replacement or disassembly of bearings, carry out the related adjustment operating as follows, For bearing replacement refer to: Group 21 - Steering Knuckles and Wheel Hubs.

Grease bearings with the prescribed quantity of grease.

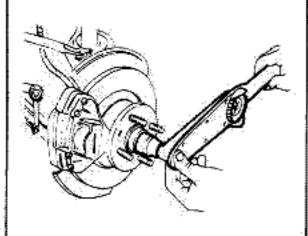
 Lock the nut securing hub to: 20 to 24 N·m

(15 to 18 ft-lb; 2 to 2.5 kg·m) torque, rotating hub, at the same time, by 4 to 5 turns to facilitate bedding of bearings into their seats and to prevent bevel races from being damaged by rollers.

Loosen nut and re-tighten it to. the prescribed torque

5 to 10 N m (3.7 to 7.4 ft-lb; 0.5 to 1 kg·m) by means of torque spanner.

- Adjust the front wheel hub bearing preload.
- 3a. Vehicles not equipped with ABS wheel anti-lock system.
- (1) Unscrew nut by 90° and insert the split pin. If the nut notch and the hub support hole are not aligned, screw the nut to the minimum angle required to insert the split pin.



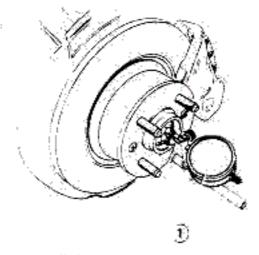
(2) By means of a mallet, strike the hub support end, and verify that washer is not blocked (washer shall result to be easily movable, by using a screwdriver as a lever, between washer and hub).

Should the washer be blocked, remove split pin and unscrew the nut enough to allow the split pin to be inserted into the hole on hub support, perpendicular to that previously used.

Strike the hub support end with a mallet; then repeat the washer backlash chek

- 3b. Vehicles equipped with ABS wheel anti-lock system.
- (1) Mount a dial gauge on a magnetic base (or on a suitable support) so that its probe is aligned along the steering knuckle axis.

Preload the dial gauge by 1 mm (0.04 in) approx.



- 1 Dial gauge
- (2) Move the wheel hub backwards and forwards and read backlash indicated on the dial gauge; this value must be within the prescribed values.

Front hub bearings backlash G = 0.02 to 0.12 mm (0.00079 to 0.00472 in)

- (3) Refit the split pin as follows:
- If the backlash value is within 0.02 to 0.06 mm (0.00079 to 0.00236 in) unscrew the nut until the split pin can be insert ed.
- If the backlash value is within 0.06 to 0.12 mm (0.00236 to 0.00472 in) screw the nut until the split pin can be inserted.
- (4) Bend the split pin back and refit the hub cover.

REAR AXLE AND SUSPENSION

CHECK

- 1: Set vehicle on lift
- Check for any loosening, wear or damage in the components of rear axle and suspension.

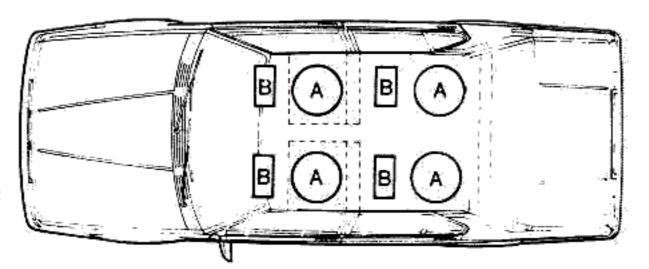
Replace all the worn components

- 3. Check tightening of bolts and nuts frefer to Service Data and Specifications). If bolts and nuts are loosened, set the vehicle to nominal height corresponding to static load frefer to: Check on Vehicle Height and tighten the bolts and nuts loosened to the specified torque
- Check shock absorbers for any oil leaks or damage.

CHECK ON VEHICLE HEIGHT

PRELIMINARY OPERATIONS

- Set vehicles in running order, with fluids at max level, plus spare wheel.
- Check that tire pressure is that specified.
- Set vehicle on lift
- d. Load the vehicle, arranging loads as per figure.

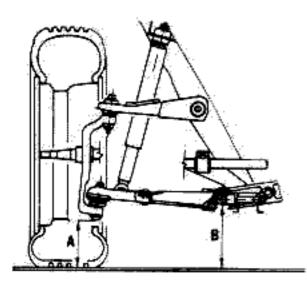


Static load equivalent to four passengers

Load equivalent to one passenger A + B = 490 + 245 = 735 N (50 + 25 = 75 kg; 110 + 55 = 165 (b) e. Raise vehicle, disconnect antiroll bars of front and rear suspensions, front and rear shock absorbers, and loosen the bolts which secure the Watt parallelogram struts to body f. Shake vehicle a few times in order to obtain a good setting of suspensions.

FRONT HEIGHT

Check the front height measuring dimensions A and B shown in the figure



Front height dimension B--A = 44 ± 5 mm (1.732 ± 0.197 in)

The dimension measurement is to be carried out for the front right suspension as well as front left suspension.

The difference in values between right and left suspensions must not exceed 5 mm (0.197 in).

Dimension measurement

Measure dimensions A and B using the tools mentioned below and setting the tester's graduated movable stem in the fully withdrawn position.

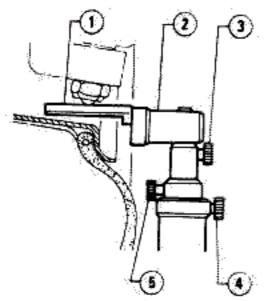
- Tool A.4.0146
- Tool A.4,0149
- Tool A.4.0151

Dimension A measurement

- Position tool A.4.0146 on the vehicle resting plane.
- 2. Screw probe 1 into upper hole of tool 2 head. Release screws 4 and 5, then tighten screw 3 with the graduated stem fully withdrawn.

Rest the tool on the outer plane of ruler and skim lower end of hub support with the upper part of probe, as shown in the figure.

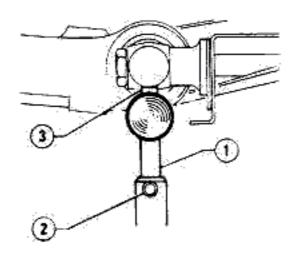
3. Tighten screws 4 and 5; the tool is now reset.



- 1 Prote
- 2 Tool for suspension height check
- 3 Screw
- 4 Screw
- 5 Screw

Dimension B measurement

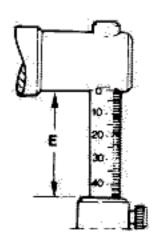
4. Move tool 1 on inner plane of ruler; release screw 2, withdraw the graduated stem until it skims the lower part of lever support with probe 3 head, as shown in the figure; then tighten screw 2.



- 1 Tool for suspension height check
- 2 Screw
- 3 Prote

Measure the real dimension of front height on the graduated stem, in correspondence with the upper edge of sleeve.

E = B - A



REAR HEIGHT

Check the rear height by measuring, with a surface gauge, placed on a ruler parallel to floor plane, the C and T dimensions specified, obtained by tracing three straight lines parallel to floor plane, through points 1, 2 and 3, respectively (refer to the following figure).

Points 1 and 3

Axis of the bolt securing Watt parallelogram to body.

Point 2

Axis of the bolts securing Watt parallelogram to rigid axle.

Dimension T measurement

By means of a surface gauge, meausre dimensions X and Y, as indicated in the following figure:

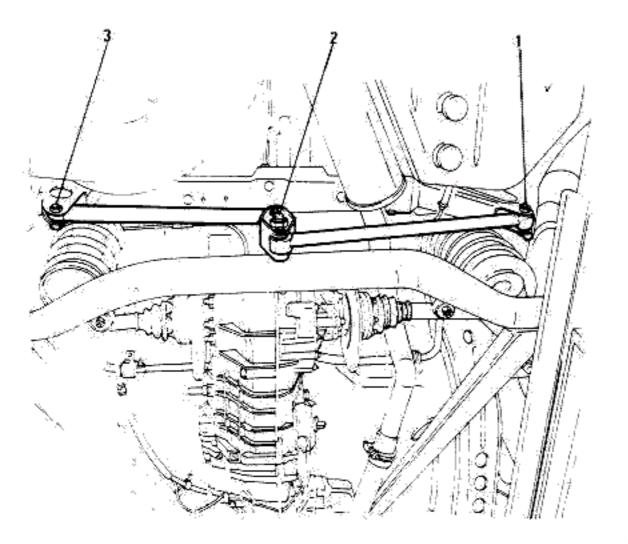
The T dimension is the difference obtained from X — Y.

Dimension C measurement

By means of a surface gauge, measure dimension **Z**, as indicated in the figure,

The C dimension is the difference obtained from Y - Z.

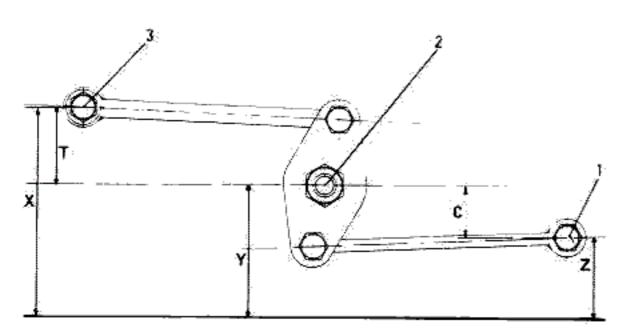
Vehicle rear height dimensions $T = x - y = 83 \pm 5 \text{ mm } (3.27 \pm 0.2 \text{ in})$ $C = y - z = 13 \pm 5 \text{ mm } (0.51 \pm 0.2 \text{ in})$



Front height

This adjustment is obtained by rotating the torsion bars with respect to the references on front levers and on rear housings. The different number of teeth of the torsion bar ends (front: 35 teeth, rear: 34 teeth); permits a minimum height adjustment (on both couplings) of about 2.5 mm (0.1 in) to be obtained when moving torsion bars by one tooth. The diameter of torsion bars mounted on the vehicle in object is 22.8 mm (0.90 in).

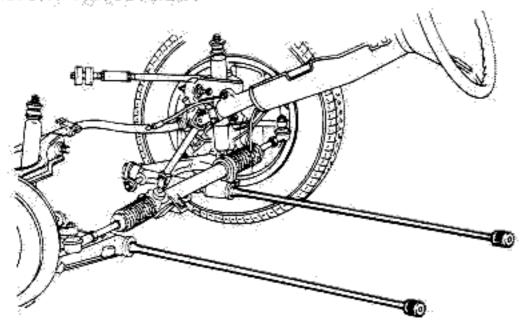
To correct the vehicle height, operate as per the table below, taking into account that the indications refer to the suspensions seen from the rear side.



ROTATION DIRECTION OF TORSION BARS FOR HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT

Adjustment Heights	Left torsion bar	Right torsion bar	
Lower height	Counter- clockwise rotation	Clockwise rotation	
	The height dimension increases		
Upper height	Clockwise	Counter clockwise rotation	
	11 (17)	dimension cases	

HEIGHT ADJUSTMENT



If basic torsion bars are to be replaced, refer to Group 21 - Service Data and Specifications - General Specifications - Basic Bar Replacement.

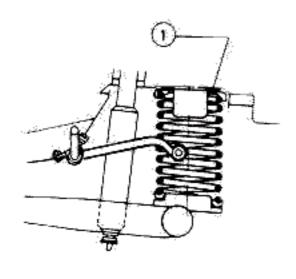
Rear height

This adjustment is to be carried out by shimming the springs; to do this proceed as follows:

- Detach axle shaft from wheel side, disconnect the struts connecting Watt parallelogram to body, raise vehicle with a column lift fitted with tool A.2.0075, support vehicle with stands and remove wheels.
- 2. Lower the lift and axie until springs are completely unloaded.
 3. Restore the height values by inserting the required shims 1 between upper pillow and body. Shims are available as spare part,

7 - 14 - 21 mm (0.276 - 0.552 - 0.8268 in)

with the following dimensions:



Adjusting shans

- 4. If 21 mm (0.8268 in) adjustment is exceeded, the springs should be replaced: the replaced spring must be of the same type.
- 5. Reconnect the detached parts by reversing the order of removal. Take the utmost care when securing the Watt parallelogram struts to body; this operation, in fact, is to be carried out with the vehicle in the nominal height conditions.

WHEEL ALIGNMENT

CHECK ON FRONT WHEELS

To carry out the check and adjustment of front wheels alignment, perform the following preliminary operations.

- a. Check that tire pressure is that specified (refer to: Wheels and Tires).
- Set the vehicle to the nominal height corresponding to the static load.
- c. Measure the front height dimension E and dimensions C and T related to rear height (refer to Check on Vehicle Height).

- d. Check for any rim deformation.
- e. Lock the brake pedal in the fully pressed position in order to prevent wheels from turning, when moving them from side to side on rotating plates.
- f. Shake the front part of the vehicle to allow the silent blocks to fall into their natural position.

1. Toe Tot

On aligned wheels, check that the steering wheel spokes are centered. If required, withdraw the steering wheel and center the spokes.

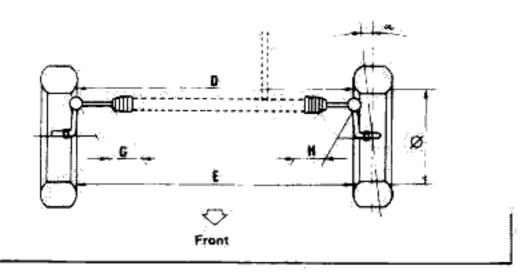
a. Using suitable equipment check that the toe set value is that specified.

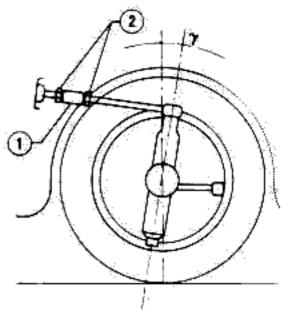
Toward valve

E · D mm (in)	Angle a	Rim diameter mm (in)
1.± 1	• c6*	390
D.040 ±0.04 8	9	(15.4)

The following condition related to the rod length equality is also to be checked.

G = H





- 1 Bush
- 2 Lock nuts

if required; adjust the toe-out value, as follows.

- Release lock nuts of steering rods.
- Rotate the side tile rods suitably until the specified toe-out value is obtained.
- Tighten the lock nut to the specified torque.
- Tightening torque
 Lock nut securing ball joint on
 steering rod
 54 to 88 N·m
 (40 to 65 ft·lb;

5.5 to 9 kg·m)

c. Re-check the toe-out value. The toe-out value varies by ~ 35' on one wheel (3.5 mm; 0.138 in — on dimension D-E) when rotating one steering rod by one turn.

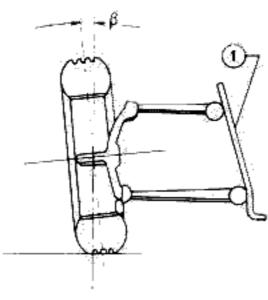


Checking is to be performed on both wheels.

$$\beta = -30' \pm 30'$$

The max difference between right and left wheel must be 40'.

The camber value varies by 15', when adding or removing one shim 1



4 Shim

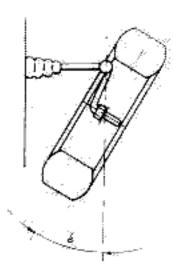
4. Steering lock



Slight caster variations, within the

tolerance range allowed, permit a

slight drift of vehicle to be adjusted



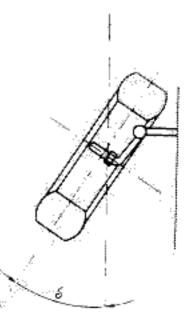
3. Caster angle

Checking is to be performed on both, wheels.

The max difference between right and left wheel must be 20°.

If the caster angle is not that specified adjust by loosening look nuts (2) and rotating longitudinal arm bush (1).

Each time bush 1 is rotated by 1 turn, a variation of 45' is obtained on each tire.



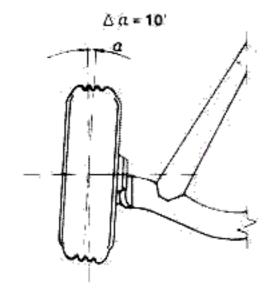
CHECK ON REAR WHEELS ALIGNMENT

The following angles cannot be adjusted.

1. Toe in angle

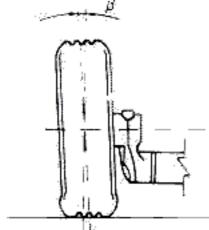
a = 0° ± 10'

Max difference between right and left wheel



2. Camber angle





Max difference between right and left wheel

 $\Delta \beta = 20^{\circ}$

FRONT AND REAR BRAKES BRAKE SYSTEM

- 1. Check on brake system-
- a. Visually check for any damage and oxidation in the piping of the hydraulic brake system. Also check that piping is correctly secured.
- **b.** Check for any fluid leaks in the hydraulic system unions.
- f required, tighten unions to the specified torque.

🛈 : Tightening torque

- Pipes
 10 to 12 N·m
 (7.4 to 8.8 ft lb.
 1 to 1.2 kg·m)
- Hoses 10 to 15 N·m (7.4 to 11 ft lb; 1 to 1.5 kg·m)
- d. Check for restrictions or cracks in the servobrake vacuum intake Also check that it is correctly secured

2. Check on brakes fluid level

 a. Check that the fluid level reaches the max mark indicated on tank.

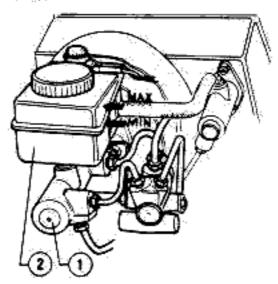
Top up if necessary, with the proper fluid:

Brakes clutch fluid

ATE "S"

AGIP Brake Fluid Super HD IP Auto Fluid FR

 b. If fluid level is low, check the braking system to identify any, leaks.



- 1. Brake master cylinder
- 2 Clutch brake fluid tank

3. Brake fluid draining

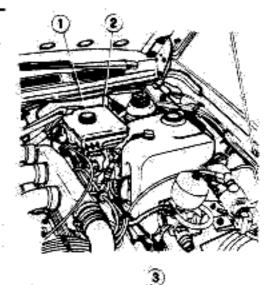
3s. Vehicles not equipped with ABS. wheel antilock system.

Connect a hose to bleeder screws of front and rear wheels, and drain the brake system fluid into a container.

3b. Vehicles equipped with ABS wheel antilock system

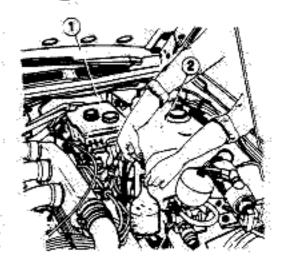
Proceed as indicated in step 3s, and drain brake and clutch fluid from the tank as follows:

(1) Remove plug (1) from tank (2)



- Plug
- 2 Brake and clutch fluid tank
- 3 Electric pump supply hose

(2) Detach supply hose 2 from electric pump 3 and collect the fluid draining directly from the tank 1 in a suitable container.



- 3
- Brake and clutch fluid tank
- 2 Electric pump supply hose
- 3 Electric pump

CAUTION:

Fluid is corrosive. Do not drop brake fluid on painted surfaces.

System refill

Refill system with new oil and bleed air from the system. (Refer to: Group 22 - Brake System Bleeding Use only the specified fluids, taken from original sealed tins to be opened only when ready to use. The filling operation is to be carried out with the filter inserted into tank.

WARNING

If brake pedal travel is long and spongy, it means that air bubbles are present. If so, repeat system bleeding.

Brake booster check

- Check wear degree of vacuum hose and the related connections. Check also that brake booster is free from dents.
- Check for any cracks or restrictions in the vacuum intake hose. Also ensure that it is correctly secured.

Front discs Models	Discs thickness wear limit	
miane ē	s = 20 mm (0.787 in)	

FRONT BRAKES

 Check on pads wear and replacement.

Pads are to be replaced when the related sensors contained in the pads indicate pad wear to the ALFA ROMEO Control.

If pads need to be replaced proceed as follows:

- Remove front wheels.
- b. Remove upper pin and crossshaped spring of each caliper, and check that pad thickness is not near the min value allowed.
- c. If pads are replaced, withdraw the other pin, detach the wear indicator from the connector located in the engine compartment, and disassemble pads.
- d. Move pistons backward, check orientation and install the new pads, with the related wear indicator.
- e. Insert the first pin, the spring and the second pin; connect the wear indicator.

Install wheels.

REAR BRAKES

 Check on pad wear and replacement

Pads are to be replaced when the related sensors contained in the pads indicate pad wear to the ALFA ROMEO Control.

If pads need to be replaced proceed as follows:

- Remove safety springs, pins and springs from rear calipers.
- Move the pad-disc backlash adjusting devices backward, then withdraw the pads.

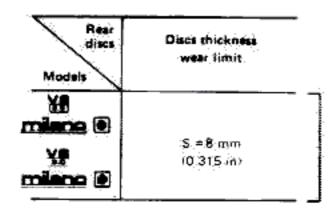
Check that pad thickness is not near the min value allowed:

If so, replace them:

- c. Install pads directing them with the arrow towards disc rotation; insert pins, springs and safety springs.
- d. Adjust pad-disc backlash.

2 Brake disc check

Check degree of wear on brake discs.





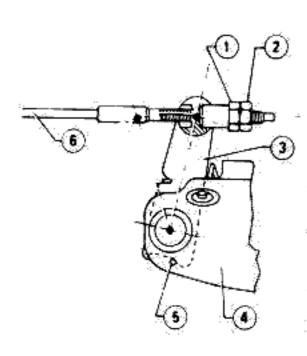
PARKING BRAKE

ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Check that the parking brake lever is in the released position
- 2. Position nut (1) to eliminate the end play of cable (6), without moving levers (3) from the released position.
- 3. Tighten lock nut (2).
- 4. Check that rear wheels locking occurs within the 4th and 6th notch of scroll gear of parking brake control lever.

Check on brake discs.

With pads disassembled, check degree of wear on brake discs.



- 1 Adjusting out
- 2 Securing took not
- 3. Plungers control rever
- 4 Brake caliper
- S Lever end of fravel or
- Parking brake control cable
- Check the following
- With control lever in the released position, the levers will also be in the released position against the end of travel pin, and the backlash between pads and discs must be that specified (refer to Group 22 Service Data and Specifications Checks and Adjustments).
- When operating the control lever the cable must slide freely and no end play must be present
- When parking brake level is moved one notch, the warning lamp must illuminate and then go off, as soon as lever is set in the rest position.
- The parking lever maneuverability, must be easy and smooth and, when the lever is engaged the hooking tooth must enter its seat in the scroll year without seizing.

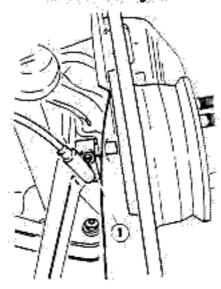
(ABS) WHEEL ANTI-LOCK SYSTEM

AIR GAP ADJUSTMENT BETWEEN FRONT IMPULSE PICK-UP AND IMPULSE EMITTING WHEEL

- New impulse pick-up installation
- 1. Loosen air gap adjustment screw (1):
- 2. Push the impulse pick-up against the impulse emitting wheel (a plastic shim with thickness equal to the necessary air gap is located on the impulse pick-up head).
- Keeping the impulse pick-up against the impulse emitting wheel, tighten the screw adjusting air gap 1 to the prescribed torque.
- Tightening torque

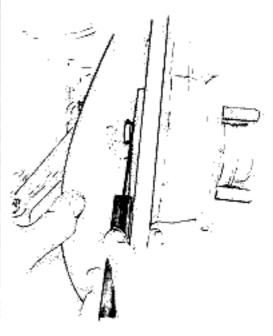
 Air gap adjustment screw between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel 2.4 to 3 N·m

 (1.74 to 2.17 ft·lb; 0.24 to 0.3 kg·m)

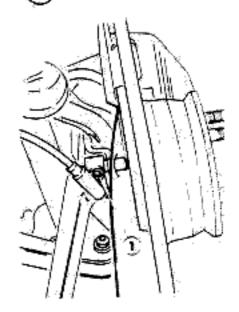


- † Air gap adjustment screw between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel
- Used impulse pick-up installation
- Using a thickness gauge, check that the air gap between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel is that prescribed, performing the same check two or three times with the impulse emitting wheel in different positions.

Air gap between front impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel t = 0.7 mm (0.028 in)



If this value is not measured, loosen the screw adjusting air gap (1).



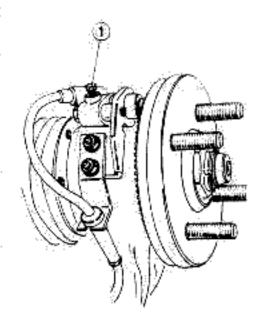
- Air gap adjustment screw between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel
- Insert the shim equal to the prescribed air gap (t = 0.7 mm (0.028 in)) between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel.
- Keeping impulse pick-up, shim and impulse emitting wheel together, tighten the adjustment screw to the prescribed torque.
- Tightening torque
 Air gap adjustment screw
 between impulse pick-up and
 impulse emitting wheel
 2.4 to 3 N-m
 (1.74 to 2.17 ft-lb;
 0.24 to 0.3 kg·m)
- With the impulse emitting wheel in two or three different positions; check that the air gap is that prescribed.

AIR GAP ADJUSTMENT BETWEEN REAR IMPULSE PICK-UP AND IMPULSE EMITTING WHEEL

- New impulse pick-up installation
- 1. Loosen air gap adjustment screw 1).
- 2. Push the impulse pick-up against the impulse emitting wheel (a plastic shim with thickness equal to the necessary air gap is located on the impulse pick-up head).
- Keeping the impulse pick-up against the impulse emitting wheel, tighten the screw adjusting air gap (1) to the prescribed torque.
- Tightening torque

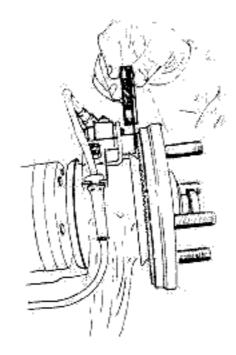
Air gap adjustment screw between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel

2.4 to 3 N·m (1.74 to 2.17 ft·lb; (0.24 to 0.3 kg·m)

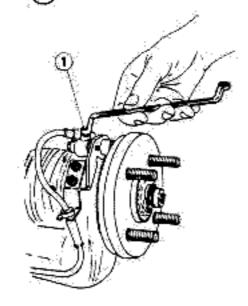


- Air gap adjustment screw between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel
- Used impulse pick-up installation
- Using a thickness gauge check that the air gap between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel is that prescribed, performing the same check two or three times with the impulse emitting wheel in different positions.

Air gap between rear impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel t = 1.1 mm (0.043 in)



2: If this value is not measured, loosen the screw adjusting air gap (1).



- Air gap adjustment screw between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel
- 3. Insert the shim equal to the prescribed air gap (t = 1.1 mm (0.043 in)) between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel.
- Keeping impulse pick-up, shim and impulse emitting wheel together, tighten the adjustment screw to the prescribed torque.
- Tightening torque
 Air gap adjustment screw
 between impulse pick-up and
 impulse emitting wheel
 2.4 to 3 N·m
 (1.74 to 2.17 ft-lb;
 0.24 to 0.3 ke·m)

With the impulse emitting wheel in two or three different positions, check that the air gap is that prescribed.

STEERING SYSTEM

CHECK ON THE UNIT

- 1. Check for seizing or stiffness when the steering wheel is moved in both directions:
- Rotate steering wheel clockwise and counterclockwise, and check for excessive backlash.
- 3. Tighten (where required) the steering box connection points (refer to: Group 23 Service Data and Specifications Tightening Torques)
- 4. Check rack rubber boots are in good condition, replace them if required.
- Check half and flexible joints of sterring rods, replace them if worn

CHECK ON POWER STEERING TANK OIL LEVEL

Check the out level in the powe steering, system stanks and check systematightness

Power steering oil

AGIP ATF Dexron II 11297 IP Dexron Fluid II 11297 SHELL Dexron II 10709 D 20137

TIRES

TIRE PRESSURE CHECK

With the tires at ambient temperature check that pressure is at the specified values; sestore if necessary (refer to: Wheels and Tires). The space wheel must be at the highest value.

BODY

LOCKS AND HINGES

- 1. Lubricate locks and hinges.
- 2. Adjust lock strikers.

SEAT BELTS

WARNING

- If seat belts are to be washed, do not use chemical detergents or solvents, since they could damage the buckles.
- After a serious accident involving belt stress, replace, same, even if apparently not damaged.
- 1. Check anchors making sure they are not loose on mountings
- 2. Check seat belts degree of wear

- 3. Check to proper working condition of buckles and tongues
- 4: Fasten seat belts and check if they are promptly locked if a sudden movement occurs
- If not so, check retractor Hockship, system

If the condition of any seat belt component is doubtful, replace the whole belt assembly.

Tightening torque Seat belt screws 28 to 44 N·m (20.5 to 32 ft·lb. 2.8 to 4.4 kg·m)

TROUBLE DIAGNOSIS AND CORRECTIONS

TRANSMISSION

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Clutch slips	(Engine r.p.m. does not correspond to a accelerating or going uphili).	vehicle speed, particularly when
	 (Trouble diagnosis procedure) Engage parking brake Press clutch pedal and engage 4th speed Increase engine speed, and gradually release the clutch pedal and engine does not stop, clutch is slipping. 	
	Gasket worn or wet with oil	Replace the worn components
	 Insufficient load of pressure plate diaphragm spring 	Replace pressure plate
Clutch noisy (Trouble diagnosis pro	ocedure)	
 Noisy when pressing the pedal 	Thrust bearing and/or support damaged.	Replace thrust bearing and/or suppor
 Noisy when clutch is engaged 	Clutch unit faulty	Check clutch
Noisy with vehicle stationary (clutch checked) (gearbox in neutral)	Propeller shaft and/or related support faulty	Check propeller shaft and related supports:
Noisy when running (clutch checked)		
 Noisy only when gearbox is engaged 	Oil level in the gearbox-dif- ferential casing insufficient	Top-up and eliminate any leaks.
	Bearings damaged	Replace bearings
:	Gears worn or damaged	Replace gears
 Noisy also with gearbox to neutral 	Bearings damaged	Replace bearings
	Differential and/or wheel bearings damaged	Replace bearings
 Noisy during both acceleration and deceleration and pick-up. 	Pinion crown mating defective	Check mating
auto zásádies atroju, átila bick ab	 Axle shafts and related joints damaged 	Replace the faulty components
 Noisy when taking a curve 	Differential faulty	Check

COMPLETE CAR

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Gear engagement/disengagement difficult	(Trouble diagnosis procedure) — Disengage clutch and engage rever — Shift into neutral and, after a short engage the reverse gear	
- If engagement is noisy	 Declutching defective 	Check clutch and related control
- If engagement is not noisy	 Outer and/or inner gearbox linkage faulty 	Check linkage
	Synchronizers inefficient	Replace:synchronizers

SUSPENSION

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Noisy when running	Make sure that wheels are correctly secured	
	Connections of shock absorber and/or suspension arms damaged	Replace the faulty components
	• Shock absorbers unloaded:	Replace
	Wheel bearings damaged	Replace
Vehicle drifts	Tires defective or incorrect pressure	Check
	Wheel alignment incorrect	Check and restore
	Resistance from brakes	Check brakes
	 Faults in the steering wheel linkage 	Check linkage

STEERING WHEEL

Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Steering wheel jerks (suspensions checked)	Steering wheel linkage connection defective	Check
	Steering box loosened or damaged	Check and restore

COMPLETE CAR

Probable cause	Corrective action
Make sure that tires are correctly inflated	
Power steering inefficient	Check and restore
Power steering pump and/or drive belts faulty	Check
	Make sure that tires are correctly inflated • Power steering inefficient • Power steering pump and/or

BRAKES

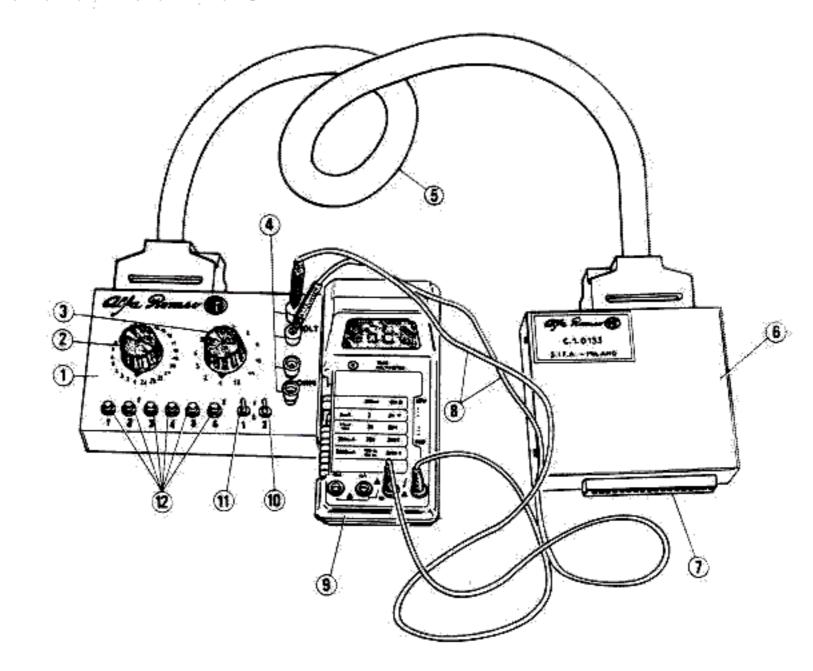
Condition	Probable cause	Corrective action
Poor braking action	(Trouble diagnosis procedure) — with engine stopped, press brake pedal repeatedly — start engine keeping brake pedal pressed	
 Pedal rises against driver's feet 	Servobrake inefficient	Replace
- Pedal lowers; its travel is	• Pads worn or wet with oil	Replace and eliminate any leaks
long	Fluid leaks from system	Check and restore:
	Master cylinder and/or plungers inefficient	Check and restore
	Air in the system	Carry out bleeding
Vehicle drifts when braking (suspensions checked)	Tires pressure incorrect	Restore correct pressure and check tires
	Pads and discs worn or wet with oil	Clean and/or replace. Eliminate any leaks
	Brake calipers faulty.	Check
Vehicle held back when running	Parking brake faulty	Check and adjust
	Brake master cylinder and/or calipers faulty	Check
	Control linkage sticking	Check and adjust
Noisy and vibrations when braking	Pads deformed or wet with brake fluid	Replace pads and eliminate any leak
	Brake discs scratched	Grind or replace discs

DIAGNOSIS PROCEDURE OF THE (ABS) MARK II WHEEL ANTILOCK SYSTEM

CAUTION:

- Prior to beginning the diagnosis procedure, refer to the indications given in "Group 22 Troubleshooting for the (ABS) MARK II Wheel Antilock Braking System".
- Reference should be made to the wiring diagram shown later and cabling shown in Group 40.
- The ♀ warning light is indicated in the text with the symbol AL.

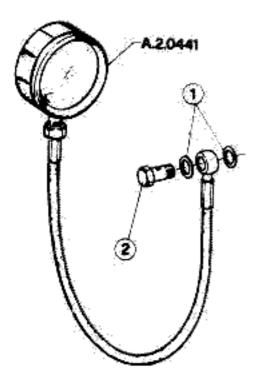
DIAGNOSTIC INSTRUMENTATION



- Universal diagnoser for electronic systems (C.1.0132)
- 2 Selector (1)
- 3 Selector (2)
- 4 Jacks

- 5 Connecting cable (C.9.0033).
- 6 Interface for ABS MARK II IC 1.01331
- 7 Connection to wiring connector
- 8 Tie cables

- S Multimeter
- 10 Switch (2)
- 11 Switch (1)
- 12 Pushbuttons



WARNING

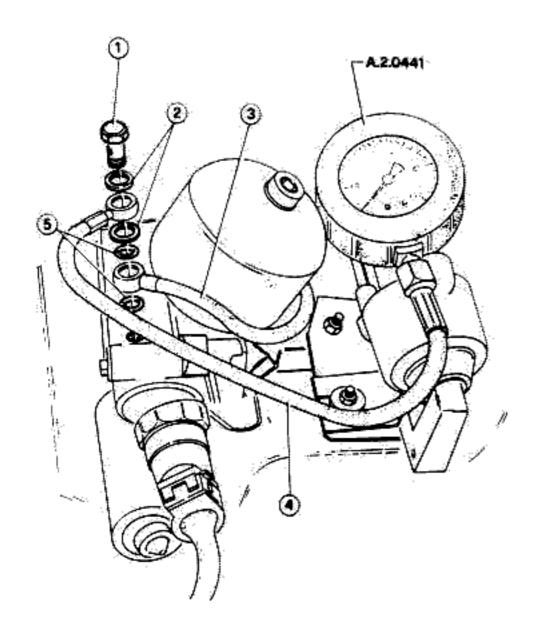
Prior to working on the hydraulic circuit, the brake fluid pressure should be completely discharged by pressing the brake pedal at least 20 times until it sticks, with the ignition key removed. The circuit is at 180 ber.

Hydraulic circuit pressure gauge (A.2.0441)

- 1 Washers
- 2 Screw

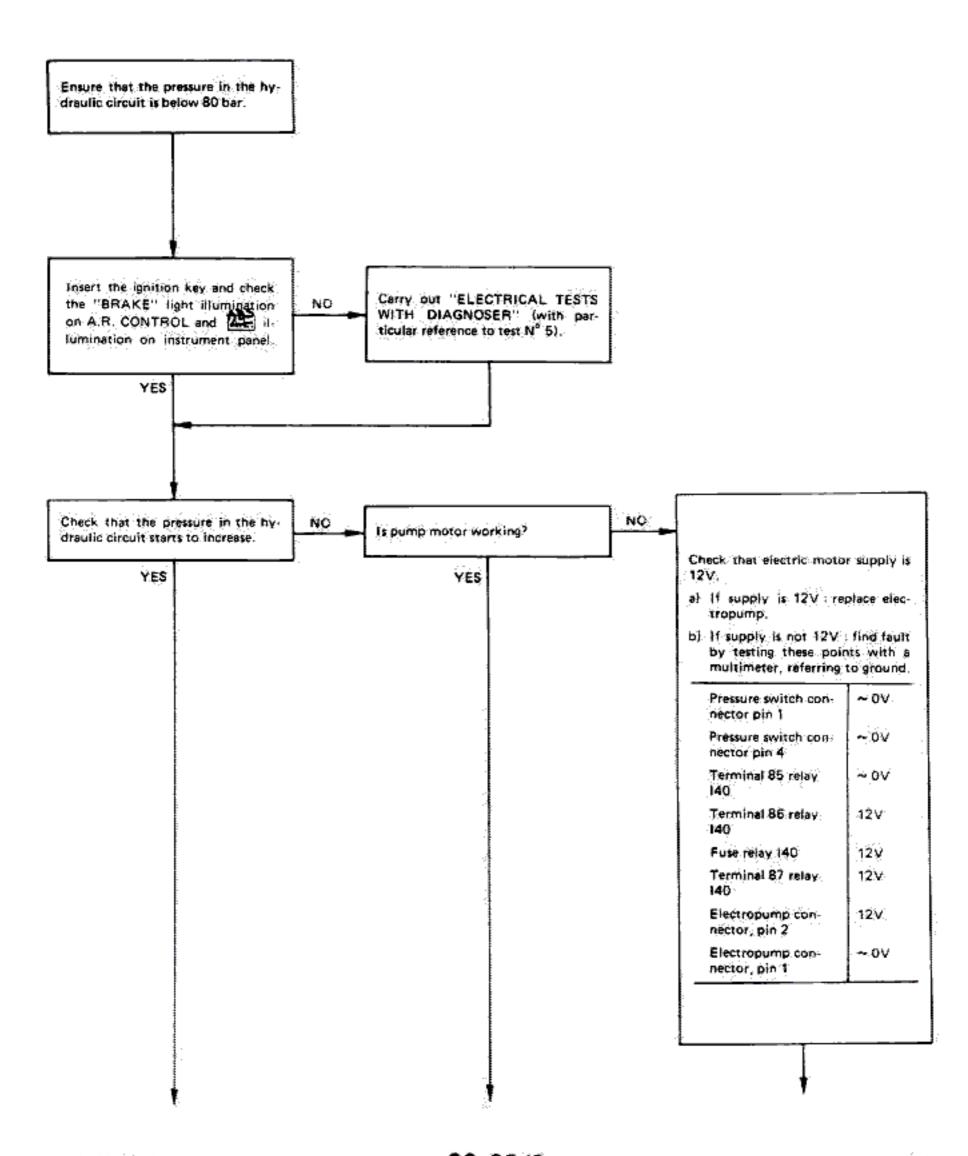
PRELIMINARY OPERATIONS

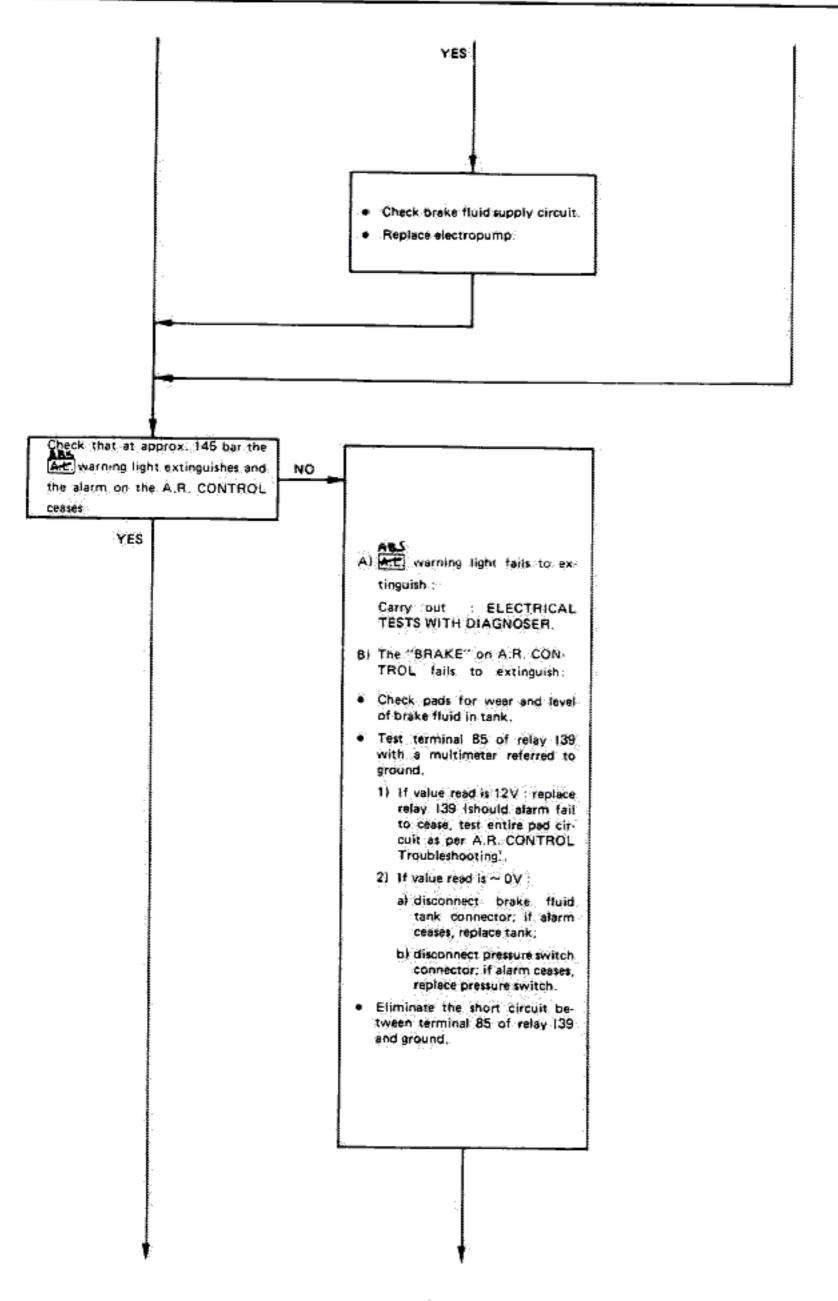
- Remove the ignition key.
- Fully discharge the hydraulic circuit pressure (press brake pedal at least 20 times until it sticks).
- Connect the pressure gauge (A.2.0441) to the pump unit outlet.

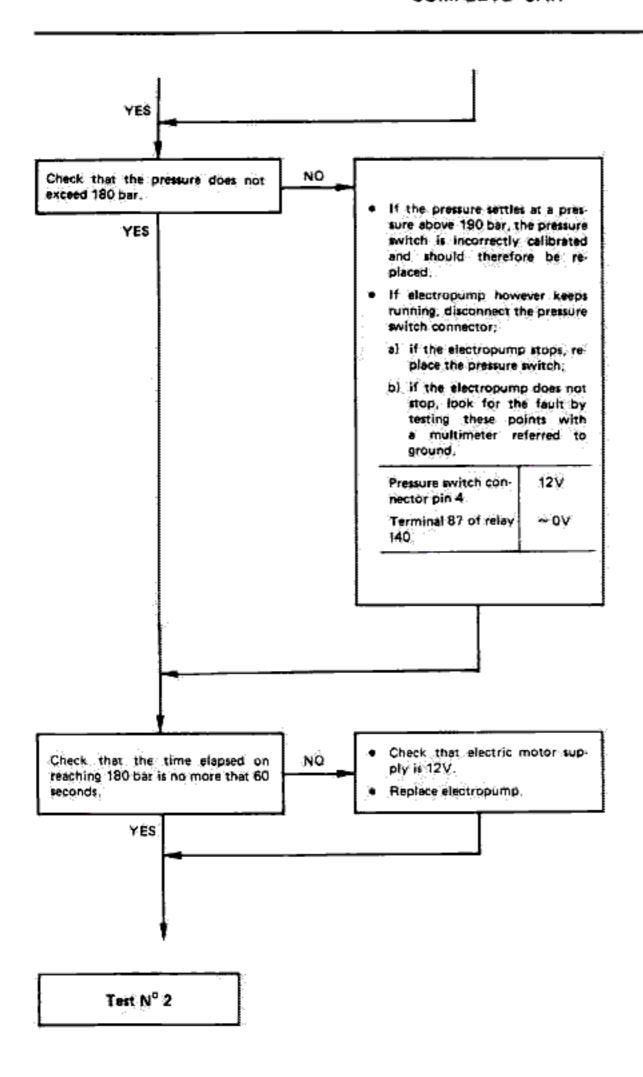


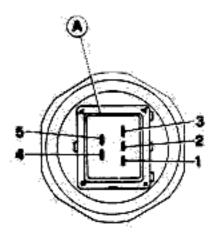
- Screve
- 2 Washers
- 3 Pressurized fluid delivery hose
- 4 Pressure gauge A.2.0441 hose
- 5 O-Rings

Test Nº 1



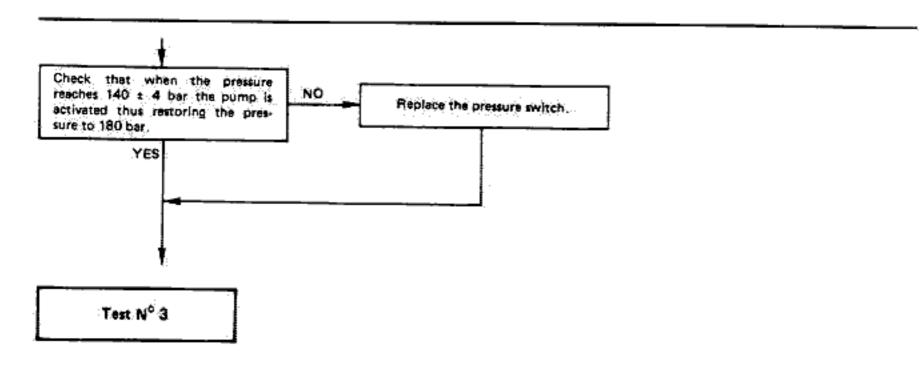


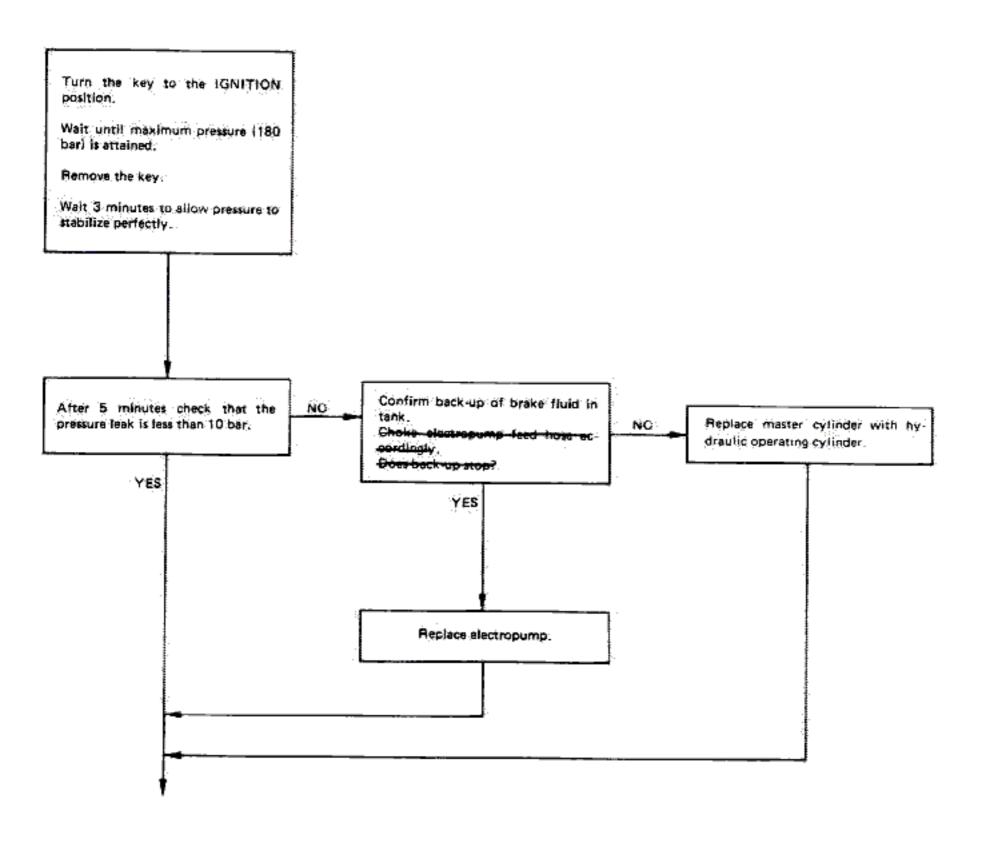




A Pressure switch connector
On Pump

With a pressurized hydraulic circuit (pump at a halt) and the key inserted, press the brake pedal several times.





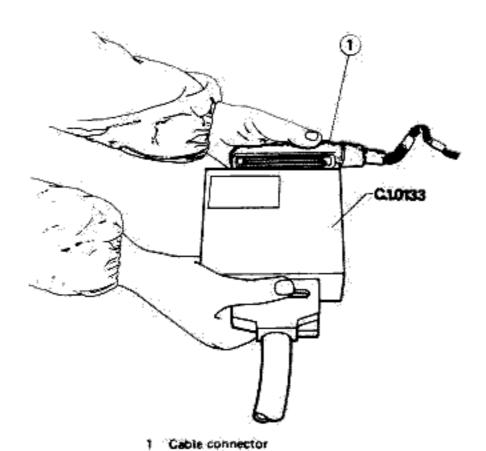
ELECTRICAL TESTS WITH DIAGNOSER

NOTE:

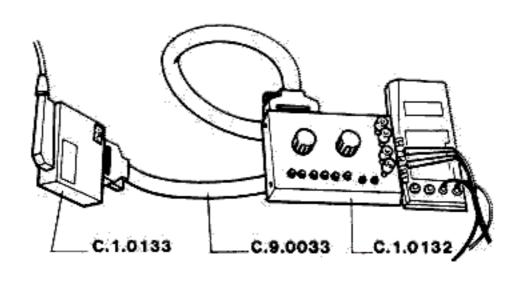
Subsequent to a repair it is advisable to resume the diagnosis from the start.

Ohmmetric measurement set-up

- Disconnect the connector from the ABS unit.
- Insert the diagnostic equipment interface (C.1.0133) in the cable connector.

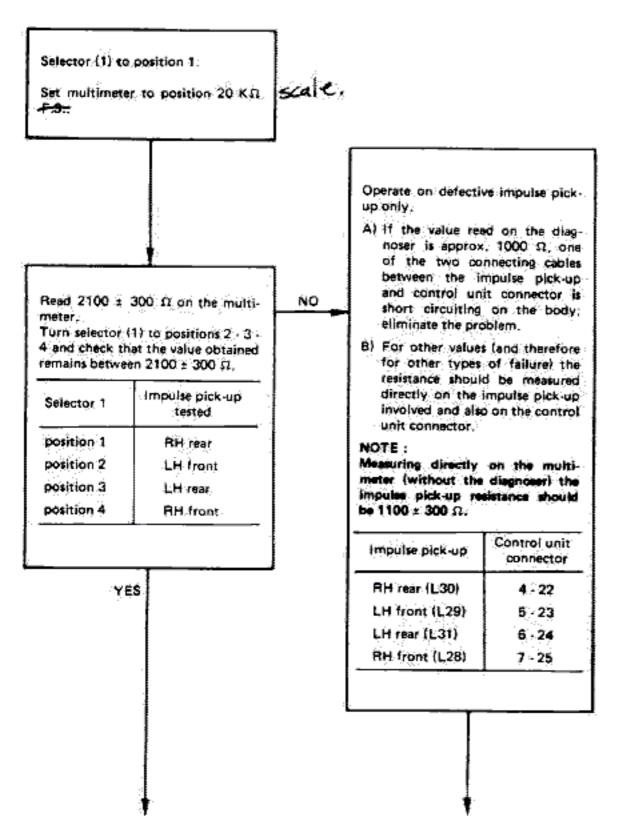


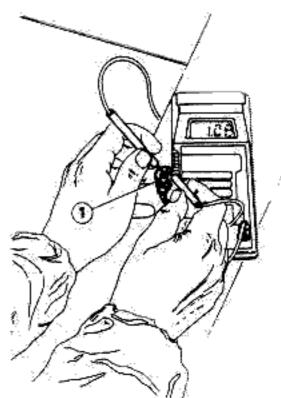
- Ensure that the interface (C.1.0133) is connected to the diagnoser (C.1.0132) by means of the cable supplied C.9.0033.



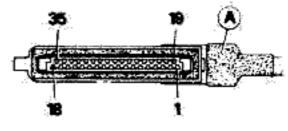
- Set rotating selectors (1) and (2) to position 1.
- Set switches (1) and (2) to position 1.
- Verify that the pressure in the hydraulic circuit is 140 thru 180 bar.
- Remove the key.
- Set-up the multimeter for OHM measurement and insert the prods of the decision to the blue and black jacks of the diagnoser marked OHM.
- Selectors (1) and (2) to position 1.

impulse pick-ups test

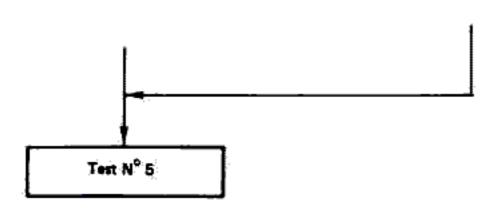




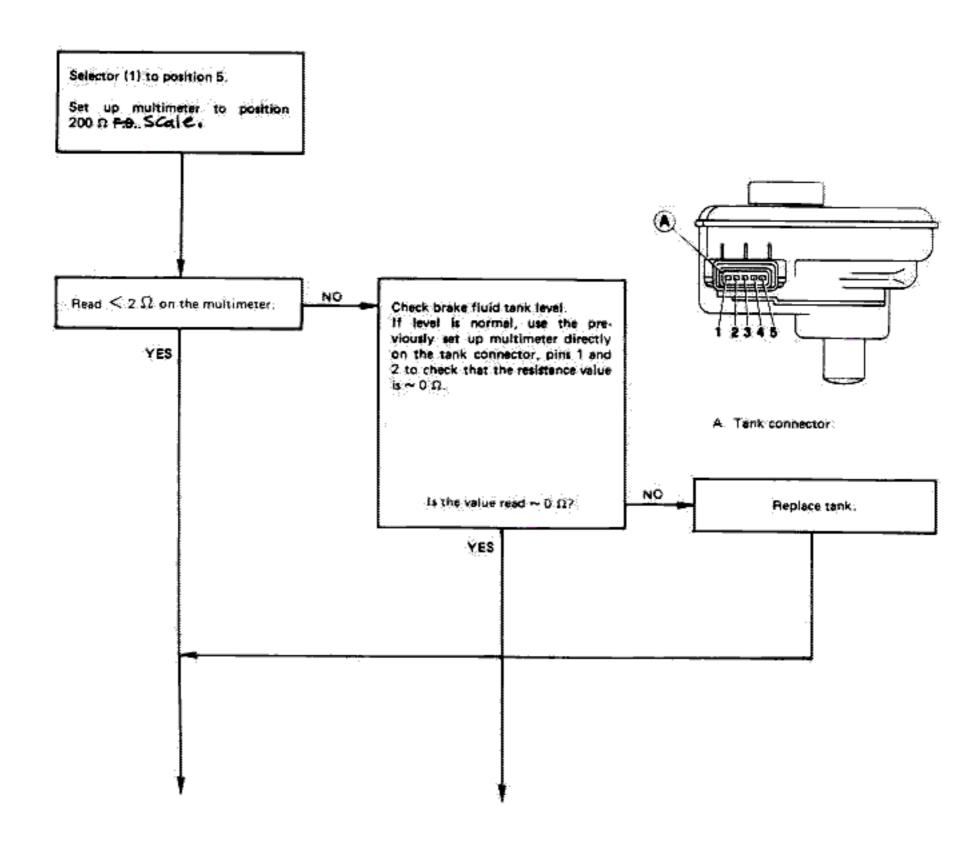
 Impulse pick-up electrical connection

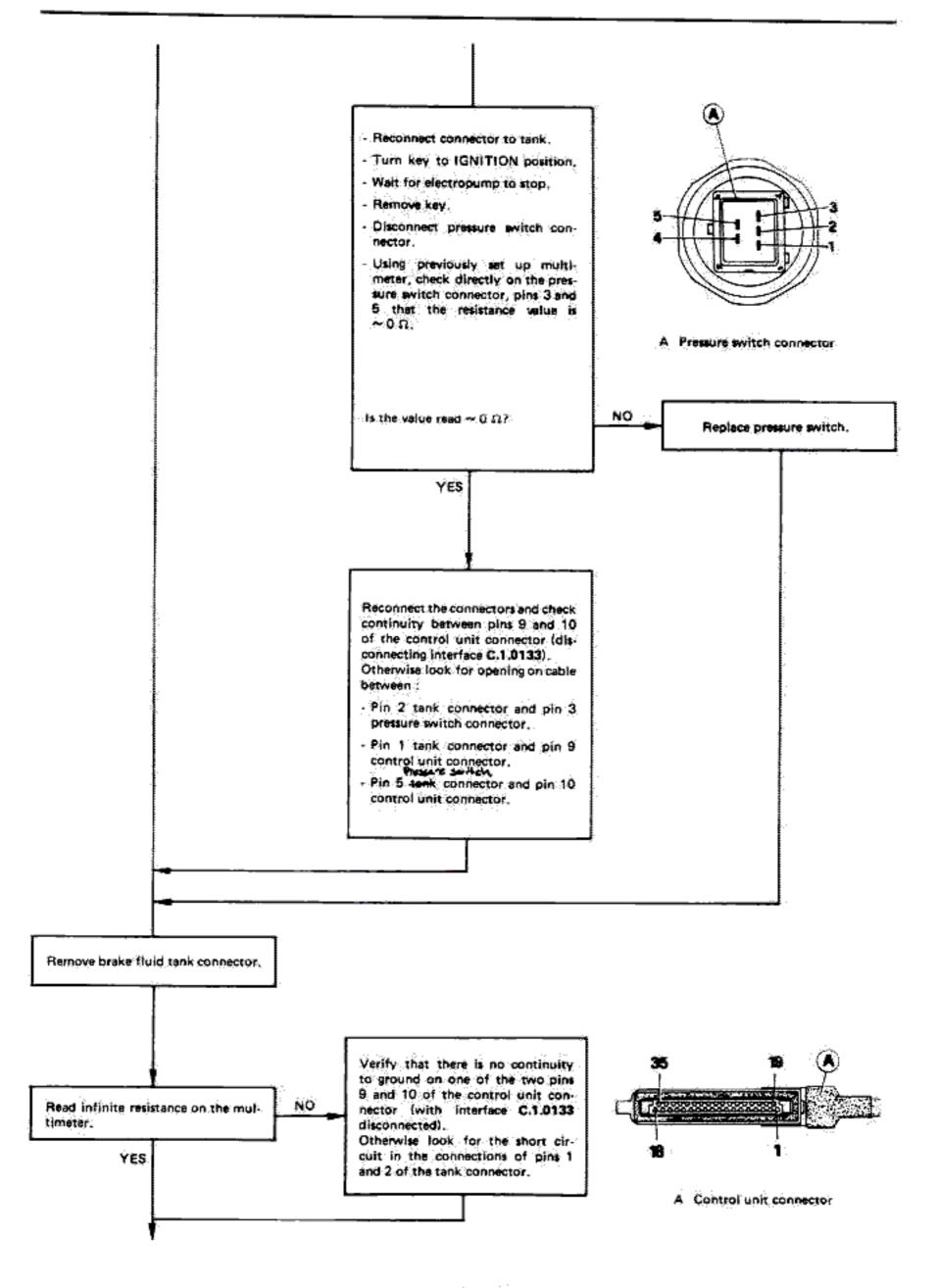


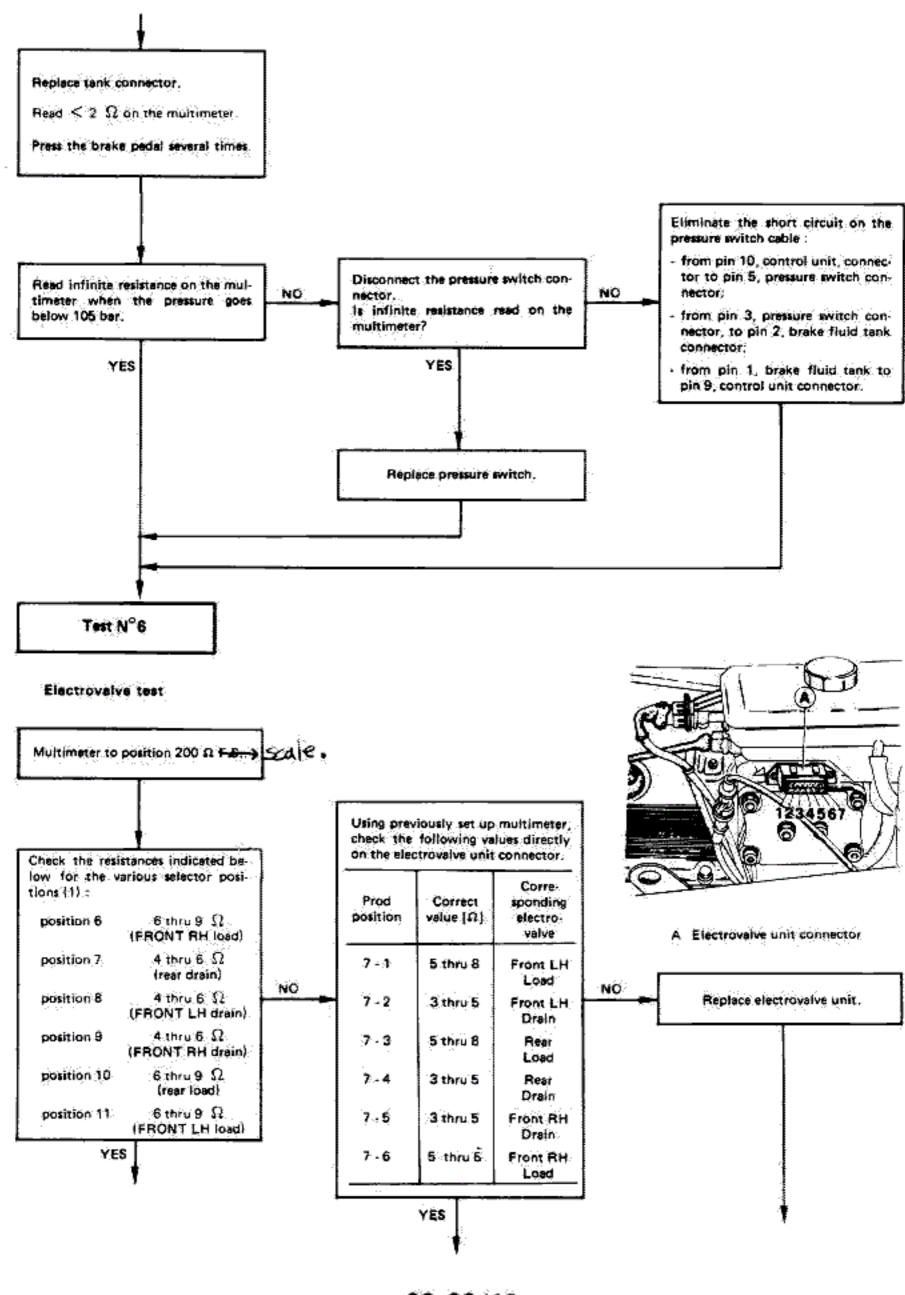
A Control unit connector

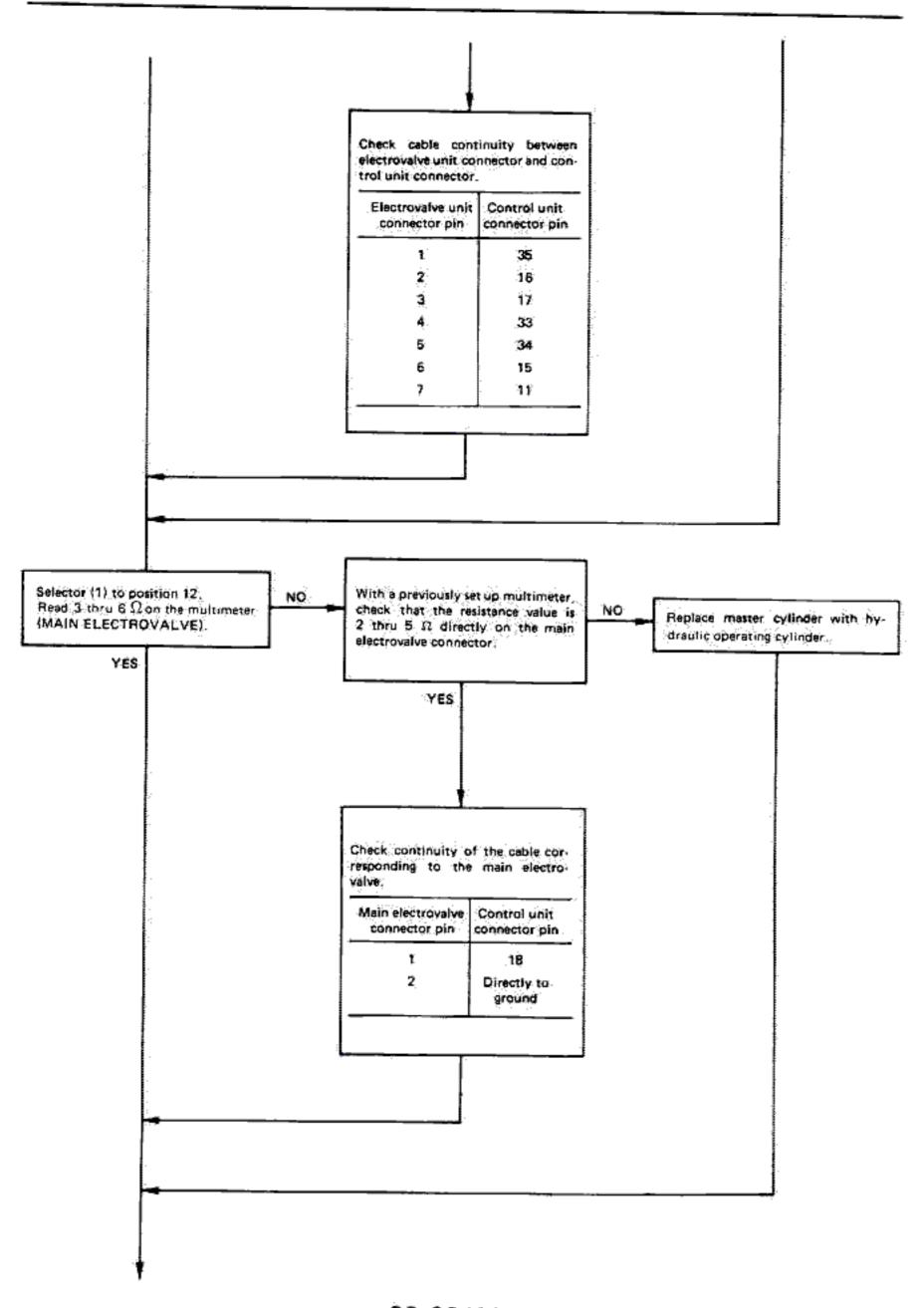


ABS warning light slarm SW test (tank and pressure switch)







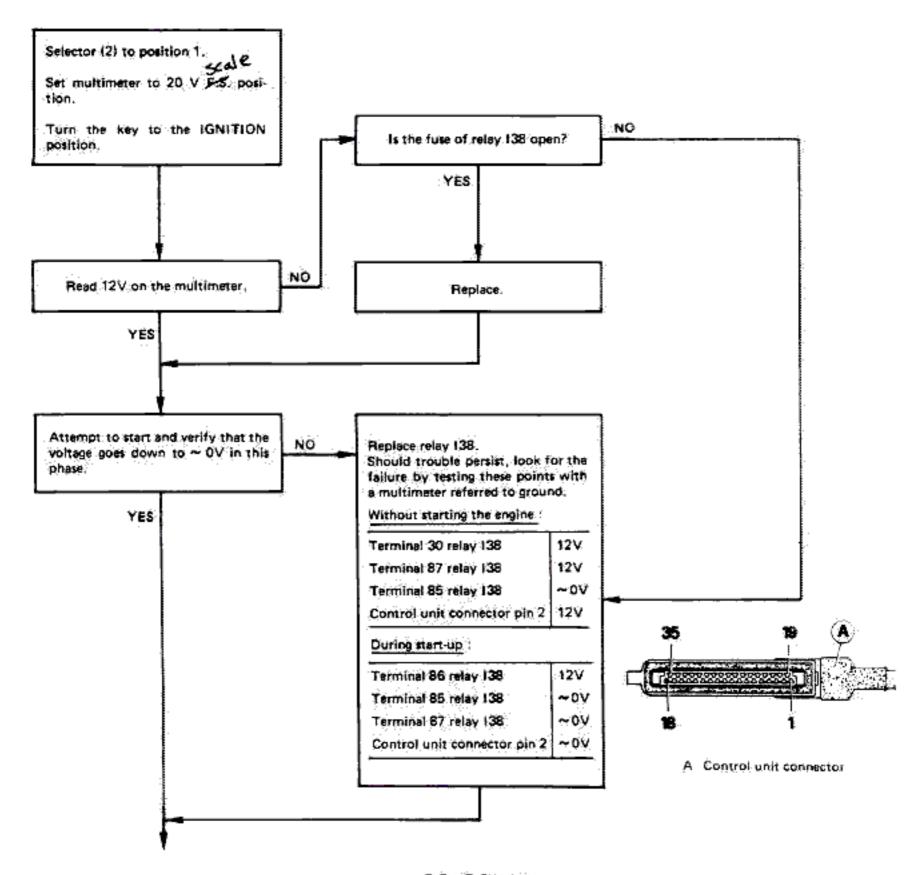


Voltmetric measurement set-up

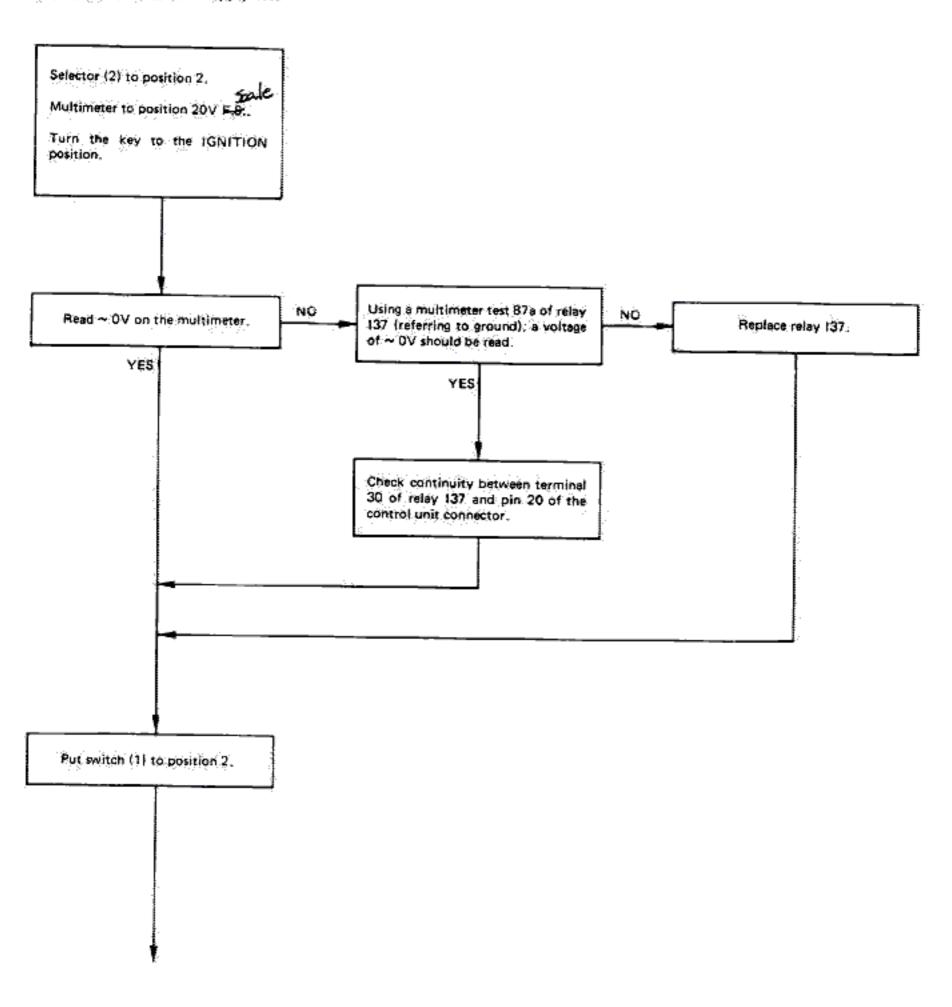
- Remove the key.
- Selector (1) to position 1.
- Selector (2) to position 1.
- Switches (1) and (2) to position 1.
- Turn the key and wait until maximum pressure (180 bar) is reached in the hydraulic circuit.
- Remove the key.
- Set the multimeter up for VOLT measurement and insert the cable tie black prod into the black jack marked VOLT and the red
 prod of the other cable tie into the red jack marked VOLT.

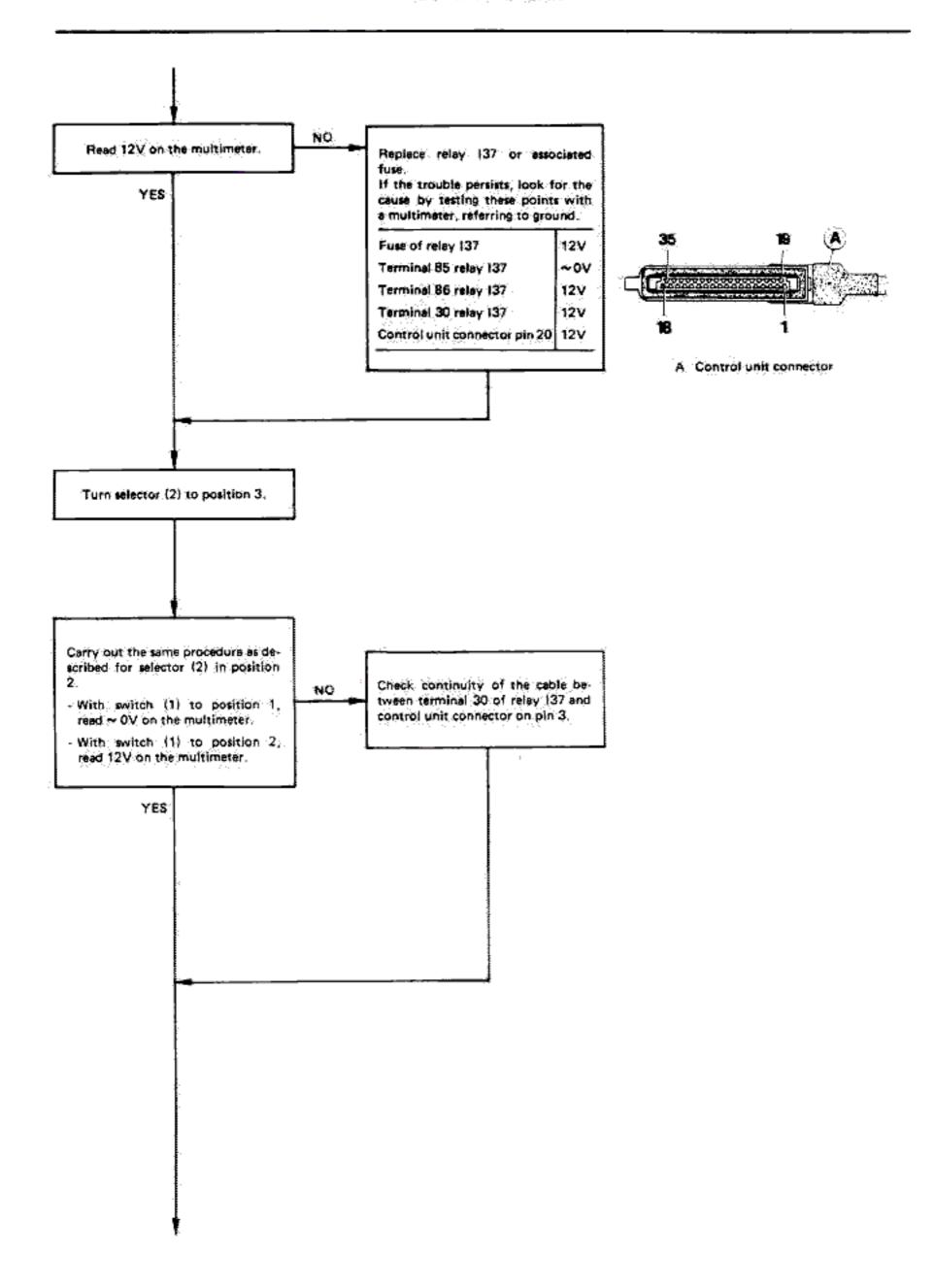
Test N° 7

Control unit inhibit test during start-up phase



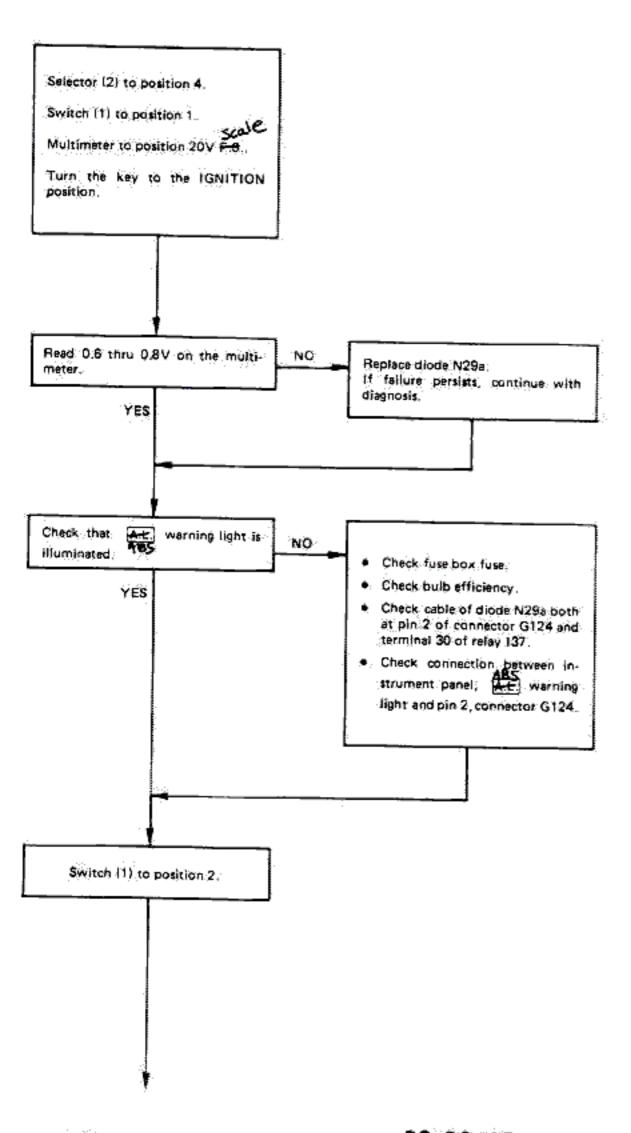
ABS control unit main supply test

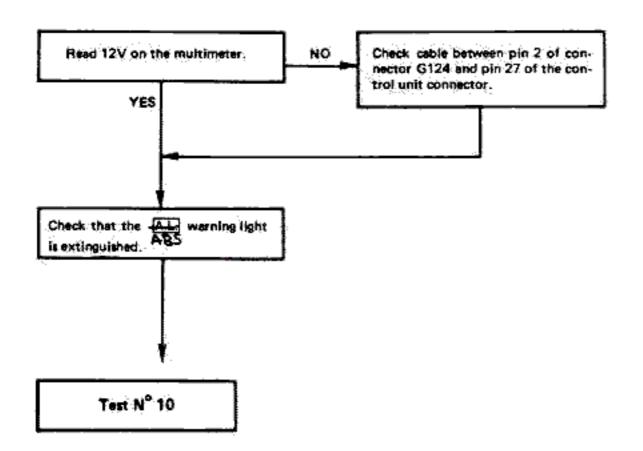




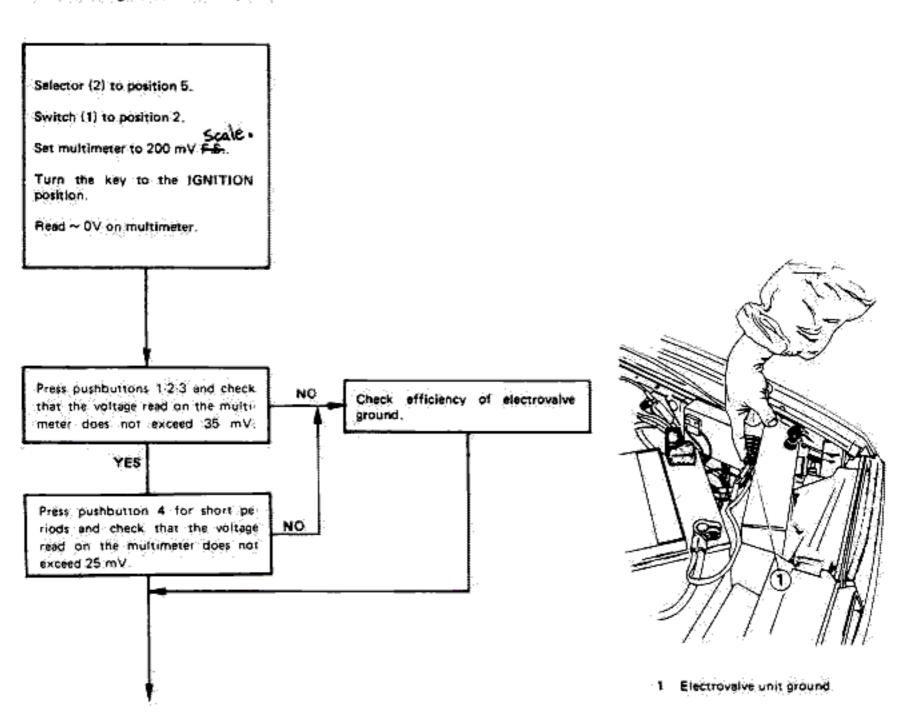
Test N° 9

Diode N29s diminished voltage test (see Wiring Diagram)

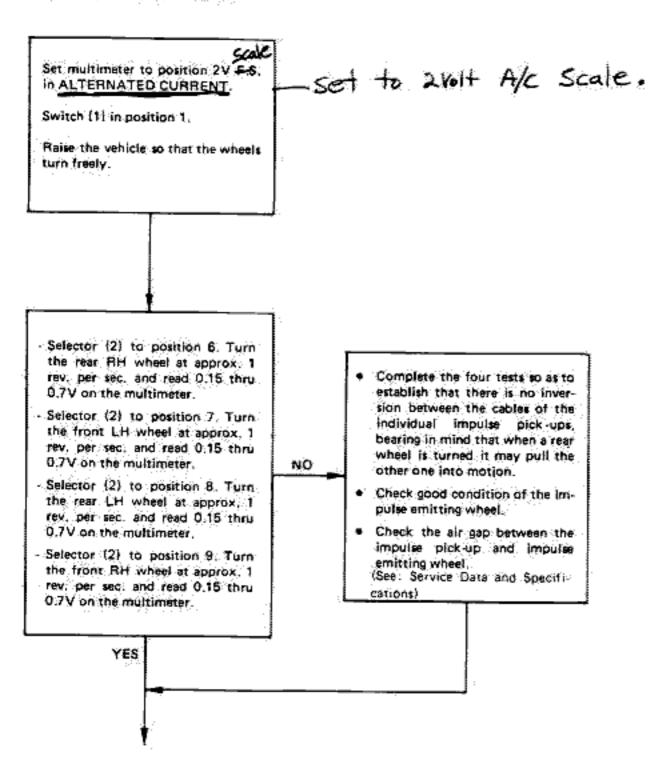




Electrovalve ground efficiency test



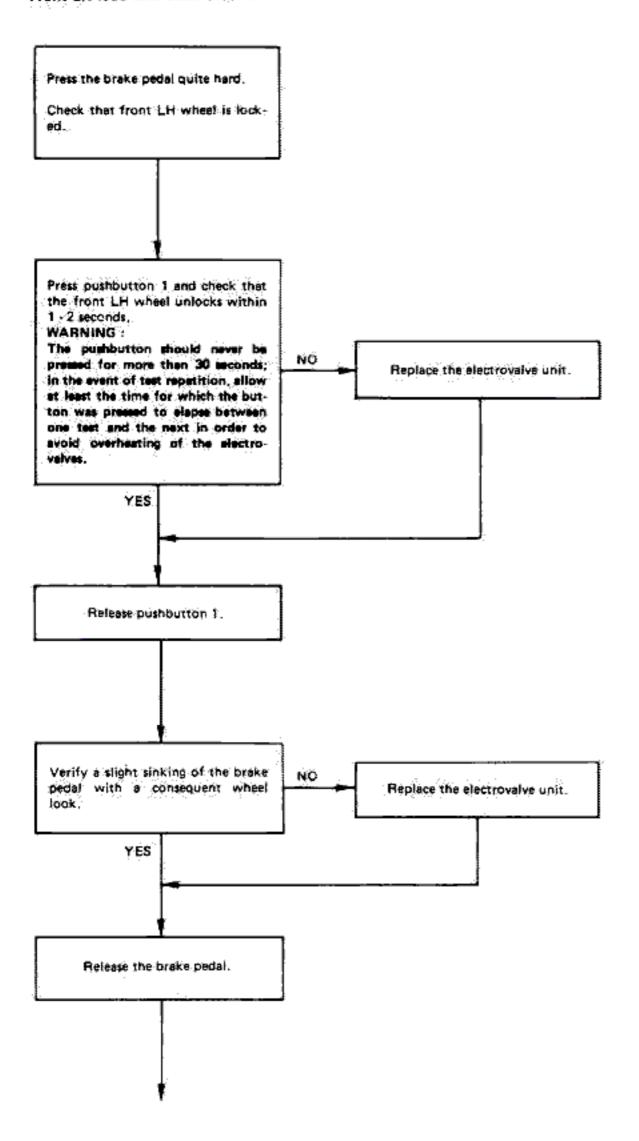
Impulse pick-up dynamic test



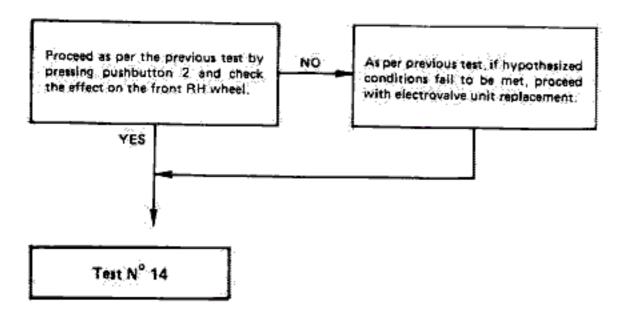
Electrovalve dynamic test set up

- Remove the key.
- Ascertain that all previous tests proved positive otherwise refrain from carrying out the following.
- Selector (1) to position 1.
- Selector (2) to position 1.
- Switch (1) to position 2.
- Switch (2) to position 1.
- Raise the car enough to allow the wheels to turn freely.
- Insert the key and walt until the pressure in the hydraulic circuit reaches the maximum pressure of 180 par.

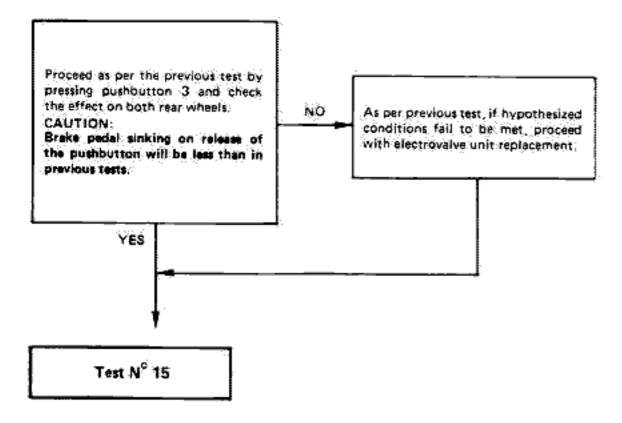
Front LH load and drain electrovalve test



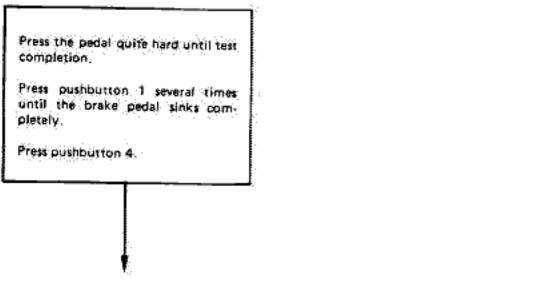
Front RH load and drain electrovalve test



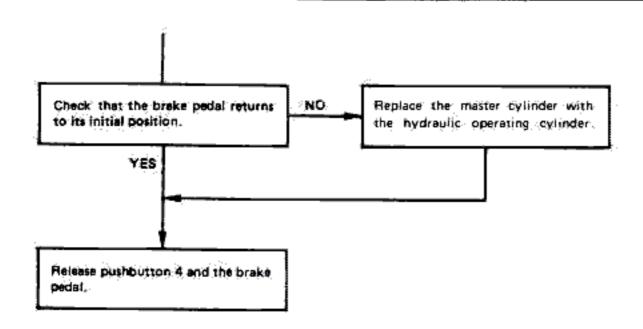
Rear load and drain electroveive test



Main electrovalve test



June 1986

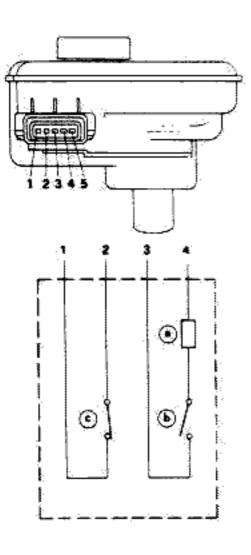


OBSERVATIONS

Should the problem persist on completion of the diagnostic procedure, proceed thus:

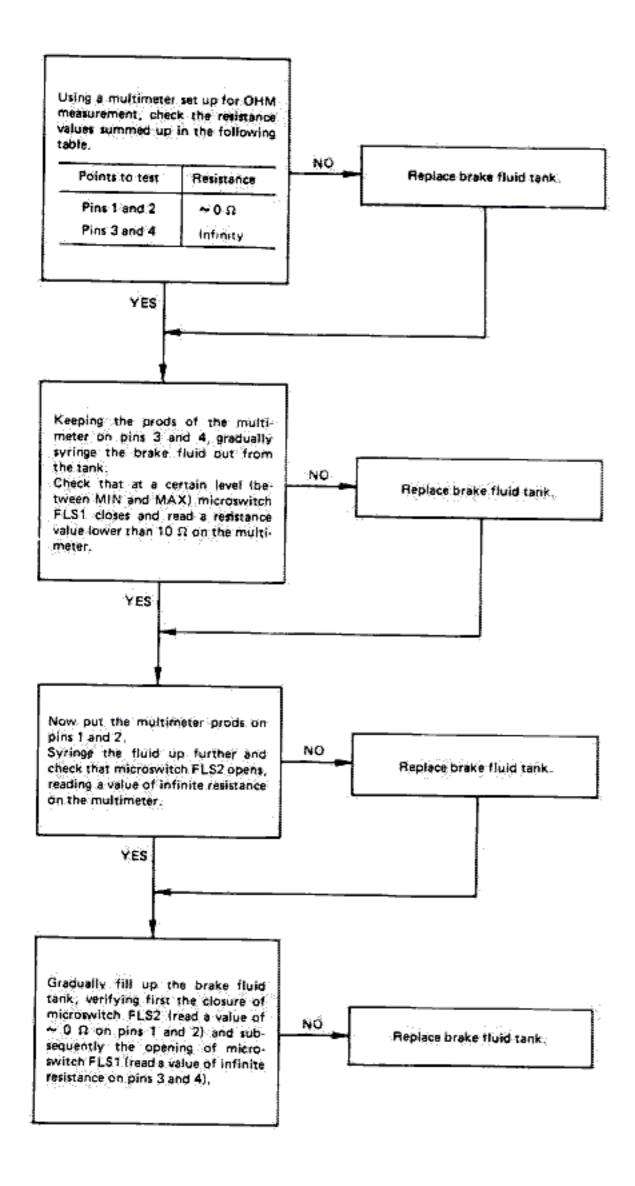
- Check that all the connections are well connected and rust free.
- Check that the clearance of the front wheel hub bearings come within the tolerance limits (see: Group 21 Front Suspension Service Data and Specifications).
- Check that diode N29b (see Wiring Diagram) is not open.
- Check that relay I40 (see Wiring Diagram) is efficient.
- Replace ABS control unit.

ELECTRICAL DIAGNOSIS OF THE BRAKE FLUID TANK FOR THE (ABS) MARK II ANTILOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

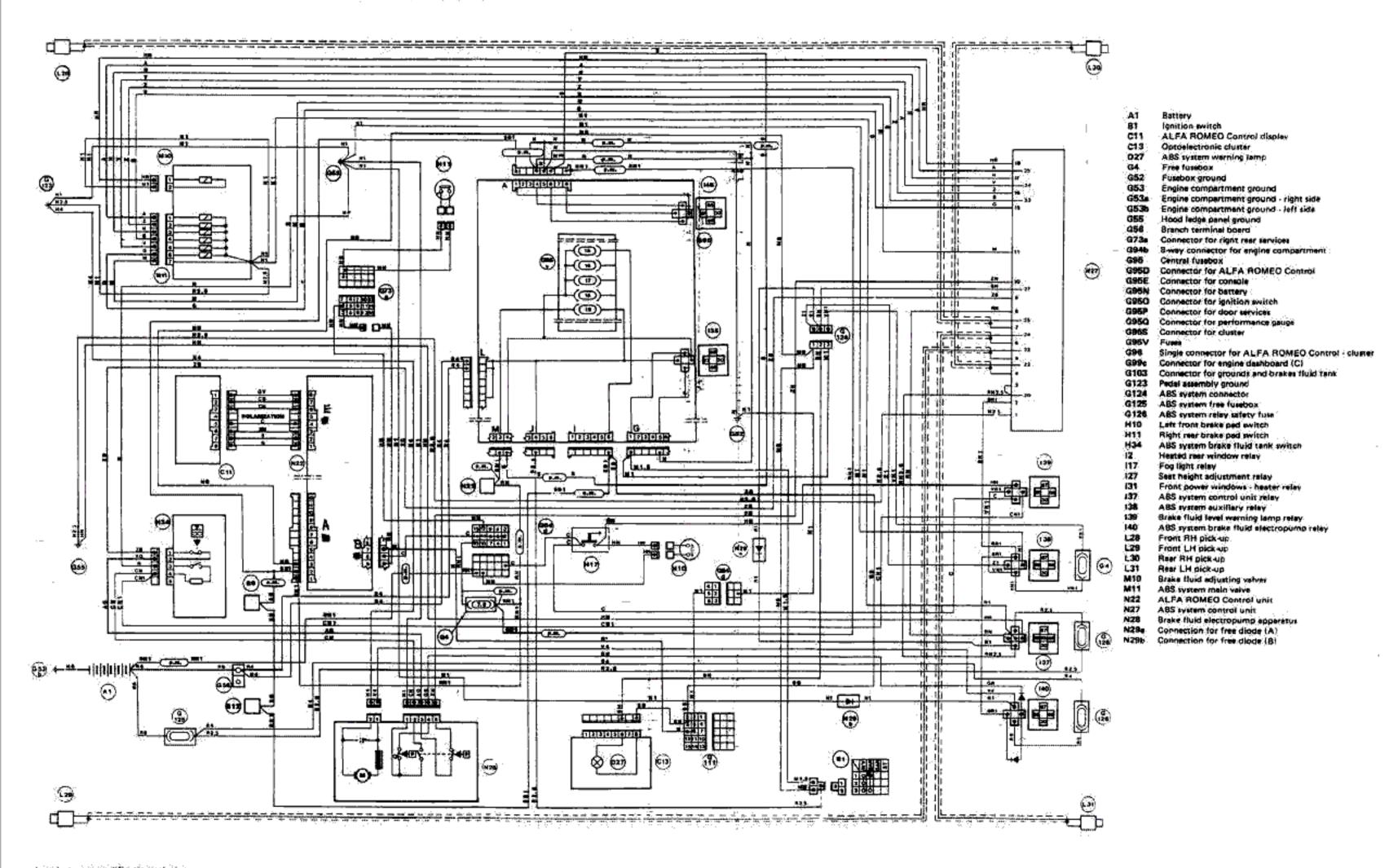


- 6. Resistance (4.1032)
- Microswitch FLS1; it sends a tank minimum oil level alarm to the A.R. CONTROL.
- Microswitch FLS2; it signals an excessive decrease in the tank brake fluid level to the ABS control unit.

- Disconnect the brake fluid tank connector.
- Remove the plug.
- Check that the level of the brake fluid in the tank reaches the MAX mark otherwise top up.



(ABS) MARK II WHEEL ANTILOCK SYSTEM WIRING DIAGRAM



SERVICE DATA AND SPECIFICATIONS

ENGINE MAINTENANCE

TECHNICAL DATA - CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

Engine unit

		Data
Valve clearance (cold)	enginis)	
Intake	மை (ம்)	0.475 to 0.500 (0.019 to 0.020)
Exhaust	min (in)	0.225 to 0.250 (0.009 to 0.010)
Alternator - pump bel	t tensioning	
Forced app to belt	lied N (lb; kg)	147 to 294 (33.1 to 66.1 15 to 30)
'Arrow'	-mm-(in)	16 (0:63)
Power steering pump tensioning	belt	
Force appli to belt	eď Ny(lib; ký)	147 to 294 (33.1 to 66.1; 15 to 30)
Arrow	mm (in)	13 (0.51)
Air conditioner comp	ressor	
Force appli to belt	ed N (ib. kg)	196 to 343 (44.1 to 77.2) 20 to 351
Arrow	róm (iri)	14 (0.55)

Fuel system

		Data	
Engine idle r.p.m. (gearbox in neutral - clutch engaged		950 ± 50 (1) 850 ± 50 (2)	
Exhaust CO percentage with idle r.p.m., upstream			
of catalytic converter, with			
Lambda sensor discon		0.5 to 0.7 (3)	
nected	%rinivisi:	0.5 to 0.9 (4)	
	kPa .	245.4	
Fuel delivery	bar	2,5	
pressure	kg/cm ²	2.5	
	p.s.i.	35.6	
	kPa	250	
Fuel system tightness	bar	2.5	
test pressure	kg/cm ²	2.55	
7 (. 7°)	p.s.i	36.3	

- (1) For 2500 engine: Over 1200 m (4000 ft) A.S.L. is acceptable 800 to 900 r.p.m.
- (2) For 3000 engine: Over 1200 m (4000 ft) A.S.L. is acceptable 700 to 900 r.p.m.
- (3) For 2500 engine
- (4) For 3000 engine

Cooling system

Test pressure		Dets
Pressure relief valve adjustment.	kea bar kg/cm² p.s.i.	68.6 ± 9.8 0.686 ± 0.098 0.7 ± 0.1 9.96 ± 1,42
Hydraulic system	kPa bar kg/cm ² p.s.t.	107.9 1.08 1.1 15.66

Ignition

Timing (1)		Data
Static advance	r(p.m)	950 ± 50 (3) 850 ± 50 (4)
	advance degrees (2)	2°±1°(3) 7°±1°(4)

- Timing values must be measured with vacuum advance calibrator tube disconnected
- (2) Before T.D.C.
- 13) For 2500 engine (019.11)
- (4) For 3000 engine (061.24)

FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS

Refer to: Fluids and Lubricants Layout - Recommended Fuel and Lubricants - Approximate Refill Capacities

WHEELS AND TIRES

For tire pressure, refer to paragraph "Wheels and Tires"

TIGHTENING TORQUES

Unit of measurement	Nim (ftilb.kg·m)
ltem:	iżcim nelińtia int
TIGHTENING OF CYLINDER HEAD NUTS (*)	
A) On reassembly	
- cold engine Nuts	88.5 to 97.8 (65 to 72.3; 9 to 10)
B). After 1000 km (621 mi.)	
- cold engine Nuts	97.8 to 108.2 (72.3 to 79.8; 10 to 11
Nuts securing camshaft caps (1)	16 to 18 (11.8 to 13,2; 1.6 to 1.8)
Spark plugs sightening (3)	25 to 34 (18 to 25; 2:5 to 3.5)
Nut securing camehaft from hop	97 to 117 (71 to 86: 9.9 to 11.9)
Coolant temperature transmitter on thermoster housing (2)	20 to 25 (15 to 18; 2 to 2.5)

^(*) During first free coupon operation, proceed as per step B

^{-{1}. . .} In oil.

⁽²⁾ With antiseize R. GORI: Never Seez-

⁽³⁾ In oil: ISECO Molykote A

MAINTENANCE OF MECHANICAL COMPONENTS AND BODY

TECHNICAL DATA - CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

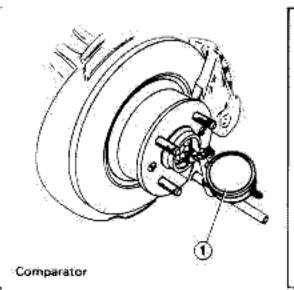
Axles and Suspension

		Data
Vehicle static load diagram (1)	N (ib; kg)	A + B = 490 + 245 = 735 (110 + 55 = 165 : 50 + 25 = 75)
Front height	min (in)	E = B - A = 44 ±5 (1.73 ±0.19)
Rear height	mm (in) mm (in)	$C = 13 \pm 5 (0.51 \pm 0.19)$ $T = 83 \pm 5 (3.27 \pm 0.19)$
Front toe out (2) Front toe out angle	mm/(in)	E-D=1±1(9.66±0.040" a=9: .05"
Wheel rim diameter	.mm (in)-	Ø = 390 (15.4)
Rear toe in angle Tie rod length		a = 0°±10' G = H
Front camber angle (2) Rear camber angle (2)		$\beta = -30^{\circ} \pm 30^{\circ}$ $\beta = 0^{\circ} \pm 30^{\circ}$
Front caster angle (2) Max steering lock (2)		$\gamma = 4^{\circ}30^{\circ} \pm 30^{\circ}$ $\delta = 30^{\circ}$

- 11). After loading, move car up and down to settle suspension. Suspension height is to be carried out with vehicle in running order,
- 12) Values referring to vehicle in nominal height, corresponding to static load.

Front wheel hub bearing clearance check (*)

- Slacken into securing front wheel concerned.
- b. Raise the front of the vehicle and rest it on stands, remove the wheel.
- c. Remove hub cover.
- d. Install a comparator on a magnetic base (or suitable tool) so that it touches the steering knuckle axis (preload the comparator to 1 mm (0.04 in)).



 Move the wheel hub axially (back and forth) and read the clearance indicated on the comparator.

This clearance should come within specified values.

Front hub bearing clearance: G = 0.02 thru 0.12 (0.00079 thru 0.00472 in)

(*) Vehicle equipped with (ABS) MARK II wheel antilock braking system.

Braking system

			Data
Front disc brakes	Disc min thickness	mm (in)	20 (0.787)
Rear disc brakes	Disc min, thickness	mm (in)	8 (0.315)
Parking brake	Number of notches available on gear before wheel locking	scroll	-4 to 6*-
Air gap between impl	ulse pick-up and impulse emitting wi	heel (front and rear)(1)	₹ *).

^{(1).} For vehicles equipped with (ABS) MARK II wheel anti-lock braking system.

FLUIDS AND LUBRICANTS

Refer to: Fluids and Lubricants Layout - Recommended Fuel and Lubricants - Approximate Refrii Capacities.

TIGHTENING TORQUES

Unit of measurement	Sec. 146. 11. 1
item.	Nom. (ft;lb ; kg-m)
Clutch system hase unions	10 to 15 (7:4 to 11 , 1 to 1.5)
Clutch system pipe unions	8 to 10 (5:9 to 7:4 ; 0.8 to 1)
Wheel hub nut; first-tightening,	20 to 24 (15 to 18 ; 2 to 2;5)
Wheel hub nut; second tightening	5 to 10 (3.7 to 7.4 ; 0.5 to 1)
Brake system pipe unions	10 to 12 17.4 to 8.8 ; 1 to 1.2
Brake system hose unions	10 to 15 (7.4 to 11.; 1 to 1.5)
Screw adjusting air gap between impulse pick-up and impulse emitting wheel (front and rear) (1)	2.4 to 3.(1:.7 to:2.2; 0.24 to 0:3):
Locknut securing ball joint to steering rod	54 to 88,140 to 65; 5:5 to 92:
Seat betts securing screws	28 to 44 (20.5 to 32 ; 2.8 to 4.4)

⁽¹⁾ For vehicles equipped with (ABS) MARK II wheel anti-lock braking system.

^(*) See: Group 22 - Service Data and Specifications - Checks and Adjustments.

SPECIAL SERVICE TOOLS

Tool P.N.	Name	Page ref:	
A(2:0075)	Support to racking up car		00-85
A.2.0361	Tool for cotating camshaft and auxiliary control pulleys.	3-0	00-23 00-24 00-27 00-28
A/2.0363	Pin för stopping bels - tensioner device		00-26 00-28
A.2.0441	Hydraulic circuit pressure gauge (ABS MARK II system) 200 bar		00-93/1
A.3.0521	Puller for camshaft pulley		00-23 00-27
A. 4.0146	Auter for suspension height check		00-83
A:4.01,49	Tool for suspension height check		00-83
A.4.0151	Probe for syspension height check		00-83
A.5.0212	Wrench manifold gas pick-up plug		00-31

COMPLETE CAR

Tool P.N.	N.	mie .	Page ref.
A.5.0220	Combined 3 mm and 11 mm wrench to adjusting exhaust side tappets	· Company	
A.5.0264	Wrench, Lambde sensor		00-36
Ć.1.0108™	Dial gauge for checking valve caps		00-23
Ç.11.0132	Universal instrument for electronic system diagnosis	9 9 9	00. 9 3/ 00. 9 3/
C.1::0133	Interface for ABS MARK II		00.93 00.93 00.93
C:2.9051	Connection, manifold gas pick-up plug		.00-33
C.6.0183 ⁻ .	Tool for checking T.D.C.		00-24 00-26
C.6.0197	Curved fealer gauge for checking valve clearance		00-22
C.5.0198	30 mm travel dial gauge (to be used with C.6.0183)		00-24
C 9 0033	Connection cable between C.1.0132 and C.1.0133		00-93 00-93/6

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